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#### Abstract

The Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS) is conducted through questionnaires mailed to teachers, principals, and district administrators in a sample of the nation's public and private schools. First conducted in 1987-88, the SASS is now planned for every 5 years, with a teacher followup 1 year after each SASS. The SASS provides data on the country's elementary and secondary teaching force, teacher supply and demand, teacher workplace conditions, school administrators, and school policies and practices. A major purpose of the survey is to provide reliable and comparable state-level statistics on school and educator characteristics. The 1993-94 SASS drew a stratified probability sample of approximately 13,000 schools ( 9,330 public and 3,500 private), 65,600 teachers (52,000 public and 13,000 private), and 5,600 public school districts. This report focuses on public schools, highlighting some state-by-state data to inform state and local educators of policy and program issues they face. Five appendixes provide state estimates from SASS, standard errors for tables, background information, data collection information, and definitions of terms used in the report. (Contains 73 tables and 92 figures.) (SLD)


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# NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS 

# SASS by State 

## 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Selected State Results



- Points of view or opinions stated in this Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily rep
official OERI position or policy.


## SASS by State

## 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Selected State Results



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In the 1987-88 school year, the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) launched a new survey to obtain comprehensive, reliable data on the characteristics and condition of the nation's elementary and secondary schools and the teachers and administrators in these schools. The Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS) is conducted through questionnaires mailed to teachers, principals, and district administrators in a sample of the nation's public and private schools. It was conducted again in 1990-91 and 1993-94, and is now planned to be conducted at 5 -year intervals in the future. In addition, 1 year after each SASS, a subsample of SASS teachers is selected for the SASS Teacher Follow-up Survey.

SASS is designed to provide data on the nation's elementary and secondary teaching force, teacher supply and demand, teacher workplace conditions, school administrators, and school policies and practices. A major purpose of SASS is to provide comparable, reliable state-level statistics on the characteristics of schools and educators. The sample is designed to provide both national and state estimates of schools, districts, teachers, and principals.

The 1993-94 SASS, like the 1987-88 SASS, drew a stratified probability sample of approximately 13,000 schools ( 9,300 public and 3,500 private); 65,600 teachers ( 52,000 public and 13,000 private); and 5,600 public school districts. The survey is conducted by mail with telephone follow-up. ${ }^{1}$

## Purpose of SASS by State

NCES officials recognize a need to better inform the states about the uses of the survey results at the state level. Some of the data collected through the SASS questionnaires are reported by NCES, and the data files are further analyzed by education researchers. However, many policymakers and educators are not aware of the potential of SASS for informing education issues at the state level. In an effort to bridge this gap, NCES initiated the SASS by State reports starting with the 1990-91 SASS.

SASS by State, 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Selected Results focuses on public schools. It highlights some state-by-state statistics for the public school system that can be produced from the SASS data. The specific survey items were selected for this publication to illustrate how SASS can provide data to inform policy, funding, and program issues faced by many state and local education decisionmakers. SASS by State: 1993-94 demonstrates the range of data collected through SASS, but it highlights only a subset of the data that are available. The tables and graphs illustrate a state's current status relative to other states. These examples of analyses with SASS may suggest further analyses with other combi-

1. See the Technical Notes in Appendix D for more information on the SASS design.

nations of SASS items. ${ }^{2}$
For states, one of the strengths of SASS is the capacity to report and analyze cross-tabulations of multiple variables, such as the percentage of math teachers who are women, and to compare a state's percentage with other states and the nation. The graphs and tables included in SASS by State display a variety of crosstabulations of SASS items from the teacher, school, administrator, and district questionnaires.
This report comprises five sections. Section 1 contains information about the schools and student population. Section 2 focuses on the characteristics of teachers and school principals. Section 3 emphasizes the qualification of teachers. Section 4 describes conditions for teaching. And Section 5 introduces representative information on libraries/media centers across states. The introduction to each of the five sections summarizes data available from SASS and highlights specific data displayed in SASS by State. The bar graphs and maps following each table can be copied as overhead transparencies or hand-outs for presentations comparing a state's data with other states or the nation. They illustrate state statistics reported in the corresponding table. ${ }^{3}$
The appendices provide state estimates from SASS used to produce the statistics in the tables; standard errors for tables; and background information on the SASS sample, data collection, and definitions of the terms used in this report.
Because all of the statistics in the tables and figures are based on responses from a sample of teachers or administrators, the standard error tables should be consulted to determine the degree of confidence that can be placed on any given statistic. See the Technical Notes in Appendix D for further explanation of standard errors.
2. Refer to Appendix E for more information about additional SASS data resources and reports available.
3. The categories in the maps and the number at the end of each bar have been defined based on the corresponding number in the table, and they may differ because of rounding.


Each state school system must address the particular educational needs of young people in its state. Although school systems in all states aim to prepare young people to become effective and productive members of the American community, putting that aim into practice requires sensitivity to cultural and geographical variations among the states. The environments for learning in large central city schools and small rural schools are quite different. The distributions of minority students and of poverty affect the need for special strategies and programs.

# Examples of SASS Analyses 

Not all states have the same percentages of elementary, secondary, and combined schools. ${ }^{1}$ Table 1.1 and figure 1.1 show this variation. However, there is much wider variation in the percentages of schools (and students) in central cities, suburbs, towns, and rural settings, as shown in tables 1.2-1.3 and figures 1.2-1.4. Table 1.4 and figures 1.5 and 1.6 display the distribution of public school students according to the level of minority enrollment. The percentages of students in each state who are black, Hispanic, Asian, and Native American/Alaska Native are shown in tables 1.5 and figures 1.7-1.11. The relations between percentages of minority students, teachers, and principals are shown in table 1.6 , while the variation in minority enrollment according to the type of community is addressed in table 1.7 and figure 1.12 .
Table 1.8 and figure 1.13 show a wide variation in the average size of elementary, secondary, and combined schools among states; and table 1.9 and figures 1.14 and 1.15 show the variation in student/teacher ratios among states.

Tables 1.10-1.15 and figures 1.16-1.21 focus on categorical programs in the schools. Variation in participation in Chapter 1 services is shown in table 1.10 and figures 1.16-1.18, and variation in participation in the national free and reduced-price lunch program is shown in table 1.11. Tables 1.12-1.15 and figures 1.19-1.21 show the prevalence of extended day programs in elementary and combined schools in different states, overall and in urban and rural, large and small schools, and in schools with high and low minority enrollment. Finally, tables 1.16-1.18 and figures 1.21-1.26 show variations in average teacher perceptions that physical conflicts among students and weapons possession are moderate or serious problems in their schools, overall and for elementary and secondary, large and small schools.

1. Refer to Appendix C for the definition of the elementary, secondary, and combined school categories.

Other Data Available in SASS SASS by State highlights only some of the state-level comparisons that can be made using SASS. Characteristics of the teachers in these schools and the classes they teach can be matched to these school and student characteristics to assess the services being provided by schools. Additional questions about differential needs for and uses of extended-day programs can be answered by further analyses of the SASS data. Perceptions of the conditions of teaching, salaries and satisfaction of teachers, perceptions by principals and teachers of the seriousness of over a dozen potential problems in schools, ranging from tardiness and student apathy to alcohol and crime, can be compared to variations in services provided to students, including those mentioned in this chapter as well as others, including special education and services for students with limited English proficiency.

## Table 1.1 Percentage of Public Schools by Level of School, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


## Figure1.1 Percentage of Elementary Schools Among All Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Nationat Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Central city |  | Small Town |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 23.3 | 26.6 | 22.7 | 27.4 |
| Alabama | 20.1 | 25.1 | 26.2 | 28.6 |
| Alaska | 14.3 | 1.6 | 22.0 | 62.1 |
| Arizona | 45.9 | 16.1 | 24.3 | 13.6 |
| Arkansas | 15.6 | 6.6 | 39.0 | 38.7 |
| California | 30.4 | 44.4 | 17.2 | 8.0 |
| Colorado | 23.3 | 36.3 | 17.3 | 23.1 |
| Connecticut | 30.0 | 34.5 | 28.6 | 6.9 |
| Delaware | 9.2 | 39.6 | 16.6 | 34.6 |
| District of Columbia | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 47.1 | 34.5 | 5.0 | 13.4 |
| Georgia | 21.3 | 29.1 | 27.2 | 22.5 |
| Hawaii | 36.1 | 50.4 | 3.7 | 9.9 |
| Idaho | 8.9 | 17.6 | 26.9 | 46.6 |
| Illinois | 24.5 | 34.6 | 16.1 | 24.7 |
| Indiana | 23.5 | 22.1 | 30.8 | 23.5 |
| lowa | 17.1 | 8.7 | 26.3 | 47.9 |
| Kansas | 11.2 | 9.1 | 12.5 | 67.2 |
| Kentucky | 13.9 | 15.0 | 34.4 | 36.7 |
| Louisiana | 29.8 | 16.3 | 30.1 | 23.8 |
| Maine | 7.9 | 6.8 | 44.4 | 40.9 |
| Maryland | 15.8 | 59.8 | 7.5 | 16.9 |
| Massachusetts | 24.0 | 49.4 | 19.2 | 7.3 |
| Michigan | 20.1 | 31.6 | 21.0 | 27.3 |
| Minnesota | 7.6 | 20.7 | 21.7 | 50.0 |
| Mississippi | 10.5 | 15.3 | 33.1 | 41.1 |
| Missouri | 11.1 | 27.8 | 21.8 | 39.3 |
| Montana | 6.5 | 5.4 | 18.7 | 69.4 |
| Nebraska | 6.8 | 4.1 | 24.6 | 64.4 |
| Nevada | 45.3 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 32.9 |
| New Hampshire | 13.1 | 7.6 | 50.0 | 29.3 |
| New Jersey | 14.7 | 62.3 | 16.1 | 7.0 |
| New Mexico | 16.8 | 18.9 | 31.4 | 32.9 |
| New York | 34.0 | 30.0 | 25.0 | 10.9 |
| North Carolina | 25.2 | 11.2 | 26.8 | 36.8 |
| North Dakota | 11.0 | 5.5 | 11.6 | 71.9 |
| Ohio | 22.7 | 29.9 | 16.2 | 31.1 |
| Oklahoma | 15.7 | 14.2 | 23.2 | 46.9 |
| Oregon | 19.3 | 40.3 | 21.1 | 19.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 15.3 | 32.7 | 43.9 | 8.1 |
| Rhode Island | 28.4 | 48.2 | 20.7 | 2.7 |
| South Carolina | 18.4 | 17.0 | 34.1 | 30.5 |
| South Dakota | 4.2 | 2.8 | 14.6 | 78.4 |
| Tennessee | 23.7 | 23.6 | 30.4 | 22.3 |
| Texas | 37.7 | 14.3 | 23.9 | 24.1 |
| Utah | 21.1 | 37.8 | 20.2 | 20.9 |
| Vermont | 3.3 | - | 48.7 | 48.0 |
| Virginia | 26.2 | 27.4 | 13.8 | 32.7 |
| Washington | 27.4 | 28.8 | 16.6 | 27.2 |
| West Virginia | 15.0 | 12.8 | 22.5 | 49.7 |
| Wisconsin | 22.5 | 12.9 | 21.4 | 43.1 |
| Wyoming | 7.5 | 8.9 | 40.7 | 42.9 |

Figure 1.2 Percentage of
Public Schools
in Small Town/Rural
Areas,
by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.3 Percentage of Public Schools in Small Town/Rural

Areas, by State: 1993-94


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics Schools and Staffing Survey; 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

## Table 1.3 Percentage of Public School Students by Community Type, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| , tu | Central B City | Urban Fringe/ Large Town | Small <br> Town | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 29.1 | 32.4 | 21.5 | 16.9 |
| Alabama | 20.1 | 30.3 | 24.1 | 25.5 |
| Alaska | 34.8 | 6.0 | 35.2 | 24.1 |
| Arizona | 55.3 | 19.6 | 19.0 | 6.1 |
| Arkansas | 22.0 | 8.3 | 43.6 | 26.1 |
| California | 31.8 | 49.8 | 14.3 | 4.1 |
| Colorado | 28.2 | 41.3 | 16.8 | 13.8 |
| Connecticut | 32.6 | 34.8 | 27.9 | 4.7 |
| Delaware | 12.0 | 41.9 | 12.1 | 33.9 |
| District of Columbia | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 48.6 | 36.4 | 4.8 | 10.2 |
| Georgia | 19.7 | 32.0 | 28.9 | 19.5 |
| Hawaii | 31.6 | 53.7 | 3.5 | 11.3 |
| Idaho | 13.2 | 26.5 | 31.9 | 28.4 |
| Illinois | 32.2 | 42.1 | 13.2 | 12.5 |
| Indiana | 23.4 | 26.9 | 28.7 | 21.0 |
| lowa | 30.0 | 12.4 | 26.3 | 31.3 |
| Kansas | 12.0 | 16.2 | 15.3 | 56.5 |
| Kentucky | 17.5 | 16.8 | 36.6 | 29.1 |
| Louisiana | 32.1 | 19.1 | 30.3 | 18.6 |
| Maine | 12.6 | 8.4 | 52.1 | 26.8 |
| Maryland | 13.9 | 64.6 | 7.0 | 14.4 |
| Massachusetts | 24.7 | 45.8 | 20.6 | 8.8 |
| Michigan | 21.0 | 37.6 | 20.3 | 21.0 |
| Minnesota | 10.9 | 33.4 | 24.1 | 31.5 |
| Mississippi | 11.4 | 20.0 | 33.0 | 35.6 |
| Missouri | 12.5 | 39.9 | 20.4 | 27.3 |
| Montana | 17.2 | 10.7 | 35.3 | 36.8 |
| Nebraska | 22.2 | 10.8 | 25.5 | 41.5 |
| Nevada | 55.9 | 9.5 | 12.1 | 22.5 |
| New Hampshire | 20.6 | 9.4 | 54.5 | 15.5 |
| New Jersey | 18.6 | 59.0 | 16.1 | 6.3 |
| New Mexico | 28.0 | 24.6 | 33.5 | 13.9 |
| New York | 43.5 | 27.9 | 19.7 | 8.9 |
| North Carolina | 27.5 | 14.0 | 26.3 | 32.1 |
| North Dakota | 24.7 | 12.1 | 20.7 | 42.4 |
| Ohio | 26.6 | 33.4 | 13.7 | 26.3 |
| Oklahoma | 21.1 | 25.5 | 25.7 | 27.8 |
| Oregon | 24.5 | 43.5 | 23.9 | 8.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 17.4 | 38.9 | 37.2 | 6.5 |
| Rhode Island | 30.5 | 46.0 | 20.3 | 3.2 |
| South Carolina | 17.1 | 24.8 | 37.9 | 20.1 |
| South Dakota | 12.7 | 6.6 | 31.3 | 49.3 |
| Tennessee | 27.1 | 22.7 | 29.3 | 20.8 |
| Texas | 45.8 | 18.9 | 22.7 | 12.5 |
| Utah | 21.0 | 45.1 | 17.8 | 16.0 |
| Vermont | 4.9 | 0.0 | 66.5 | 28.6 |
| Virginia | 33.2 | 30.5 | 12.4 | 23.9 |
| Washington | 29.5 | 39.2 | 15.9 | 15.3 |
| West Virginia | 18.5 | 14.8 | 25.1 . | 41.6 |
| Wisconsin | 34.4 | 14.9 | 23.5 | 27.2 |
| Wyoming | 14.0 | 16.0 | 50.1 | 19.9 |

Figure 1.4 Percentage of Public School Students in Small Towns/Rural Areas, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table 1.4 Percentage of Public School Students by Level of School Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.5 Percentage of Public School Students in Schools with 50\% or More Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


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Figure 1.6
Percentage of Public School Students in Schools with 50\% or More Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  |  | Black | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian | Total Minority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 67.3 | 16.3 | 11.9 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 32.7 |
| Alabama | 63.0 | 35.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 37.0 |
| Alaska | 66.0 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 23.9 | 34.0 |
| Arizona | 59.9 | 4.2 | 26.4 | 1.6 | 7.9 | 40.1 |
| Arkansas | 73.8 | 24.3 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 26.2 |
| California | 45.8 | 7.4 | 35.5 | 10.4 | 0.9 | 54.2 |
| Colorado | 74.3 | 4.7 | 17.7 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 25.7 |
| Connecticut | 75.7 | 13.5 | 8.3 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 24.3 |
| Delaware | 65.9 | 28.4 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 34.1 |
| District of Columbia | 1.5 | 91.6 | 5.8 | 0.9 | \# | 98.5 |
| Florida | 59.2 | 26.0 | 13.4 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 40.8 |
| Georgia | 59.4 | 37.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 40.6 |
| Hawaii | 21.6 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 71.7 | 0.6 | 78.4 |
| Idaho | 90.6 | 0.4 | 7.2 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 9.4 |
| lllinois | 67.8 | 20.2 | 9.9 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 32.2 |
| Indiana | 85.9 | 11.7 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 14.1 |
| lowa | 92.6 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 7.5 |
| Kansas | 84.6 | 7.4 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 15.4 |
| Kentucky | 90.9 | 8.2 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 9.1 |
| Louisiana | 51.2 | 45.8 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 48.8 |
| Maine | 97.7 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| Maryland | 58.7 | 35.4 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 41.3 |
| Massachusetts | 78.7 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 3.0 | 0.2 | 21.3 |
| Michigan | 79.2 | . 16.2 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 20.8 |
| Minnesota | 88.7 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 11.3 |
| Mississippi | 49.0 | 49.7 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 51.1 |
| Missouri | 81.9 | 15.2 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 18.1 |
| Montana | 86.5 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 11.2 | 13.6 |
| Nebraska | 92.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 7.2 |
| Nevada | 71.0 | 9.1 | 14.7 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 29.0 |
| New Hampshire | 96.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 3.3 |
| New Jersey | 65.7 | 16.7 | 13.4 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 34.3 |
| New Mexico | 39.9 | 2.4 | 46.4 | 1.2 | 10.0 | 60.1 |
| New York | 57.9 | 18.6 | 16.7 | 6.3 | 0.4 | 42.1 |
| North Carolina | 65.8 | 30.8 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 34.2 |
| North Dakota | 91.4 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 6.0 | 8.6 |
| Ohio | 84.2 | 13.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 15.8 |
| Oklahoma | 71.6 | 11.0 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 13.0 | 28.4 |
| Oregon | 86.3 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 13.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 79.9 | 16.2 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 20.1 |
| Rhode Island | 79.3 | 7.7 | 8.6 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 20.7 |
| South Carolina | 55.9 | 42.1 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 44.1 |
| South Dakota | 87.8 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 10.6 | 12.2 |
| Tennessee | 75.0 | 23.8 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 25.0 |
| Texas | 50.6 | 12.2 | 35.2 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 49.5 |
| Utah | 91.1 | 0.7 | 4.5 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 8.9 |
| Vermont | 96.8 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 3.2 |
| Virginia | 70.2 | 23.9 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 0.1 | 29.8 |
| Washington | 79.7 | 4.2 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 2.6 | 20.3 |
| West Virginia | 95.6 | 3.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 4.4 |
| Wisconsin | 82.2 | 11.3 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 17.8 |
| Wyoming | 89.9 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 10.1 |



Figure 1.7
Percentage of Public School Students Who Are Black, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.8 Percentage of Public School Students Who Are Hispanic by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)



#### Abstract

Figure 1.9 Percentage of Public School Students Who Are American Indian/ Alaskan Native, by State: 1993-94


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.10 Percentage of Public School Students Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.11
Percentage of Public School Students Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94
(Public School Questionnaire)
$0 \%-<20 \%$
$20 \%-<50 \%$
50\% - 100\%

$\square=-<20 \%$
$\square$
$20 \%-<50 \%$
$50 \%-100 \%$

> Table 1.6 Percentage of Minority Students, Teachers, and Principals in Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School, Public School Teacher, and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

Table 1.7
Percentage of Public
School Students Who
Are Minority
by Community Type,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


| United States | 54.2 | 29.9 | 18.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 50.1 | 41.2 | 29.1 |
| Alaska | 29.4 | - | 38.3 |
| Arizona | 38.5 | 31.8 | 50.2 |
| Arkansas | 38.6 | - | 22.3 |
| California | 71.7 | 48.4 | 39.7 |
| Colorado | 42.9 | 20.9 | 16.3 |
| Connecticut | 52.5 | 16.5 | 4.3 |
| Delaware | - | 35.7 | 31.0 |
| District of Columbia | 98.5 | $\mathbf{\dagger}$ | $\mathbf{\dagger}$ |


| Florida | 44.7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Georgia | 66.2 |

Hawaii 83.8
Idaho
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Illinois } & 68.8 \\ \text { Indiana } & 34.8\end{array}$
lowa 16.4
$\begin{array}{llrr}\text { Kansas } & 42.8 & 18.0 & 10.3 \\ \text { Kentucky } & 20.9 & 16.1 & 4.2 \\ \text { Louisiana } & 66.3 & 41.1 & 40.3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llrr}\text { Maine } & - & - & 2.1 \\ \text { Maryland } & 73.5 & 43.6 & 13.5\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Massachusetts } & 40.0 & 17.1 & 12.2\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Michigan } & 60.7 & 16.7 & 4.4 \\ \text { Minnesota } & - & 15.1 & 5.9\end{array}$

| Mississippi | 70.0 | 46.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Missouri | - | 28.7 | 4.3 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Montana | 10.0 | 6.8 | 15.4 |


| Nebraska | 14.5 | - | 4.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nevada } & 34.7 \\ \text { New Hampshire } & -\end{array}$
New Jersey 74.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { New Mexico } & 60.2 \\ \text { New York } & 78.6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llrr}\text { North Carolina } & 38.3 & 33.7 & 72.8 \\ & 7.1 & 32.4\end{array}$

| North Dakota | 7.1 | - | 9.8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ohio | 34.3 | $\mathbf{1 4 . 5}$ |  |


| Oklahoma | 33.4 | 29.4 | 26.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Oregon | 18.8 | 10.4 | 14.1 |


| Pennsylvania | 52.8 | 23.3 | 4.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

11.1 -
$36.2 \quad 45.7$

- -13.8
$11.8 \quad 11.3$
$37.7 \quad 39.3$
$7.0 \quad 7.1$
+ 2.9
$22.2 \quad 21.8$
16.1 . 16.9
$2.8 \quad 3.6$
12.5 . 3.6
$16.3 \quad 9.6$

Figure 1.12
Percentage of Public School Students Who Are Minority in Small Town/Rural Areas, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 19993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table 1.8 Average Enrollment of Public Elementary, Secondary, and Combined Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| $\cdots$ \% | Elementary Schools $\qquad$ | Secondary Schools $\qquad$ | Combined Schools |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 463 | 700 | 318 |
| Alabama | 509 | 750 | 664 |
| Alaska | 395 | 452 | 75 |
| Arizona | 545 | 1,003 | - |
| Arkansas | 413 | 438 | - |
| California | 608 | 884 | 231 |
| Colorado | 437 | 560 | - |
| Connecticut | 458 | 604 | - |
| Delaware | 618 | 899 | - |
| District of Columbia | 404 | 744 | - |
| Florida | 760 | 1,142 | 443 |
| Georgia | 594 | 1,094 | 754 |
| Hawaii | 630 | 1,247 | - |
| Idaho | 344 | 485 | - |
| Illinois | 390 | 677 | 195 |
| Indiana | 436 | 777 | - |
| lowa | 293 | 378 | - |
| Kansas | 267 | 361 | - |
| Kentucky | 492 | 691 | - |
| Louisiana | 521 | 722 | 367 |
| Maine | 260 | 382 | - |
| Maryland | 538 | 1,108 | - |
| Massachusetts | 378 | 773 | - |
| Michigan | 421 | 682 | 212 |
| Minnesota | 430 | 568 | - |
| Mississippi | 507 | 618 | 676 |
| Missouri | 372 | 644 | 193 |
| Montana | 212 | 174 | - |
| Nebraska | 142 | 315 | - |
| Nevada | 607 | 792 | - |
| New Hampshire | 346 | 571 | - |
| New Jersey | 428 | 854 | 134 |
| New Mexico | 402 | 752 | - |
| New York | 567 | 1,049 | 425 |
| North Carolina | 497 | 862 | - |
| North Dakota | 179 | 237 | - |
| Ohio | 410 | 751 | - |
| Oklahoma | 334 | 320 | - |
| Oregon | 351 | 587 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 505 | 800 | - |
| Rhode Island | 384 | 680 | - |
| South Carolina | 516 | 796 | - |
| South Dakota | 246 | 161 | - |
| Tennessee | 467 | 815 | 560 |
| Texas | 536 | 789 | 171 |
| Utah | 567 | 990 | 169 |
| Vermont | 230 | 553 | - |
| Virginia | 510 | 795 | - |
| Washington | 459 | 677 | - |
| West Virginia | 277 | 590 | - |
| Wisconsin | 394 | 568 | - |
| Wyoming | 218 | 318 | + |

## Schools and Students

Figure 1.13 Average Enrollment of Public Secondary Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


## Table 1.9 Public School Student/Teacher Ratios by Grades, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

| 43, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 16.9 | 17.0 | 28.7 |
| Alabama | 16.7 | 17.3 | 18.8 |
| Alaska | 16.1 | 16.0 | 17.8 |
| Arizona | 19.1 | 19.7 | 32.8 |
| Arkansas | 15.7 | 16.0 | 17.1 |
| California | 24.0 | 25.4 | 28.6 |
| Colorado | 17.4 | 17.2 | 38.5 |
| Connecticut | 13.5 | 13.6 | 31.0 |
| Delaware | 15.5 | 15.3 | 40.7 |
| District of Columbia | 12.5 | 11.0 | 41.2 |
| Florida | 17.6 | 18.0 | 24.8 |
| Georgia | 16.4 | 17.0 | 21.1 |
| Hawaii | 17.5 | 16.7 | 35.4 |
| Idaho | 19.2 | 19.0 | 39.8 |
| Illinois | 16.4 | 16.2 | 34.3 |
| Indiana | 17.4 | 17.0 | 36.5 |
| lowa | 15.0 | 14.8 | 27.4 |
| Kansas | 14.9 | 14.6 | 32.3 |
| Kentucky | 16.2 | 15.7 | 32.2 |
| Louisiana | 17.1 | 18.1 | 20.7 |
| Maine | 13.3 | 13.3 | 27.7 |
| Maryland | -17.1 | 16.4 | 37.7 |
| Massachusetts | 14.7 | 14.7 | 31.4 |
| Michigan | 18.9 | 18.7 | 42.3 |
| Minnesota | 16.8 | 16.6 | 38.0 |
| Mississippi | 17.5 | 17.7 | 23.7 |
| Missouri | 15.3 | 15.9 | 24.3 |
| Montana | 14.9 | 14.8 | 28.4 |
| Nebraska | 13.6 | 13.5 | 26.0 |
| Nevada | 19.3 | 18.6 | 46.5 |
| New Hampshire | 15.0 | 14.6 | 35.5 |
| New Jersey | 13.1 | 13.2 | 30.1 |
| New Mexico | 17.5 | 18.6 | 32.0 |
| New York | 15.2 | 14.7 | 24.7 |
| North Carolina | 16.3 | 16.6 | 23.7 |
| North Dakota | 14.9 | 14.7 | 30.0 |
| Ohio | 17.1 | 16.9 | 38.5 |
| Oklahoma | 14.6 | 14.3 | 27.8 |
| Oregon | 19.0 | 19.3 | 39.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 16.4 | 16.1 | 39.4 |
| Rhode Island | 14.1 | 14.3 | 38.2 |
| South Carolina | 16.5 | 16.3 | 35.8 |
| South Dakota | 14.3 | 14.2 | 32.1 |
| Tennessee | 17.5 | 17.9 | 22.3 |
| Texas | 15.4 | 15.6 | 24.7 |
| Utah | 23.0 | 23.8 | 43.4 |
| Vermont | 12.9 | 12.6 | 27.5 |
| Virginia | 15.5 | 16.1 | 26.4 |
| Washington | 19.9 | 19.7 | 38.8 |
| West Virginia | 15.1 | 15.3 | 26.5 |
| Wisconsin | 14.9 | 14.6 | 33.4 |
| Wyoming | 14.8 | 15.5 | 35.0 |

Figure 1.14 Public School Student/Teacher Ratios, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


Figure 1.15
Public School
Student/Teacher
Ratios,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)
Table 1.10
Percentage of Public
Elementary and
Secondary Schools
Providing, and
Percentage of
Students Receiving,
Chapter I Services,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| \% $\times$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 70.7 | 35.6 | 18.1 | 6.1 |
| Alabama | 81.5 | 26.2 | 24.2 | - |
| Alaska | 49.6 | 14.8 | 9.8 | - |
| Arizona | 52.7 | 48.5 | 17.5 | 6.9 |
| Arkansas | 92.1 | 71.5 | 24.8 | 10.8 |
| California | 57.5 | 34.4 | 29.6 | 14.3 |
| Colorado | 57.9 | 21.1 | 7.9 | - |
| Connecticut | 70.4 | 36.8 | 9.2 | 3.9 |
| Delaware | 84.4 | - | 12.5 | - |
| District of Columbia | 71.0 | - | 36.5 | - |
| Florida | 53.8 | 14.7 | 15.2 | - |
| Georgia | 65.8 | 23.0 | 18.1 | 2.5 |
| Hawaii | 49.2 | - | 12.4 | - |
| Idaho | 86.4 | 60.7 | 12.1 | 6.3 |
| Illinois | 75.3 | 35.7 | 14.5 | 6.3 |
| Indiana | 73.7 | 23.4 | 11.4 | 1.6 |
| lowa | 82.8 | 29.1 | 12.7 | - |
| Kansas | 69.3 | 19.7 | 12.3 | - |
| Kentucky | 69.3 | 44.7 | 17.7 | 5.5 |
| Louisiana | 65.4 | 8.7 | 21.5 | - |
| Maine | 88.1 | 25.9 | 16.7 | - |
| Maryland | 40.2 | 1.8 | 12.6 | - |
| Massachusetts | 76.8 | 31.8 | 14.3 | 3.7 |
| Michigan | 73.1 | 43.6 | 16.9 | 7.3 |
| Minnesota | 81.0 | 34.7 | 13.3 | - |
| Mississippi | 92.8 | 60.9 | 32.0 | 19.5 |
| Missouri | 68.7 | 30.2 | 16.8 | - |
| Montana | 68.1 | 72.6 | 13.2 | 10.0 |
| Nebraska | 48.5 | 51.6 | 12.2 | 3.4 |
| Nevada | 44.7 | - | 6.7 | - |
| New Hampshire | 80.1 | 50.6 | 11.9 | - |
| New Jersey | 77.1 | 47.0 | 16.1 | 9.2 |
| New Mexico | 76.7 | 55.3 | 21.7 | 6.2 |
| New York | 84.9 | 63.6 | 27.1 | 10.9 |
| North Carolina | 78.0 | 21.7 | 16.6 | - |
| North Dakota | 78.9 | 64.7 | 12.7 | 7.0 |
| Ohio | 78.8 | 23.2 | 13.4 | 2.1 |
| Oklahoma | 81.0 | 59.1 | 13.2 | 7.5 |
| Oregon | 78.8 | 47.8 | 11.2 | 6.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 86.7 | 41.9 | 17.5 | 4.9 |
| Rhode Island | 62.7 | - | 9.6 | - |
| South Carolina | 60.3 | 16.6 | 15.5 | - |
| South Dakota | 72.3 | 57.2 | 14.6 | 8.4 |
| Tennessee | 72.3 | 10.2 | 20.8 | - |
| Texas | 64.4 | 26.6 | 18.3 | 9.4 |
| Utah | 60.9 | 27.1 | 13.0 | 5.0 |
| Vermont | 88.6 | - | 12.8 | - |
| Virginia | 70.8 | 4.8 | 11.5 | - |
| Washington | 63.2 | 33.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 |
| West Virginia | 70.5 | 24.8 | 17.8 | - |
| Wisconsin | 75.0 | 33.4 | 14.7 | 6.6 |
| Wyoming | 46.4 | 35.0 | 9.0 | 2.6 |

Figure 1.16 Percentage of Public Elementary Schools Providing Chapter I

Services,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.17 Percentage of Public Elementary School Students Receiving Chapter I Services, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


## Schools and Students

Figure 1.18
Percentage of Public Elementary School Students Receiving Chapter I Services, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table 1.11 $\begin{array}{r}\text { Percentage of } \\ \text { Public Elementary and } \\ \text { Secondary }\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}\text { Schools and Students } \\ \text { Participating in Free } \\ \text { or Reduced-Price } \\ \text { Lunch Programs, } \\ \text { by State: 1993-94 }\end{array}\right.$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table 1.12 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools With Available Extended-day Programs, and Percentage of Students Participating (in Schools Offering and Overall), by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

Figure 1.19 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools Reporting Available Extended-day Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Figure 1.20 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined School Students Participating in Extended-day Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table 1.13
Percentage of
Public Elementary and
Combined Schools
Reporting Available
Extended-day
Programs
by Community Type,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics.
Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Central City | Uriban Finge/ Large Town | Small Town/ Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 42.9 | 37.6 | 17.9 |
| Alabama | - | - | 23.5 |
| Alaska | 60.2 | - | 10.0 |
| Arizona | 78.5 | - | 24.7 |
| Arkansas | 72.4 | - | 3.6 |
| California | 51.1 | 39.3 | 16.8 |
| Colorado | - | 46.9 | 16.6 |
| Connecticut | - | 34.7 | 46.4 |
| Delaware | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | 57.4 | t | + |
| Florida | 60.2 | 50.2 | 52.2 |
| Georgia | 60.3 | 36.7 | 39.1 |
| Hawaii | 76.4 | 93.1 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | - | - | 15.0 |
| lilinois | 41.1 | 25.7 | 6.8 |
| Indiana | - | 77.0 | 46.4 |
| lowa | - | - | 7.2 |
| Kansas | - | - | 20.8 |
| Kentucky | 66.1 | - | 50.1 |
| Louisiana | 44.3 | 34.6 | 6.5 |
| Maine | - | - | 12.0 |
| Maryland | - | 56.6 | 46.3 |
| Massachusetts | - | 31.5 | - |
| Michigan | - | 36.6 | 10.9 |
| Minnesota | - | 65.7 | 28.2 |
| Mississippi | - | - | 9.5 |
| Missouri | 83.5 | 56.5 | 13.9 |
| Montana | - | - | 7.8 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 1.0 |
| Nevada | 60.0 | - | 34.4 |
| New Hampshire | - | - | 12.6 |
| New Jersey | - | 32.7 | - |
| New Mexico | - | - | 16.3 |
| New York | 36.2 | 44.3 | 7.6 |
| North Carolina | 63.5 | - | 46.2 |
| North Dakota | - | - | 6.7 |
| Ohio | 28.2 | - | 10.6 |
| Oklahoma | - | - | 13.0 |
| Oregon | - | 39.2 | 12.1 |
| Pennsylvania | - | 14.4 | 17.0 |
| Rhode Island | - | 5.9 |  |
| South Carolina | - | - | 34.7 |
| South Dakota | - | - | 2.7 |
| Tennessee | - | - | 21.5 |
| Texas | 39.3 | 27.6 | 9.7 |
| Utah | - | 2.3 | 14.3 |
| Vermont | - | + | 14.4 |
| Virginia | 46.0 | - | 3.3 |
| Washington | 47.6 | - | 9.1 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 6.0 |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 20.4 |
| Wyoming | - | - | 7.9 |

Figure 1.21 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools in Small Town/Rural Areas Reporting Available Extended-day Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


38
c
56

## Table 1.14 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools Reporting Available Extended-day Programs by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics: Schools and Staffing Surveÿ; 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


| United States | 13.7 | 37.6 | 33.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | - | 38.6 | 23.7 |
| Alaska | 6.8 | 32.8 | - |
| Arizona | - | 54.1 | 68.7 |
| Arkansas | - | 20.7 | - |
| California | 8.4 | 51.5 | 36.2 |
| Colorado | - | 35.3 | - |
| Connecticut | 0.0 | 42.1 |  |
| Delaware | - | - |  |
| District of Columbia | - | 66.2 | - |
| Florida | - | 70.1 | 49.5 |
| Georgia | - | 56.4 | 32.7 |
| Hawaii | - | 87.6 | 92.5 |
| Idaho | 12.2 | 19.8 | - |
| Illinois | 16.7 | 26.8 | - |
| Indiana | - | 45.7 | 64.0 |
| Iowa | 7.9 | 27.5 | - |
| Kansas | 21.3 | 28.4 | - |
| Kentucky | - | 56.0 | - |
| Louisiana | - | 22.7 | 28.1 |
| Maine | 13.8 | 15.2 | - |
| Maryland | - | 54.0 | 55.4 |
| Massachusetts | - | 40.0 | - |
| Michigan | 1.5 | 32.2 | - |
| Minnesota | - | 48.8 | - |
| Mississippi | - | 19.6 | 10.4 |
| Missouri | 24.3 | 44.1 | 64.4 |
| Montana | 9.3 | 19.0 | - |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | - | - |
| Nevada | 0.0 | 55.8 | 60.7 |
| New Hampshire | - | 15.0 | - |
| New Jersey | 11.3 | 45.7 | - |
| New Mexico | - | 32.5 | - |
| New York | 19.3 | 34.2 | 22.9 |
| North Carolina | - | 56.3 | 48.0 |
| North Dakota | 8.7 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | 33.9 | - |
| Oklahoma | 26.0 | 22.7 | - |
| Oregon | - | 46.0 |  |
| Pennsylvania | - | 23.6 | 10.9 |
| Rhode Island | - | 9.7 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 39.5 | - |
| South Dakota | 1.1 | - | - |
| Tennessee | - | 19.3 | 35.5 |
| Texas | 1.2 | 33.5 | 26.6 |
| Utah | 0.0 | 10.6 | 8.4 |
| Vermont | 9.6 | 23.5 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | - | 32.2 | 28.4 |
| Washington | - | 32.7 | - |
| West Virginia | 8.9 | - | - |
| Wisconsin | - | 31.9 | - |
| Wyoming | 5.3 | 31.4 | - |

Table 1.15 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools Reporting Available Extended-day Programs, by Level of Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 25.3 | 34.0 | 35.5 |
| Alabama | 20.7 | 34.2 | 36.6 |
| Alaska | 14.6 | 36.1 | 8.5 |
| Arizona | 63.3 | 44.7 | 56.7 |
| Arkansas | 15.7 | - | - |
| California | 43.2 | 31.7 | 39.8 |
| Colorado | 23.7 | 41.5 | - |
| Connecticut | 44.4 | - | - |
| Delaware | - | 22.2 | † |
| District of Columbia | $\dagger$ | + | 57.4 |
| Florida | 53.3 | 54.5 | 58.4 |
| Georgia | 38.6 | 38.2 | 51.7 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 86.1 |
| Idaho | 15.8 | - | - |
| Illinois | 11.5 | 32.7 | 41.3 |
| Indiana | 49.0 | - | - |
| lowa | 14.3 | - | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 20.7 | - | - |
| Kentucky | 55.1 | - | - |
| Louisiana | 16.1 | 9.0 | 32.6 |
| Maine | 14.6 | 0.0 | - |
| Maryland | 42.4 | 49.6 | 65.9 |
| Massachusetts | 23.2 | 66.3 | - |
| Michigan | 19.6 | - | - |
| Minnesota | 39.4 | - | - |
| Mississippi | - | 0.8 | 18.3 |
| Missouri | 30.3 | - | - |
| Montana | 13.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 5.2 | - | - |
| Nevada | 44.0 | 59.7 | - |
| New Hampshire | 15.3 | 0.0 | - |
| New Jersey | 27.1 | - | 49.5 |
| New Mexico | - | - | 27.6 |
| New York | 24.5 | - | 37.6 |
| North Carolina | 53.1 | 46.8 | 46.4 |
| North Dakota | 13.5 | - | - |
| Ohio | 23.5 | - | - |
| Oklahoma | 20.7 | 21.3 | 41.3 |
| Oregon | 29.6 | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | 14.6 | - | - |
| Rhode Island | 7.7 | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | 36.6 | - |
| South Dakota | 7.6 | - | 0. |
| Tennessee | 27.8 | - | - |
| Texas | 25.0 | 24.7 | 23.5 |
| Utah | 6.9 | - | - |
| Vermont | 13.0 | $\dagger$ | - |
| Virginia | 25.6 | - | - |
| Washington | 18.1 | - | - |
| West Virginia | 11.6 | - | - |
| Wisconsin | 24.3 | - | - |
| Wyoming | 12.5 | - | - |

Table 1.16 Percentage of Public Elementary and Secondary School Teachers Reporting Physical Conflicts Among Students and Weapons Possession as Moderate or Serious Problems in Their Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| Confilets <br> Contlicts <br> Weapons <br> Weapons In Elementary in Secondary fnelementary in secondary |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 29.9 | 39.9 | 3.4 | 20.3 |
| Alabama | 31.9 | 40.1 | 5.2 | 21.0 |
| Alaska | 36.8 | 31.7 | 2.6 | 20.7 |
| Arizona | 35.5 | 46.0 | 7.9 | 30.3 |
| Arkansas | 32.0 | 40.1 | 6.0 | 20.2 |
| California | 29.9 | 39.8 | 2.4 | 23.5 |
| Colorado | 34.1 | 35.7 | 1.5 | 18.3 |
| Connecticut | 21.5 | 36.1 | 2.9 | 19.1 |
| Delaware | 43.6 | 54.3 | 4.6 | 22.7 |
| District of Columbia | 54.6 | 52.2 | 5.4 | 33.4 |
| Florida | 35.1 | 57.6 | 2.3 | 34.1 |
| Georgia | 31.1 | 51.9 | 2.7 | 27.0 |
| Hawaii | 30.2 | 57.7 | 0.9 | 22.9 |
| Idaho | 29.1 | 36.7 | 2.4 | 13.3 |
| Illinois | 34.4 | 37.2 | 5.0 | 16.5 |
| Indiana | 31.0 | 31.5 | 2.7 | 11.9 |
| lowa | 24.7 | 28.9 | 0.8 | 10.4 |
| Kansas | 21.0 | 27.8 | 1.4 | 11.3 |
| Kentucky | 24.6 | 39.2 | 0.7 | 17.9 |
| Louisiana | 45.7 | 37.8 | 6.8 | 18.4 |
| Maine | 26.7 | 22.1 | 0.9 | 5.0 |
| Maryland | 29.4 | 56.0 | 1.5 | 22.3 |
| Massachusetts | 23.5 | 36.6 | 2.2 | 13.9 |
| Michigan | 33.4 | 33.4 | 6.6 | 12.8 |
| Minnesota | 28.2 | 30.7 | 3.3 | 11.7 |
| Mississippi | 33.2 | 40.5 | 6.9 | 22.5 |
| Missouri | 24.9 | 37.5 | 1.9 | 19.5 |
| Montana | 26.4 | 24.3 | 2.5 | 9.1 |
| Nebraska | 20.6 | 20.6 | 1.0 | 5.5 |
| Nevada | 44.5 | 44.7 | 4.1 | 27.9 |
| New Hampshire | 28.5 | 30.0 | 3.1 | 11.3 |
| New Jersey | 20.9 | 40.6 | 2.0 | 14.0 |
| New Mexico | 36.2 | 54.2 | 8.3 | 34.6 |
| New York | 34.2 | 46.5 | 6.7 | 23.5 |
| North Carolina | 26.3 | 41.0 | 5.3 | 25.1 |
| North Dakota | 18.8 | 14.5 | 1.0 | 4.3 |
| Ohio | 30.4 | 35.6 | 1.0 | 14.6 |
| Oklahoma | 33.9 | 31.9 | 4.4 | 14.7 |
| Oregon | 31.6 | 40.3 | 1.1 | 20.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 25.8 | 39.3 | 1.5 | 20.4 |
| Rhode Island | 28.5 | 46.8 | 3.1 | 19.1 |
| South Carolina | 34.5 | 48.6 | 4.3 | 25.0 |
| South Dakota | 20.0 | 20.7 | 2.6 | 7.2 |
| Tennessee | 23.9 | 36.7 | 2.7 | 17.0 |
| Texas | 26.0 | 44.7 | 4.1 | 29.9 |
| Utah | 33.9 | 36.7 | 5.8 | 17.0 |
| Vermont | 32.6 | 24.9 | 1.0 | 4.3 |
| Virginia | 26.3 | 39.6 | 3.4 | 21.5 |
| Washington | 41.2 | 40.4 | 1.9 | 24.4 |
| West Virginia | 17.8 | 29.0 | 0.5 | 10.1 |
| Wisconsin | 26.5 | 31.9 | 3.0 | 14.0 |
| Wyoming | 26.1 | 30.1 | 2.4 | 15.0 |

Figure 1.22
Percentage of Public Elementary School Teachers Reporting Weapons Possession as a Moderate or Serious Problem in Their Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 1.23 Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers Reporting Weapons Possession as a Moderate or Serious Problem in Their Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 1.24

## Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers Reporting Weapons Possession as a Moderate or Serious <br> Problem in Their Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


[^1]Table 1.17
Percentage of
Public Elementary
School Teachers
Reporting Physical
Conflicts Among
Students and
Weapons Possession as
Moderate or Serious
Problems in Their
$0 \quad$ Schools,
by Enrollment Size,
by State: $1993-94$ small: less than 300 students,
medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| United States | 23.4 | 27.7 | 35.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 31.3 | 35.1 | 28.0 | 10.1 | 4.7 | 5.5 |
| Alaska | 26.0 | 44.4 | 28.6 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 39.1 | 27.7 | 38.9 | 0.5 | 6.6 | 9.8 |
| Arkansas | 21.8 | 33.7 | 38.3 | 9.4 | 3.3 | 10.1 |
| California | 18.1 | 24.1 | 33.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 3.9 |
| Colorado | 24.3 | 35.1 | 43.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | - | 19.8 | 33.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 10.5 |
| Delaware | - | 36.8 | 50.5 | - | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| District of Columbia | - | 55.0 | - | 0.0 | 3.7 | - |
| Florida | 70.8 | 34.7 | 33.8 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 2.8 |
| Georgia | - | 33.8 | 30.0 | - | 2.3 | 3.6 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 25.7 | 31.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Idaho | 20.9 | 30.4 | 36.9 | 3.3 | 0.3 | 5.9 |
| Illinois | 28.1 | 33.5 | 38.8 | 0.2 | 6.9 | 3.7 |
| Indiana | 11.2 | 33.7 | 37.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 5.1 |
| lowa | 18.3 | 24.4 | - | 0.9 | 0.8 | - |
| Kansas | 17.7 | 19.7 | - | 1.5 | 0.8 | - |
| Kentucky | - | 28.8 | - | 0.0 | 0.2 | - |
| Louisiana | 42.2 | 39.6 | 56.4 | 4.3 | 8.8 | 6.4 |
| Maine | 28.0 | 26.3 | - | 0.3 | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | - | 25.3 | 35.5 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 25.5 | 16.0 | 41.7 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 8.4 |
| Michigan | 43.0 | 29.4 | - | 6.8 | 6.3 | - |
| Minnesota | 26.1 | 19.9 | 31.9 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 4.8 |
| Mississippi | 33.3 | 30.9 | 36.0 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 9.1 |
| Missouri | 22.2 | 31.1 | 15.3 | 0.9 | 3.3 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 21.9 | 31.6 | - | 4.1 | 1.3 | - |
| Nebraska | 18.1 | 33.2 | - | 0.8 | 2.1 | - |
| Nevada | - | 39.0 | 51.1 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 5.5 |
| New Hampshire | 25.3 | 33.2 | 23.7 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 4.6 |
| New Jersey | 17.6 | 19.2 | 24.7 | 0.3 | 2.3 | 0.9 |
| New Mexico | 25.1 | 42.2 | 26.6 | 2.9 | 10.5 | 6.3 |
| New York | 32:9 | 22.2 | 47.8 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 11.2 |
| North Carolina | 14.9 | 23.7 | 35.6 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 4.6 |
| North Dakota | 11.0 | 27.6 | 30.6 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Ohio | 17.9 | 29.3 | 40.7 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| Oklahoma | 28.8 | 34.3 | 45.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 8.3 |
| Oregon | 27.2 | 32.9 | - | 0.0 | 1.0 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 17.3 | 16.3 | 37.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Rhode island | 27.7 | 26.2 | 39.6 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 6.0 |
| South Carolina | - | 32.1 | 42.2 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 8.7 |
| South Dakota | 8.9 | 26.6 | 44.2 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 5.2 |
| Tennessee | 23.7 | 22.8 | 27.7 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 5.0 |
| Texas | 19.3 | 21.7 | 31.4 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 4.5 |
| Utah | 21.7 | 28.2 | 39.8 | 0.9 | 5.8 | 6.6 |
| Vermont | 32.6 | 29.2 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 21.7 | 27.2 | 26.1 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 4.5 |
| Washington | 38.1 | 43.9 | 34.1 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 13.0 | 25.4 | - | 0.8 | 0.0 | - |
| Wisconsin | 22.5 | 24.0 | 44.3 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 5.9 |
| Wyoming | 28.7 | 23.0 | - | 4.3 | 0.8 | - |


Table 1.18
Percentage of
Public Secondary
School Teachers
Reporting Physical
Conflicts Among
Students and
Weapons Possession as
Moderate or Serious
Problems in Their
Schools,
by Enrollment Size,
by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students. medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Small | Conflicts Medium | Large | Small | Weapons Medium | Large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 20.7 | 29.8 | 45.2 | 8.0 | 11.7 | 24.0 |
| Alabama | - | 37.9 | 41.6 | - | 11.9 | 25.2 |
| Alaska | 16.3 | 19.6 | 47.9 | 5.1 | 7.9 | 40.1 |
| Arizona | 35.0 | 38.1 | 48.4 | $13^{*}$ | 16.5 | 34.8 |
| Arkansas | 25.3 | 47.4 | 41.8 | 6.0 | 21.6 | 26.2 |
| California | 15.6 | 21.3 | 41.8 | 21.6 | 21.2 | 23.2 |
| Colorado | 21.2 | 32.9 | 40.5 | 13.0 | 10.0 | 23.4 |
| Connecticut | - | 28.0 | 43.6 | - | 10.7 | 22.6 |
| Delaware | - | - | 59.6 | - | $\checkmark$ | 24.7 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 64.4 | - | - | 45.2 |
| Florida | 36.6 | 38.7 | 59.6 | 21.6 | 34.7 | 34.9 |
| Georgia | - | 51.3 | 52.3 | - | 33.9 | 25.9 |
| Hawaii | - | 39.0 | 60.2 | - | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| Idaho | 22.0 | 39.6 | 41.7 | 5.1 | 9.9 | 18.7 |
| Illinois | 22.0 | 22.6 | 45.8 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 22.3 |
| Indiana | - | 18.4 | 38.0 | - | 6.3 | 14.4 |
| lowa | 11.8 | 38.0 | 40.4 | 2.2 | 18.9 | 13.0 |
| Kansas | 13.0 | 28.0 | 36.9 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 18.3 |
| Kentucky | 30.9 | 28.0 | 43.1 | 17.9 | 8.4 | 21.1 |
| Louisiana | 22.0 | 27.8 | 41.2 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 22.8 |
| Maine | 23.9 | 15.8 | 26.5 | 5.9 | 2.2 | 7.9 |
| Maryland | - | 37.7 | 60.7 | - | 14.1 | 21.8 |
| Massachusetts | 21.8 | 38.2 | 38.3 | 10.6 | 9.1 | 17.1 |
| Michigan | 25.8 | 33.7 | 32.6 | 5.7 | 15.8 | 10.2 |
| Minnesota | 13.6 | 30.0 | 32.1 | 1.3 | 8.5 | 16.3 |
| Mississippi | 28.5 | 30.5 | 45.2 | 14.2 | 22.9 | 23.3 |
| Missouri | 12.4 | 31.1 | 43.6 | 2.2 | 12.7 | 22.9 |
| Montana | 12.9 | 39.8 | 33.2 | 4.4 | 13.5 | 13.7 |
| Nebraska | 14.4 | 20.7 | 27.3 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 9.8 |
| Nevada | 30.8 | 66.2 | 41.4 | 3.2 | 23.6 | 30.6 |
| New Hampshire | - | 28.7 | 32.6 | - | 8.4 | 15.2 |
| New Jersey | 22.6 | 32.1 | 45.2 | 14.0 | 3.3 | 16.8 |
| New Mexico | 23.6 | 53.5 | 59.1 | 10.1 | 28.4 | 38.4 |
| New York | 12.0 | 30.9 | 52.7 | 9.5 | 15.7 | 25.3 |
| North Carolina | 50.9 | 25.7 | 43.4 | 30.7 | 10.1 | 26.8 |
| North Dakota | 8.2 | 13.8 | 21.2 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 7.2 |
| Ohio | - | 31.3 | 38.0 | - | 7.7 | 18.4 |
| Oklahoma | 22.6 | 30.0 | 44.7 | 6.0 | 14.8 | 25.6 |
| Oregon | 21.7 | 32.0 | 48:4 | 13.9 | 4.7 | 27.0 |
| Pennsylvania | - | 22.4 | 42.5 | - | 12.6 | 22.0 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | 59.8 | - | 0.0 | 24.5 |
| South Carolina | - | 31.2 | 50.8 | - | 18.0 | 25.2 |
| South Dakota | 10.5 | 39.4 | 31.5 | 2.8 | 13.8 | 12.5 |
| Tennessee | 0.0 | 31.2 | 39.1 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 20.4 |
| Texas | 25.9 | 28.6 | 49.9 | 7.8 | 16.6 | 35.1 |
| Utah | 38.7 | 27.0 | 37.3 | 19.0 | 5.0 | 17.8 |
| Vermont | - | 21.4 | 25.7 | - | 1.6 | 8.6 |
| Virginia | 34.9 | 22.9 | 46.9 | 22.4 | 7.1 | 26.5 |
| Washington | 28.6 | 37.0 | 42.4 | 10.5 | 20.1 | 25.3 |
| West Virginia | 26.7 | 23.5 | 33.2 | 1.9 | 6.3 | 11.8 |
| Wisconsin | 14.6 | 15.9 | 45.4 | 2.9 | 5.9 | 21.4 |
| Wyoming | 12.5 | 33.7 | 41.2 | 5.7 | 10.6 | 23.8 |

Figure 1.25
Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers Reporting Weapons Possession as a Moderate or Serious Problem in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 1.26 Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers Reporting Weapons Possession as Moderate or Serious Problems in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

$0 \%-<20 \%$
20\% - < 30\%
$30 \%-100 \%$


Over $2,500,000$ individuals serve as teachers in public schools in the United States, and over 80,000 individuals serve as principals in those schools. The demographic characteristics of individuals pursuing careers in elementary and secondary education are constantly changing as older teachers retire and new teachers enter the workforce. The educational workforce varies from state to state in terms of age, sex, and ethnicity, and the salaries paid to these teachers and principals vary. Comparison of each state's educational workforce to those in other states can inform policy-making and provide the basis for policies that confront problems, such as an aging teaching force, before they become critical.

# Examples of SASS Analyses 

Although the majority of teachers in every state are between 30 and 50 years old, the results from SASS shown in tables 2.1-2.2 and figures 2.1-2.4 show variations across states in the percentages of teachers who are older than 50 and older than 55 , soon to be approaching retirement. Table 2.3 and figures 2.5-2.6 show that schools in some states must hire teachers more frequently than others-although nationwide about 1 teacher in 9 was newly hired in 1993-94, the figure was 1 in 6, or higher, in a few states. As shown in the table, one-third of these hires were first-time teachers, although this practice varied across states. Tables 2.4-2.5 and figures 2.7-2.8 give teachers' and principals' opinions about whether they plan to stay in education for the remainder of their careers or look elsewhere to further their careers. Although most teachers and principals plan to stay in teaching, in some states nearly half of teachers and more than half of principals do not. Tables 2.6-2.7 and figures 2.9-2.14 focus on teachers' and principals' salaries. Variations in teacher salaries across states are substantial, averaging more than $\$ 40,000$ in 8 states but less than $\$ 30,000$ in 23 states. These figures must be interpreted cautiously, however, since the cost of living varies substantially between states, and teacher salaries are affected by these variations. Chambers (1995) has published a teacher cost index (TCI) that can aid the interpretation of these variations. ${ }^{1}$ Fig. ures 2.13-2.14 highlight the ratios of salaries of experienced teachers to the salaries of new teachers, showing substantial variation in the growth of salaries as a function of experience.

Tables 2.8-2.11 and figures 2.15-2.20 show variations in sex and ethnicity of teachers, both at the elementary level and for different subjects at the secondary level. ${ }^{2}$ Tables 2.12-2.18 and figures 2.21-2.22 focus on sex and ethnicity of princi-

1. Chambers, J.G. Public School Teacher Cost Differences Across the United States. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 95-758
2. Tables 2.9-2.10 are restricted to a subset of the public school teacher population. Refer to Special Populations in Appendix C for the proper definition of each subset.

pals, at both the elementary and secondary levels. The last four of these tables describe the kinds of schools in which minority principals are working; in particular, table 2.15 displays the percentages of minority principals who are working in public schools, as opposed to private schools, in each state.
Other Data Available in SASS SASS by State highlights only some of the state-level comparisons of the educational workforce that can be made using SASS. A variety of other attitudinal and contextual information obtained from teachers and principals in SASS can be compared to the characteristics, qualifications, salaries, and satisfaction reported by teachers to help predict the impact of proposed educational policies. In addition, a SASS Teacher Follow-up Survey provides reports from a sample of teachers participating in SASS on their career decisions in the year following the main 1993-94 SASS.


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)
$\square$

| United States | 11.5 | 64.6 | 12.4 | 11.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 9.7 | 73.1 | 8.9 | 8.3 |
| Alaska | 4.6 | 77.4 | 12.8 | 5.3 |
| Arizona | 10.0 | 66.7 | 10.4 | 12.9 |
| Arkansas | 13.8 | 71.0 | 6.9 | 8.3 |
| California | 10.5 | 57.6 | 13.1 | 18.7 |
| Colorado | 7.0 | 68.0 | 14.2 | 10.8 |
| Connecticut | 7.2 | 69.3 | 14.2 | 9.3 |
| Delaware | 10.5 | 64.6 | 13.4 | 11.5 |
| District of Columbia | 6.6 | 56.0 | 25.0 | 12.5 |
| Florida | 12.0 | 61.4 | 12.3 | 14.3 |
| Georgia | 16.1 | 62.9 | 13.3 | 7.7 |
| Hawaii | 12.6 | 55.6 | 19.7 | 12.0 |
| Idaho | 12.3 | 69.8 | 6.8 | 11.1 |
| llinois | 12.1 | 66.1 | 10.2 | 11.6 |
| Indiana | 10.3 | 67.8 | 14.4 | 7.5 |
| lowa | 9.5 | 65.9 | 10.6 | 14.0 |
| Kansas | 13.1 | 64.5 | 9.9 | 12.5 |
| Kentucky | 12.5 | 67.6 | 6.8 | 13.0 |
| Louisiana | 14.4 | 66.3 | 9.3 | 10.0 |
| Maine | 7.3 | 68.0 | 15.2 | 9.5 |
| Maryland | 18.5 | 61.1 | 12.5 | 7.8 |
| Massachusetts | 5.3 | 66.5 | 14.0 | 14.1 |
| Michigan | 9.4 | 57.6 | 20.7 | 12.3 |
| Minnesota | 10.0 | 67.1 | 9.1 | 13.7 |
| Mississippi | 11.3 | 68.7 | 11.4 | 8.6 |
| Missouri | 11.7 | 68.5 | 10.5 | 9.3 |
| Montana | 10.5 | 70.9 | 11.9 | 6.8 |
| Nebraska | 14.3 | 66.9 | 6.9 | 12.0 |
| Nevada | 12.3 | 61.6 | 16.1 | 9.9 |
| New Hampshire | 11.8 | 64.2 | 12.9 | 11.2 |
| New Jersey | 13.0 | 51.6 | 13.8 | 21.6 |
| New Mexico | 11.9 | 64.9 | 13.4 | 9.8 |
| New York | 11.2 | 63.0 | 14.6 | 11.1 |
| North Carolina | 13.7 | 65.9 | 8.5 | 11.9 |
| North Dakota | 11.8 | 69.1 | 11.2 | 7.9 |
| Ohio | 9.0 | 69.1 | 12.0 | 9.9 |
| Oklahoma | 12.4 | 69.4 | 11.5 | 6.8 |
| Oregon | 4.0 | 71.4 | 15.7 | 8.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 10.2 | 68.8 | 13.8 | 7.2 |
| Rhode isiand | 9.7 | 68.2 | 14.2 | 7.9 |
| South Carolina | 15.5 | 69.4 | 7.0 | 8.1 |
| South Dakota | 13.9 | 63.0 | 6.7 | 16.3 |
| Tennessee | 13.9 | 60.6 | 12.1 | 13.5 |
| Texas | 13.9 | 66.0 | 11.8 | 8.3 |
| Utah | 8.0 | 63.0 | 13.0 | 16.1 |
| Vermont | 10.5 | 70.2 | 12.4 | 6.9 |
| Virginia | 11.2 | 68.2 | 13.0 | 7.6 |
| Washington | 11.8 | 65.2 | 15.3 | 7.7 |
| West Virginia | 7.6 | 69.0 | 12.8 | 10.6 |
| Wisconsin | 12.6 | 62.1 | 12.0 | 13.3 |
| Wyoming | 8.5 | 68.1 | 11.3 | 12.1 |

Figure 2.1 Percentage of Public Elementary School Teachers Who Are 55 Years Old and Over, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.2 Percentage of Public Elementary School Teachers Who Are 55 Years Old and Over, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


## Table 2.2 Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers by Age, by State: 1993-94

Figure 2.3 Percentage of Public Secondary SchoolTeachers Who Are 55 Years Old and Over, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.4
Percentage of Public Secondary SchoolTeachers Who Are 55 Years Old and Over, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)
Table 2.3
Percentage of
Full-Time Public
School Teachers Who
Were Newly Hired in
1993-94, and
Percentage of Newly
Hired Who Are First-
Time Teachers,
by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate
Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 11.5 | 34.9 |
| Alabama | 13.6 | 38.3 |
| Alaska | 14.0 | 18.9 |
| Arizona | 13.7 | 34.4 |
| Arkansas | 11.9 | 36.5 |
| California | 13.4 | 33.5 |
| Colorado | 10.2 | 25.2 |
| Connecticut | 7.3 | 39.4 |
| Delaware | 9.5 | 37.0 |
| District of Columbia | 21.5 | 30.0 |
| Florida | 14.2 | 36.2 |
| Georgia | 11.6 | 44.6 |
| Hawaii | 16.0 | 38.0 |
| Idaho | 11.5 | 43.6 |
| Illinois | 11.4 | 35.5 |
| Indiana | 7.8 | 38.5 |
| lowa | 7.8 | 39.1 |
| Kansas | 11.4 | 28.8 |
| Kentucky | 10.5 | 44.4 |
| Louisiana | 15.8 | 31.0 |
| Maine | 6.3 | 30.0 |
| Maryland | 14.9 | 31.5 |
| Massachusetts | 10.7 | 32.0 |
| Michigan | 6.6 | 31.0 |
| Minnesota | 9.2 | 25.0 |
| Mississippi | 13.1 | 38.8 |
| Missouri | 12.0 | 34.8 |
| Montana | 12.6 | 35.7 |
| Nebraska | 7.6 | 39.5 |
| Nevada | 18.8 | 29.6 |
| New Hampshire | 8.5 | 36.9 |
| New Jersey | 6.0 | 24.9 |
| New Mexico | 15.1 | 31.0 |
| New York | 9.1 | 43.1 |
| North Carolina | 14.2 | 33.6 |
| North Dakota | 8.4 | 39.6 |
| Ohio | 7.9 | 33.8 |
| Oklahoma | 11.3 | 34.1 |
| Oregon | 11.8 | 16.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 7.9 | 28.8 |
| Rhode Island | 8.7 | - |
| South Carolina | 15.3 | 43.0 |
| South Dakota | 9.8 | 39.9 |
| Tennessee | 12.9 | 29.0 |
| Texas | 16.1 | 37.4 |
| Utah | 12.1 | 41.0 |
| Vermont | 6.0 | - |
| Virginia | 13.2 | 32.4 |
| Washington | 11.8 | 32.6 |
| West Virginia | 10.7 | 12.0 |
| Wisconsin | 7.4 | 40.2 |
| Wyoming | 8.1 | 45.9 |

Figure 2.5
Percentage of Public School Teachers Who Were Newly Hired in 1993-94, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.6 Percentage of Public School Teachers Who Were Newly Hired in 1993-94, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

$\square$
$0 \%-<10 \%$
$10 \%-<15 \%$
$15 \%-100 \%$
Table 2.4
Percentage of
Public School Teachers
by Their Plans to
Remain in Teaching,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | While Able | Until Retrement | Untill Better Offer | Plan <br> To Leave | Underided |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 32.6 | 32.2 | 10.0. | 4.2 | 21.0 |
| Alabama | 28.4 | 37.8 | 8.1 | 3.6 | 22.1 |
| Alaska | 31.5 | 29.7 | 9.2 | 3.5 | 26.2 |
| Arizona | 33.3 | 31.8 | 11.7 | 2.8 | 20.4 |
| Arkansas | 29.1 | 32.4 | 10.4 | 5.9 | 22.2 |
| California | 38.1 | 24.3 | 12.1 | 5.0 | 20.4 |
| Colorado | 35.7 | 29.2 | 11.7 | 2.1 | 21.3 |
| Connecticut | 39.1 | 35.1 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 19.0 |
| Delaware | 33.6 | 27.5 | 12.8 | 6.7 | 19.5 |
| District of Columbia | 26.5 | 30.6 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 28.3 |
| Florida | 34.1 | 29.4 | 10.8 | 6.0 | 19.7 |
| Georgia | 28.3 | 37.7 | 10.1 | 5.0 | 19.0 |
| Hawaii | 29.6 | 34.3 | 12.7 | 4.5 | 18.9 |
| Idaho | 28.5 | 35.7 | 12.1 | 5.5 | 18.1 |
| Illinois | 34.2 | 32.9 | 9.6 | 4.0 | 19.3 |
| Indiana | 35.3 | 33.7 | 9.0 | 3.8 | 18.2 |
| lowa | 27.7 | 35.8 | 11.9 | 3.1 | 21.4 |
| Kansas | 30.9 | 28.0 | 15.4 | 3.7 | 22.0 |
| Kentucky | 25.3 | 42.0 | 7.3 | 3.7 | 21.7 |
| Louisiana | 33.5 | 26.7 | 11.1 | 4.2 | 24.5 |
| Maine | 36.2 | 17.7 | 12.2 | 4.1 | 29.8 |
| Maryland | 32.3 | 33.3 | 8.1 | 4.5 | 21.8 |
| Massachusetts | 36.9 | 28.9 | 7.4 | 4.0 | 22.8 |
| Michigan | 31.8 | 30.5 | 7.0 | 3.1 | 27.6 |
| Minnesota | 34.8 | 33.5 | 9.1 | 3.2 | 19.3 |
| Mississippi | 29.8 | 31.2 | 8.9 | 5.3 | 24.8 |
| Missouri | 29.6 | 36.1 | 9.9 | 3.3 | 21.1 |
| Montana | 31.9 | 25.6 | 13.9 | 3.7 | 25.0 |
| Nebraska | 29.8 | 25.8 | 20.1 | 2.0 | 22.4 |
| Nevada | 37.7 | 29.4 | 10.4 | 3.4 | 19.1 |
| New Hampshire | 35.3 | 23.9 | 11.5 | 4.0 | 25.3 |
| New Jersey | 40.7 | 27.6 | 7.0 | 3.3 | 21.5 |
| New Mexico | 30.1 | 32.0 | 13.4 | 4.8 | 19.7 |
| New York | 38.1 | 27.3 | 8.3 | 2.8 | 23.5 |
| North Carolina | 17.3 | 42.8 | 14.8 | 4.9 | 20.2 |
| North Dakota | 30.3 | 29.4 | 16.0 | 2.7 | 21.6 |
| Ohio | 29.0 | 42.0 | 7.8 | 2.4 | 18.8 |
| Oklahoma | 31.1 | 38.8 | 9.8 | 2.3 | 18.0 |
| Oregon | 27.2 | 39.4 | 11.8 | 4.7 | 16.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 37.1 | 36.5 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 17.9 |
| Rhode Island | 38.3 | 33.0 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 19.6 |
| South Carolina | 24.0 | 38.9 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 22.5 |
| South Dakota | 31.3 | 25.3 | 16.5 | 3.8 | 23.1 |
| Tennessee | 31.2 | 32.1 | 11.4 | 5.3 | 19.9 |
| Texas | 30.4 | 29.2 | 12.5 | 6.4 | 21.6 |
| Utah | 34.4 | 30.3 | 12.1 | 4.1 | 19.1 |
| Vermont | 35.8 | 24.7 | 12.6 | 3.9 | 23.0 |
| Virginia | 33.6 | 32.2 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 17.8 |
| Washington | 28.1 | 33.1 | 11.6 | 5.6 | 21.6 |
| West Virginia | 29.3 | 41.9 | 8.3 | 4.6 | 15.9 |
| Wisconsin | 27.0 | 38.4 | 9.1 | 3.6 | 21.9 |
| Wyoming | 30.4 | 32.2 | 12.0 | 4.7 | 20.7 |

Figure 2.7 Percentage of Public School Teachers Planning to Remain in Teaching While Able or Until Retirement, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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| Table 2.5 Percentage of Public School Principals by | E | While Able | Until Retirement जै雨 | Untll Better Offer | Plan - to Leave | Undecided |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| as Principals, | United States | 31.8 | 23.1 | 15.5 | 2.7 | $26.9{ }^{\circ}$ |
| as Principals, | Alabama | 27.4 | 17.2 | 12.6 | 2.7 | 40.1 |
| by State: 1993-94 | Alaska | 39.1 | 17.3 | 9.9 | 1.2 | 32.5 |
|  | Arizona | 33.2 | 17.3 | 18.7. | 2.1 | 28.6 |
|  | Arkansas | 26.6 | 28.7 | 13.7 | 4.4 | 26.6 |
|  | California | 27.3 | 18.7 | 23.2 | 3.1 | 27.7 |
|  | Colorado | 32.7 | 26.4 | 13.3 | 0.9 | 26.7 |
|  | Connecticut | 31.3 | 27.6 | 7.4 | 2.9 | 30.8 |
|  | Delaware | 37.2 | 23.5 | 17.6 | 2.3 | 19.3 |
|  | District of Columbia | 27.0 | 23.8 | 10.5 | 2.3 | 36.4 |
|  | Florida | 35.6 | 21.3 | 13.6 | 0.2 | 29.3 |
|  | Georgia | 34.6 | 27.0 | 14.1 | 1.0 | 23.3 |
|  | Hawaii | 30.9 | 18.0 | 24.0 | 7.4 | 19.7 |
|  | Idaho | 28.6 | 30.1 | 18.3 | 2.6 | 20.3 |
|  | Illinois | 32.0 | 20.3 | 14.4 | 5.0 | 28.3 |
|  | Indiana | 38.8 | 20.2 | 14.8 | 3.0 | 23.2 |
|  | lowa | 25.0 | 31.0 | 17.3 | 2.9 | 23.8 |
|  | Kansas | 34.1 | 26.6 | 15.8 | 5.1 | 18.3 |
|  | Kentucky | 27.1 | 21.3 | 12.8 | 2.1 | 36.6 |
|  | Louisiana | 32.6 | 14.3 | 13.9 | 5.8 | 33.4 |
|  | Maine | 33.7 | 8.8 | 19.2 | 1.3 | 37.0 |
|  | Maryland | 25.5 | 27.0 | 16.8 | 0.5 | 30.2 |
|  | Massachusetts | 34.8 | 22.3 | 12.2 | 1.4 | 29.3 |
|  | Michigan | 29.8 | 19.0 | 15.1 | 2.7 | 33.3 |
|  | Minnesota | 36.4 | 28.2 | 15.2 | 0.5 | 19.7 |
|  | Mississippi | 28.7 | 23.6 | 12.5 | 2.4 | 32.7 |
|  | Missouri | 31.2 | 33.2 | 14.9 | 3.7 | 17.0 |
|  | Montana | 45.2 | 13.4 | 11.8 | 1.2 | 28.4 |
|  | Nebraska | 30.7 | 38.3 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 21.8 |
|  | Nevada | 26.2 | 32.6 | 9.9 | 1.7 | 29.7 |
|  | New Hampshire | 28.1 | 16.3 | 20.4 | 2.5 | 32.8 |
|  | New Jersey | 36.1 | 16.8 | 11.7 | 3.8 | 31.6 |
|  | New Mexico | 30.1 | 17.7 | 19.1 | 1.3 | 31.7 |
|  | New York | 36.7 | 17.2 | 14.2 | 0.8 | 31.1 |
|  | North Carolina | 34.5 | 29.3 | 11.2 | 2.0 | 23.0 |
|  | North Dakota | 24.2 | 23.4 | 22.2 | 3.7 | 26.5 |
|  | Ohio | 24.4 | 21.3 | 18.6 | 6.3 | 29.4 |
|  | Oklahoma | 32.4 | 23.0 | 11.4 | 2.2 | 31.0 |
|  | Oregon | 26.1 | 40.2 | 8.1 | 2.8 | 22.8 |
|  | Pennsylvania | 32.1 | 18.6 | 20.8 | 1.0 | 27.5 |
|  | Rhode Island | 42.0 | 12.7 | 10.7 | 4.4 | 30.1 |
|  | South Carolina | 30.9 | 27.2 | 12.7 | 2.2 | 26.9 |
|  | South Dakota | 35.8 | 28.0 | 14.7 | 6.1 | 15.4 |
|  | Tennessee | 25.0 | 21.1 | 13.3 | 5.8 | 34.8 |
|  | Texas | 40.9 | 22.0 | 17.8 | 2.3 | 17.1 |
|  | Utah | 42.7 | 27.1 | 13.4 | 1.6 | 15.2 |
|  | Vermont | 30.4 | 11.5 | 21.3 | 2.2 | 34.7 |
|  | Virginia | 29.3 | 38.0 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 19.7 |
| Source: U.S. Department of Education, | Washington | 34.0 | 21.8 | 14.7 | 0.9 | 28.6 |
| National Center for Education Statistics, | West Virginia | 23.6 | 42.1 | 14.8 | 2.0 | 17.5 |
| Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 | Wisconsin | 22.0 | 30.9 | 13.7 | 3.4 | 30.0 |
| (Public School Principal Questionnaire) | Wyoming | 34.4 | 25.7 | 15.4 | 5.2 | 19.4 |

> Figure 2.8 Percentage of Public School Principals Planning to Remain as Principals While Able or Until Retirement, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics; Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)


Table 2.6 Average Base Year Salaries of Full-Time Public School Teachers and Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)


Figure 2.9 Average Base Year Salaries of Full-Time Public School Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)


Figure 2.10 Average Base Year Salaries of Full-Time Public School Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires) Principal Questionnaires)

under $\$ 30,000$
$\$ 30,000-\$ 39,999$
$\$ 40,000$ or more

Figure 2.11 Average Salaries of Public Schoo! Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

Figure 2.12 Average Salaries of Public School Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)
Table 2.7
Average Base Year
Salaries of Full-Time
Public School Teachers
by Years of Teaching
Experience,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | \$23,970 | \$28,156 | \$34,240 | \$40,149 |
| Alabama | \$22,777 | \$26,166 | \$27,723 | \$29,412 |
| Alaska | \$32,982 | \$40,016 | \$48,549 | \$51,231 |
| Arizona | \$23,015 | \$27,472 | \$33,343 | \$36,669 |
| Arkansas | \$20,832 | \$23,631 | \$27.489 | \$29,096 |
| California | \$28,332 | \$34,112 | \$42,145 | \$45,025 |
| Colorado | \$22,255 | \$26,581 | \$32,300 | \$37,880 |
| Connecticut | \$30,485 | \$39,492 | \$49,083 | \$52,441 |
| Delaware | \$24,380 | \$28,750 | \$39,045 | \$42,986 |
| District of Columbia | \$28,120 | \$30,807 | \$41,578 | \$48,509 |
| Florida | \$24,056 | \$26,146 | \$31,567 | \$36,131 |
| Georgia | \$22,081 | \$25,580 | \$30,694 | \$33,628 |
| Hawaii | \$26,221 | \$29,682 | \$32,801 | \$42,310 |
| Idaho | \$19,113 | \$22,474 | \$28,763 | \$30,769 |
| Illinois | \$23,308 | \$29,070 | \$36,036 | \$42,463 |
| Indiana | \$23,117 | \$27,262 | \$36,732 | \$39,887 |
| lowa | \$20,087 | \$23,071 | \$26,761 | \$30,775 |
| Kansas | \$22,963 | \$25,477 | \$29,249 | \$33,114 |
| Kentucky | \$22,070 | \$25,785 | \$32,667 | \$34,304 |
| Louisiana | \$18,564 | \$20,964 | \$25,601 | \$28,460 |
| Maine | \$20,643 | \$24,837 | \$30,879 | \$33,674 |
| Maryland | \$25,346 | \$30,160 | \$40,455 | \$45,217 |
| Massachusetts | \$25,905 | \$32,146 | \$38,119 | \$39,839 |
| Michigan | \$26,817 | \$34,697 | \$43,904 | \$47,550 |
| Minnesota | \$23,331 | \$27.428 | \$34,793 | \$39,627 |
| Mississippi | \$19,665 | \$21,967 | \$25,089 | \$26,855 |
| Missouri | \$21,639 | \$24,057 | \$27,615 | \$32,959 |
| Montana | \$19,148 | \$21,725 | \$27,225 | \$31,365 |
| Nebraska | \$19,225 | \$22,116 | \$26,111 | \$28,313 |
| Nevada | \$23,908 | \$28,651 | \$37,303 | \$38,956 |
| New Hampshire | \$22,126 | \$27,389 | \$35,045 | \$37,588 |
| New Jersey | \$30,053 | \$33,544 | \$43,956 | \$51,866 |
| New Mexico | \$21,918 | \$23,769 | \$27,632 | \$30,943 |
| New York | \$29,522 | \$35,448 | \$44,805 | \$53,973 |
| North Carolina | \$21.431 | \$23,320 | \$27.480 | \$32,220 |
| North Dakota | \$17,897 | \$20,487 | \$23,975 | \$26,400 |
| Ohio | \$22,362 | \$27,011 | \$34,483 | \$37,999 |
| Oklahoma | \$22,796 | \$23,956 | \$27,148 | \$29,008 |
| Oregon | \$23,188 | \$26,769 | \$35,690 | \$37,872 |
| Pennsylvania | \$25,826 | \$32,017 | \$40,979 | \$45,442 |
| Rhode island | \$27,247 | \$33,393 | \$42,446 | \$42,681 |
| South Carolina | \$21,009 | \$24,892 | \$30,627 | \$32,371 |
| South Dakota | \$18,712 | \$20,496 | \$23,555 | \$26,476 |
| Tennessee | \$22,113 | \$25,285 | \$28,806 | \$31,185 |
| Texas | \$21,970 | \$25,295 | \$29,756 | \$32,895 |
| Utah | \$19,307 | \$23,860 | \$30,031 | \$31,619 |
| Vermont | \$23,347 | \$26,726 | \$34,276 | \$37,158 |
| Virginia | \$25,108 | \$26,263 | \$31,056 | \$35,636 |
| Washington | \$24,809 | \$29,869 | \$37,637 | \$40,317 |
| West Virginia | \$21,806 | \$26,133 | \$30,284 | \$32,129 |
| Wisconsin | \$25,061 | \$28,867 | \$36,304 | \$39,371 |
| Wyoming | \$21,595 | \$24,414 | \$29,873 | \$32,169 |

Figure 2.13
Average Percentage of Salary Growth for FullTime Public School Teachers Over 20 Years of Service, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.14 Average Salary Growth (\%) for Full-Time Public School Teachers Over 20 Years of Service, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire


|  | $<1 \% \quad 1-10 \% \quad 10-30 \%, \quad 230 \%$Minority Minority, Minority Minority MinorityTeachers Teachers: Teachers Teachers. Principals |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 42.4 | 23.9 | 20.0 | 13.7 | 15.7 |
| Alabama | 12.7 | 20.0 | 43.2 | 24.1 | 21.0 |
| Alaska | 35.5 | 21.1 | 31.6 | 11.8 | 12.7 |
| Arizona | 22.1 | 39.1 | 22.3 | 16.5 | 22.7 |
| Arkansas | 43.0 | 19.7 | 21.1 | 16.3 | 16.5 |
| California | 16.9 | 29.4 | 34.3 | 19.5 | 25.7 |
| Colorado | 28.1 | 35.4 | 29.9 | 6.6 | 15.2 |
| Connecticut | 48.6 | 32.1 | 10.2 | 9.1 | 11.7 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 33.0 | 67.0 | 0.0 | 19.3 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 5.9 | 30.5 | 42.4 | 21.2 | 23.1 |
| Georgia | 14.4 | 29.8 | 25.3 | 30.4 | 26.1 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 99.0 | 80.4 |
| Idaho | 69.6 | 24.4 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| Illinois | 57.4 | 15.3 | 10.6 | 16.6 | 17.9 |
| Indiana | 60.1 | 25.3 | 10.6 | 4.0 | 10.5 |
| lowa | 77.8 | 20.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| Kansas | 65.6 | 18.4 | 14.8 | 1.2 | 5.7 |
| Kentucky | 59.1 | 28.7 | 10.9 | 1.3 | 4.3 |
| Louisiana | 4.7 | 18.6 | 38.7 | 38.0 | 35.9 |
| Maine | 91.1 | 8.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Maryland | 13.6 | 27.5 | 33.0 | 25.9 | 24.7 |
| Massachusetts | 57.1 | 25.6 | 9.2 | 8.1 | 5.5 |
| Michigan | 60.8 | 17.3 | 8.0 | 13.9 | 18.7 |
| Minnesota | 72.5 | 21.0 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 3.8 |
| Mississippi | 6.1 | 16.2 | 40.1 | 37.6 | 29.5 |
| Missouri | 66.3 | 18.4 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 9.5 |
| Montana | 77.8 | 11.8 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 4.8 |
| Nebraska | 87.7 | 9.3 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 5.9 |
| Nevada | 17.9 | 36.4 | 40.9 | 4.8 | 14.5 |
| New Hampshire | 87.6 | 12.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| New Jersey | 31.0 | 41.4 | 16.5 | 11.2 | 12.5 |
| New Mexico | 9.3 | 15.2 | 32.5 | 43.0 | 41.1 |
| New York | 38.8 | 27.3 | 15.1 | 18.9 | 15.1 |
| North Carolina | 10.8 | 20.3 | 50.1 | 18.8 | 19.9 |
| North Dakota | 91.7 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 65.0 | 14.1 | 13.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| Oklahoma | 27.1 | 28.3 | 34.2 | 10.4 | 11.5 |
| Oregon | 58.4 | 27.7 | 13.9 | 0.0 | 7.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 66.5 | 17.0 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 10.4 |
| Rhode Island | 66.6 | 23.5 | 8.8 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| South Carolina | 4.2 | 31.5 | 43.9 | 20.4 | 19.1 |
| South Dakota | 84.7 | 9.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 1.6 |
| Tennessee | 40.7 | 26.3 | 18.5 | 14.5 | 16.5 |
| Texas | 22.1 | 28.2 | 26.0 | 23.6 | 23.6 |
| Utah | 49.5 | 38.1 | 9.7 | 2.7 | 5.6 |
| Vermont | 83.3 | 15.1 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| Virginia | 16.2 | 32.5 | 37.7 | 13.7 | 19.7 |
| Washington | 49.3 | 31.2 | 16.2 | 3.3 | 11.6 |
| West Virginia | 82.8 | 12.8 | 3.7 | 0.7 | 4.3 |
| Wisconsin | 67.8 | 22.4 | 9.0 | 0.8 | 6.8 |
| Wyoming | 67.7 | 26.3 | 5.2 | 0.8 | 0.7 |

Table 2.8
Percentage of Public Schools with Different Proportions of Minority Teachers and Percentage with Minority Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)
Table 2.8
Percentage of Public
Schools with Different
Proportions of
Minority Teachers and
Percentage with
Minority Principals,
by State: 1993-94

of Public Schools with Minority Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

Figure 2.15 Percentage


Louisiana
Mississippi
Georgia

## California

Maryland









 Virginia Wraskuty 20 Delaware [artirwer 19
South Carolina rax mexere 19


Arkansas
Tennessee
 United States Colorado New York Nevada
Alaska
New Jersey Connecticut
Washington Oklahoma

Indiana
Pennsylvania
Missouri
Ohio
Oregon
Wisconsin
Nebraska
Kansas
Utah Massachusetts Montana
West Virginia Kentucky Minnesota lowa Idaho ${ }^{2}$ Rhode Island


Table 2.9 Percentage of K-6 Public School Teachers Who Are Female or Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.16 Percentage of K-6 Public School Teachers Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires

Table 2.10
Percentage of
Grades 7-12 Public
School Science and
Mathematics Teachers
Who Are Female or
Minority,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| ** * . . | Female Science | Minority Sclence | Female Math | Minority Math |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 41.6 | 10.3 | 51.3 | 10.9 |
| Alabama | 64.3 | 15.9 | 61.7 | 12.5 |
| Alaska | 16.6 | 5.6 | 36.5 | , 10.8 |
| Arizona | 41.4 | 12.9 | 59.8 | 12.9 |
| Arkansas | 53.3 | 9.7 | 61.8 | 10.0 |
| California | 39.3 | 13.9 | 39.1 | 23.5 |
| Colorado | 40.0 | 9.5 | 41.1 | 4.4 |
| Connecticut | 46.8 | 2.0 | 50.8 | 3.3 |
| Delaware | 68.1 | 0.0 | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 86.1 | 68.3 |
| Florida | 58.2 | 21.7 | 64.3 | 16.9 |
| Georgia | 71.6 | 18.9 | 84.4 | 21.7 |
| Hawaii | 61.5 | 55.2 | 66.6 | 61.0 |
| Idaho | 22.5 | 1.7 | 42.3 | 1.5 |
| Illinois | 37.7 | 6.8 | 51.1 | 12.1 |
| Indiana | 27.4 | 5.5 | 39.0 | 6.8 |
| lowa | 26.0 | 1.9 | 32.6 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 22.7 | 1.2 | 52.9 | 0.8 |
| Kentucky | 47.0 | 6.0 | 61.3 | 1.6 |
| Louisiana | 71.2 | 22.2 | 60.7 | 21.7 |
| Maine | 27.4 | 0.0 | 49.1 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 55.2 | 12.0 | 65.1 | 9.6 |
| Massachusetts | 40.0 | 2.9 | 47.2 | 3.4 |
| Michigan | 33.6 | 3.5 | 43.3 | 4.2 |
| Minnesota | 23.1 | 1.5 | 32.3 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 69.0 | 19.4 | 66.6 | 25.2 |
| Missouri | 41.2 | 8.3 | 53.7 | 5.5 |
| Montana | 15.0 | 0.0 | 30.5 | 2.0 |
| Nebraska | 19.3 | 0.0 | 31.9 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | - | 0.0 | 42.9 | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | 55.8 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 33.5 | 7.0 | 60.0 | 6.8 |
| New Mexico | 37.2 | 13.6 | 56.3 | 27.1 |
| New York | 28.6 | 14.2 | 54.5 | 11.3 |
| North Carolina | 50.7 | 10.0 | 67.1 | 19.4 |
| North Dakota | 21.0 | 0.0 | 40.0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 30.4 | 3.5 | 45.0 | 4.3 |
| Oklahoma | 42.9 | 11.6 | 48.0 | 15.5 |
| Oregon | 24.4 | 3.6 | 22.5 | 2.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 25.1 | 2.2 | 51.3 | 1.5 |
| Rhode Island | - | 0.0 | 57.8 | - |
| South Carolina | 60.9 | 12.9 | 64.9 | 13.0 |
| South Dakota | 40.1 | 1.9 | 54.5 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 55.2 | 20.0 | 66.5 | 12.6 |
| Texas | 60.5 | 21.8 | 50.0 | 13.7 |
| Utah | 29.5 | 2.9 | 42.6 | 4.7 |
| Vermont | - | - | 56.5 | - |
| Virginia | 59.9 | 15.6 | 66.3 | 20.5 |
| Washington | 39.2 | 9.5 | 34.8 | 6.7 |
| West Virginia | 57.8 | 0.0 | 54.8 | 1.7 |
| Wisconsin | 18.6 | 0.0 | 19.9 | 2.5 |
| Wyoming | 36.6 | 3.9 | 34.2 | 3.2 |

Figure 2.17 Percentage of Grades 7-12 Public School Science Teachers Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.18 Percentage of
Grades 7-12 Public School Mathematics Teachers Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table 2.11 Percentage of Grades 7-12 Public School English and Social Studies Teachers Who Are Female or Minority, by State: 1993-94
Table 2.11
Percentage of
Grades 7-12 Public
School English and
Social Studies
Teachers Who Are
Female or Minority,
by State: 1993-94
$\square$

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 34.2 | 9.8 | 73.2 | 9.8 |
| Alabama | 57.9 | 17.6 | 85.6 | 10.6 |
| Alaska | 28.2 | 15.0 | 46.8 | 0.6 |
| Arizona | 41.0 | 8.5 | 67.6 | 6.6 |
| Arkansas | 39.8 | 6.5 | 82.2 | 14.1 |
| California | 32.9 | 17.3 | 69.8 | 15.9 |
| Colorado | 34.5 | 15.3 | 79.8 | 12.1 |
| Connecticut | 31.1 | 4.8 | 53.5 | 3.8 |
| Delaware | - | - | 73.8 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | 37.9 | 17.3 | 92.3 | 25.6 |
| Georgia | 48.1 | 24.4 | 90.7 | 20.8 |
| Hawaii | - | 75.8 | 74.7 | 59.5 |
| Idaho | 24.4 | 1.4 | 71.5 | 2.1 |
| Illinois | 27.7 | 2.7 | 70.8 | 9.3 |
| Indiana | 30.6 | 2.7 | 69.0 | 5.9 |
| lowa | 14.9 | 3.1 | 67.2 | 1.1 |
| Kansas | 25.4 | 3.0 | 73.1 | 1.8 |
| Kentucky | 49.6 | 1.2 | 81.4 | 3.4 |
| Louisiana | 29.7 | 22.7 | 87.2 | 24.7 |
| Maine | 21.2 | 0.8 | 70.6 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 58.1 | 10.2 | 75.0 | 9.8 |
| Massachusetts | 36.8 | 0.8 | 68.0 | 15.7 |
| Michigan | 33.9 | 6.0 | 60.2 | 3.7 |
| Minnesota | 20.9 | 0.6 | 54.1 | 0.4 |
| Mississippi | 36.4 | 26.5 | 90.2 | 25.7 |
| Missouri | 51.0 | 0.0 | 75.4 | 1.2 |
| Montana | 22.8 | 1.6 | 75.0 | 0.9 |
| Nebraska | 17.0 | 0.0 | 78.1 | 2.1 |
| Nevada | - | - | 72.4 | - |
| New Hampshire | - | 0.0 | 61.3 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 34.2 | 4.1 | 69.7 | 3.3 |
| New Mexico | 32.4 | 22.4 | 80.1 | 19.7 |
| New York | 29.8 | 8.4 | 50.9 | 8.2 |
| North Carolina | 41.3 | 19.4 | 92.3 | 15.4 |
| North Dakota | 18.1 | 2.2 | 76.9 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 24.5 | 5.9 | 73.8 | 1.8 |
| Oklahoma | 26.9 | 13.5 | 85.7 | 9.9 |
| Oregon | 32.0 | 0.5 | 60.4 | 6.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 20.1 | 2.8 | 72.2 | 7.1 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | 82.1 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 55.2 | 13:5 | 94.1 | 9.0 |
| South Dakota | 22.3 | 4.2 | 81.8 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 28.2 | 7.8 | 83.3 | 14.8 |
| Texas | 37.6 | 20.9 | 74.4 | 11.8 |
| Utah | 26.8 | 1.6 | 82.7 | 1.8 |
| Vermont | - | 0.0 | 69.8 | - |
| Virginia | 56.3 | 3.0 | 77.9 | 14.1 |
| Washington | 37.3 | 2.4 | 59.6 | 3.8 |
| West Virginia | 40.0 | 1.8 | 87.4 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 18.9 | 0.0 | 72.3 | 0.9 |
| Wyoming | 20.5 | 8.3 | 65.5 | 3.2 |

Figure 2.19 Percentage of
Grades 7-12 Public School Social Studies Teachers Who Are

Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 2.20 Percentage of Grades 7-12 Public School English Teachers Who Are Minority, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S: Department of Education, Nätionàl Ćénter for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


> Table 2.12 Percentage of Public School Principals by Race/Ethnicity, by State: 1993-94
including Alaska Natives

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

| \% * - \% | .... White | $\cdots$ Blad | Hispanic | Asian | American Indiant | Total Minority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 84.3 | 10.1 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 15.8 |
| Alabama | 79.0 | 18.8 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 21.0 |
| Alaska | 87.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 7.1 | 12.7 |
| Arizona | 77.3 | 3.2 | 16.8 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 22.8 |
| Arkansas | 83.5 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 16.5 |
| California | 74.3 | 9.0 | 13.4 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 25.7 |
| Colorado | 84.8 | 2.2 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 15.4 |
| Connecticut | 88.3 | 10.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 11.7 |
| Delaware | 80.7 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.3 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 96.2 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 76.9 | 15.6 | 6.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 23.1 |
| Georgia | 73.9 | 25.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 26.1 |
| Hawaii | 19.6 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 76.0 | 0.0 | 80.4 |
| Idaho | 97.6 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Illinois | 82.1 | 14.7 | 2.2 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 17.9 |
| Indiana | 89.5 | 7.2 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 10.5 |
| lowa | 97.1 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 2.9 |
| Kansas | 94.3 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 5.7 |
| Kentucky | 95.7 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 4.3 |
| Louisiana | 64.1 | 34.7 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.9 |
| Maine | 99.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Maryland | 75.3 | 24.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 24.7 |
| Massachusetts | 94.5 | 4.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 5.5 |
| Michigan | 81.3 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 18.7 |
| Minnesota | 96.2 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 3.8 |
| Mississippi | 70.5 | 28.8 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 29.5 |
| Missouri | 90.5 | 7.9 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 9.5 |
| Montana | 95.2 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 |
| Nebraska | 94.1 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 5.9 |
| Nevada | 85.5 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 14.5 |
| New Hampshire | 99.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| New Jersey | 87.5 | 12.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| New Mexico | 58.9 | 0.4 | 38.5 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 41.1 |
| New York | 84.9 | 10.7 | 3.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 15.1 |
| North Carolina | 80.1 | 17.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 19.9 |
| North Dakota | 98.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 92.1 | 7.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.9 |
| Oklahoma | 88.5 | 4.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 7.3 | 11.5 |
| Oregon | 92.7 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 7.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 89.6 | 8.0 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 10.4 |
| Rhode Island | 97.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| South Carolina | 80.9 | 19.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.1 |
| South Dakota | 98.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
| Tennessee | 83.5 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 16.5 |
| Texas | 76.4 | 7.2 | 15.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 23.6 |
| Utah | 94.4 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 5.6 |
| Vermont | 99.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Virginia | 80.3 | 17.5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 19.7 |
| Washington | 88.4 | 5.3 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 11.6 |
| West Virginia | 95.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| Wisconsin | 93.2 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 6.8 |
| Wyoming | 99.3 | 0:0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 |

> Table 2.13 Percentage of Public School Female Principals and Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

| $1$ | Female Principals | Female Taachers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 34.5 | 72.9 |
| Alabama | 29.7 | 80.9 |
| Alaska | 30.7 | 64.3 |
| Arizona | 37.4 | 70.7 |
| Arkansas | 30.4 | 80.5 |
| California | 48.7 | 72.3 |
| Colorado | 32.6 | 71.2 |
| Connecticut | 27.1 | 69.6 |
| Delaware | 34.3 | 71.3 |
| District of Columbia | 56.0 | 75.9 |
| Florida | 53.4 | 78.8 |
| Georgia | 37.7 | 83.6 |
| Hawaii | 56.7 | 78.5 |
| Idaho | 26.3 | 65.6 |
| Illinois | 31.4 | 72.5 |
| Indiana | 21.0 | 69.8 |
| lowa | 20.5 | 66.3 |
| Kansas | 28.4 | 70.9 |
| Kentucky | 26.0 | 75.7 |
| Louisiana | 40.5 | 80.6 |
| Maine | 37.0 | 71.4 |
| Maryland | 41.8 | 76.6 |
| Massachusetts | 26.3 | 69.0 |
| Michigan | 37.7 | 69.0 |
| Minnesota | 30.4 | 62.4 |
| Mississippi | 32.5 | 81.0 |
| Missouri | 31.5 | 74.0 |
| Montana | 26.0 | 65.8 |
| Nebraska | 19.2 | 70.3 |
| Nevada | 42.0 | 75.8 |
| New Hampshire | 28.8 | 72.3 |
| New Jersey | 35.2 | 74.9 |
| New Mexico | 44.5 | 73.5 |
| New York | 35.5 | 68.9 |
| North Carolina | 25.1 | 79.7 |
| North Dakota | 32.2 | 66.9 |
| Ohio | 29.4 | 68.6 |
| Oklahoma | 33.8 | 72.4 |
| Oregon | 36.6 | 61.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 26.5 | 66.2 |
| Rhode Island | 36.8 | 75.8 |
| South Carolina | 30.9 | 83.1 |
| South Dakota | 25.6 | 73.9 |
| Tennessee | 34.9 | 77.5 |
| Texas | 41.3 | 75.7 |
| Utah | 31.0 | 69.7 |
| Vermont | 28.9 | 73.4 |
| Virginia | 39.6 | 82.0 |
| Washington | 40.3 | 66.5 |
| West Virginia | 32.0 | 72.4 |
| Wisconsin | 24.4 | 63.1 |
| Wyoming | 12.4 | 65.2 |

## Figure 2.21 Percentage of Public School Female Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

Table 2.14
Percentage
of Public School
Female Principals and
Teachers,
by Level of School,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | leme | Principals Sec. | com. | Ere TeachersElem. 1 Ser. |  | om. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 41.1 | 13.8 | 24.0 | 83.8 | 53.1 | 67.9 |
| Alabama | 43.8 | 11.1 | 4.0 | 91.0 | 62.3 | 78.0 |
| Alaska | 41.9 | 25.9 | 20.9 | 78.0 | 45.6 | 58.5 |
| Arizona | 42.7 | 15.2 | - | 82.2 | 50.9 | - |
| Arkansas | 41.6 | 11.7 | - | 93.6 | 62.9 | 72.2 |
| California | 54.2 | 26.8 | 22.4 | 84.0 | 48.7 | 61.4 |
| Colorado | 32.9 | 32.2 | - | 80.0 | 50.0 | 36.3 |
| Connecticut | 32.1 | 14.6 | - | 78.3 | 51.6 | - |
| Delaware | 41.0 | - | - | 79.8 | 53.5 | 80.8 |
| District of Columbia | 53.0 | - | - | 85.7 | 60.6 | 74.6 |
| Florida | 60.8 | 21.2 | 42.9 | 86.2 | 56.9 | 72.1 |
| Georgia | 44.0 | 10.7 | - | 90.0 | 69.2 | 78.0 |
| Hawaii | 60.7 | - | - | 87.7 | 63.8 | 62.6 |
| Idaho | 29.2 | 13.7 | - | 80.3 | 47.2 | 68.2 |
| lllinois | 35.8 | 10.1 | 29.1 | 86.3 | 48.8 | 76.2 |
| Indiana | 24.1 | 9.2 | - | 82.8 | 50.8 | 52.4 |
| lowa | 28.7 | 2.8 | - | 80.5 | 43.6 | 57.7 |
| Kansas | 34.5 | 9.2 | - | 82.8 | 51.5 | 52.1 |
| Kentucky | 31.1 | 4.9 | - | 83.6 | 54.4 | 85.7 |
| Louisiana | 50.1 | 12.8 | 31.0 | 90.0 | 58.1 | 76.8 |
| Maine | 45.5 | 13.6 | - | 84.7 | 46.5 | 65.3 |
| Maryland | 42.1 | 30.1 | - | 84.8 | 61.9 | 61.4 |
| Massachusetts | 30.8 | 12.4 | - | 81.3 | 49.5 | 59.4 |
| Michigan | 43.0 | 17.0 | 30.5 | 81.2 | 47.6 | 66.4 |
| Minnesota | 33.9 | 25.0 | - | 74.5 | 46.2 | 64.1 |
| Mississippi | 46.6 | 8.1 | 6.2 | 91.6 | 67.2 | 71.8 |
| Missouri | 38.8 | 8.5 | - | 85.6 | 59.5 | 74.0 |
| Montana | 35.9 | 14.4 | - | 79.0 | 44.9 | - |
| Nebraska | 23.0 | 4.1 | - | 85.8 | 53.7 | 82.6 |
| Nevada | 48.6 | - | - | 81.9 | 56.8 | 87.0 |
| New Hampshire | 34.8 | 12.8 | - | 80.2 | 58.0 | 50.4 |
| New Jersey | 38.8 | 10.7 | - | 87.6 | 54.6 | 67.5 |
| New Mexico | 53.8 | 16.2 | - | 85.0 | 53.2 | - |
| New York | 42.3 | 19.4 | 33.2 | 81.3 | 49.7 | 60.5 |
| North Carolina | 28.2 | 10.2 | - | 90.2 | 58.0 | 70.8 |
| North Dakota | 46.8 | 5.2 | - | 83.6 | 49.0 | 63.2 |
| Ohio | 36.1 | 8.8 | - | 80.5 | 47.5 | 51.6 |
| Oklahoma | 44.5 | 12.8 | - | 83.6 | 53.1 | - |
| Oregon | 42.3 | 20.3 | - | 71.2 | 41.6 | 65.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 33.5 | 3.3 | - | 76.5 | 44.7 | 65.1 |
| Rhode Island | 37.2 | - | - | 82.1 | 61.2 | - |
| South Carolina | 37.8 | 11.9 | - | 90.1 | 68.0 | 48.6 |
| South Dakota | 36.6 | 8.4 | - | 84.6 | 56.9 | - |
| Tennessee | 40.6 | 13.5 | - | 89.5 | 55.1 | 71.4 |
| Texas | 50.8 | 12.8 | 17.5 | 84.9 | 57.8 | 64.1 |
| Utah | 36.1 | 10.9 | 64.2 | 82.5 | 50.5 | 76.2 |
| Vermont | 31.9 | - | - | 82.2 | 60.2 | 60.9 |
| Virginia | 45.7 | 13.4 | - | 90.8 | 64.6 | 72.4 |
| Washington | 46.6 | 23.8 | - | 79.0 | 44.9 | 61.0 |
| West Virginia | 42.6 | 3.1 | - | 84.6 | 55.7 | 74.1 |
| Wisconsin | 32.9 | 2.2 | - | 71.9 | 50.4 | 70.2 |
| Wyoming | 14.4 | 9.8 | $\dagger$ | 78.7 | 48.2 | t |

Figure 2.22 Percentage of Public Secondary School Female Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)


> Table 2.15 Number of Public Schools and Percentage of Public Schools With Minority Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 80,740 | 15.7 |
| Alabama | 1,274 | 21.0 |
| Alaska | 478 | 12.7 |
| Arizona | 1,057 | 22.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,084 | 16.5 |
| California | 7,319 | 25.7 |
| Colorado | 1,329 | 15.2 |
| Connecticut | 964 | 11.7 |
| Delaware | 169 | 19.3 |
| District of Columbia | 160 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 2,348 | 23.1 |
| Georgia | 1.723 | 26.1 |
| Hawaii | 234 | 80.4 |
| Idaho | 573 | 2.4 |
| Illinois | 3,884 | 17.9 |
| Indiana | 1,869 | 10.5 |
| lowa | 1,518 | 2.9 |
| Kansas | 1,450 | 5.7 |
| Kentucky | 1,327 | 4.3 |
| Louisiana | 1,446 | 35.9 |
| Maine | 721 | 0.2 |
| Maryland | 1,185 | 24.7 |
| Massachusetts | 1,689 | 5.5 |
| Michigan | 3,159 | 18.7 |
| Minnesota | 1,492 | 3.8 |
| Mississippi | 957 | 29.5 |
| Missouri | 2,082 | 9.5 |
| Montana | 890 | 4.8 |
| Nebraska | 1,296 | 5.9 |
| Nevada | 365 | 14.5 |
| New Hampshire | 445 | 0.8 |
| New Jersey | 2,195 | 12.5 |
| New Mexico | 663 | 41.1 |
| New York | 3,904 | 15.1 |
| North Carolina | 1,927 | 19.9 |
| North Dakota | 582 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 3,636 | 7.9 |
| Oklahoma | 1,763 | 11.5 |
| Oregon | 1,184 | 7.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,128 | 10.4 |
| Rhode Island | 295 | 2.1 |
| South Carolina | 1,081 | 19.1 |
| South Dakota | 661 | 1.6 |
| Tennessee | 1,522 | 16.5 |
| Texas | 5,890 | 23.6 |
| Utah | 674 | 5.6 |
| Vermont | 318 | 0.7 |
| Virginia | 1,698 | 19.7 |
| Washington | 1,806 | 11.6 |
| West Virginia | 898 | 4.3 |
| Wisconsin | 2,014 | 6.8 |
| Wyoming | 411 | 0.7 |

Table 2.16 Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Central Cities, Urban Fringe, and Rural Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | Central City | Urban Fringe/ Large town | Small Town/ Rura |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 51.8 | 26.1 | 22.1 |
| Alabama | 31.4 | 20.6 | 47.9 |
| Alaska | - | 0.0 | 71.7 |
| Arizona | 69.2 | 10.5 | 20.3 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 65.9 |
| California | 57.2 | 39.9 | 2.8 |
| Colorado | - | - | - |
| Connecticut | 78.9 | - | - |
| Delaware | - | 65.1 | - |
| District of Columbia | 100.0 | + | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 47.1 | 42.1 | 10.8 |
| Georgia | 43.9 | 24.6 | 31.4 |
| Hawaii | 37.2 | 51.2 | 11.5 |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 69.9 | 24.9 | 5.2 |
| Indiana | 96.6 | 0.0 | - |
| lowa | - | - | - |
| Kansas | - | - | - |
| Kentucky | - | - | - |
| Louisiana | 41.8 | 8.1 | 50.1 |
| Maine | - | - | - |
| Maryland | 34.3 | 53.3 | 12.4 |
| Massachusetts | - | - | - |
| Michigan | 73.1 | - | - |
| Minnesota | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 8.2 | 14.7 | 77.1 |
| Missouri | - | 68.6 | . |
| Montana | 0.0 | - | 88.4 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 8. |
| Nevada | 76.8 | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | - |
| New Mexico | 22.7 | 13.5 | 63.8 |
| New York | 76.0 | 17.3 | 6.7 |
| North Carolina | 37.3 | 14.7 | 48.1 |
| North Dakota | - | - | - |
| Ohio | - | - | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 22.5 | 17.8 | 59.7 |
| Oregon | - | . - | - |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | - |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 73.4 |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 66.1 | - | - |
| Texas | 66.2 | 13.4 | 20.4 |
| Utah | - | - | - |
| Vermont | - | $\dagger$ | - |
| Virginia | - | - | - |
| Washington | 59.7 | - | - |
| West Virginia | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | - | - | - |
| Wyoming | - | - | - |

Table 2.17 Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Public Schools with Varying Levels of Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,
Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 11.7 | 19.3 | 69.0 |
| Alabama | 4.2 | 16.3 | 79.5 |
| Alaska | - | - | 62.3 |
| Arizona | 5.5 | 29.2 | 65.3 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 61.3 |
| California | 4.0 | 12.9 | 83.1 |
| Colorado | - | - | - |
| Connecticut. | - | 0.0 | 85.9 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 100.0 | t |
| District of Columbia | t | t | 100.0 |
| Florida | 8.1 | 33.1 | 58.8 |
| Georgia | 5.7 | 10.5 | 83.8 |
| Hawaii | 1.4 | 7.8 | 90.7 |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 10.8 | 13.8 | 75.4 |
| Indiana | - | - | - |
| lowa | - | - | - |
| Kansas | - | - | - |
| Kentucky | - | - | 二 |
| Louisiana | 3.4 | 23.7 | 72.9 |
| Maine | - | + | - |
| Maryland | 3.9 | 19.9 | 76.2 |
| Massachusetts | - | - | 73.6 |
| Michigan | - | - | 67.5 |
| Minnesota | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 3.2 | 22.8 | 74.0 |
| Missouri | - | - | 72.4 |
| Montana | - | - | 72.5 |
| Nebraska | - | - | - |
| Nevada | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | † | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | 76.5 |
| New Mexico | 0.0 | 8.9 | 91.1 |
| New York | 14.4 | 9.6 | 76.0 |
| North Carolina | 4.7 | 40.5 | 54.8 |
| North Dakota | - | - | - |
| Ohio | - | - | 68.1 |
| Oklahoma | 17.8 | 47.3 | 34.9 |
| Oregon | - | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | - |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 75.1 |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | - | - | 68.1 |
| Texas | 4.5 | 19.5 | 76.0 |
| Utah | 90.5 | 0.0 | - |
| Vermont | - | t | - |
| Virginia | - | - | - |
| Washington | - | - | - |
| West Virginia | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 81.0 |
| Wyoming | - | - | - |

Table 2.18 Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Elementary, Secondary, and Combined Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | Elementary,$\quad$Secondary <br> Schools,$\quad$ Schools $\quad \circ \quad$ CombinedSchools |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 78.8 | 18.6 | 2.6 |
| Alabama | 70.3 | 24.8 | 4.9 |
| Alaska | - | - | 55.7 |
| Arizona | 80.2 | 19.1 | 0.7 |
| Arkansas | 66.9 | - | - |
| California | 85.2 | 13.4 | 1.3 |
| Colorado | 83.9 | - | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 77.4 | - | - |
| Delaware | 64.7 | - | - |
| District of Columbia | 72.3 | 24.9 | 2.8 |
| Florida | 79.1 | 16.9 | 4.0 |
| Georgia | 79.9 | 17.9 | 2.2 |
| Hawaii | 79.3 | 18.2 | 2.5 |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 80.2 | 19.5 | 0.4 |
| Indiana | 82.9 | - | 0.0 |
| lowa | - | - | - |
| Kansas | - | - | - |
| Kentucky | - | - | - |
| Louisiana | 70.2 | 22.0 | 7.8 |
| Maine | - | - | - |
| Maryland | 76.8 | 23.2 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 89.2 | - | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 84.8 | - | - |
| Minnesota | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 63.0 | 30.5 | 6.5 |
| Missouri | 79.2 | - | - |
| Montana | 66.3 | - | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | - | - | - |
| Nevada | 83.2 | - | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | 85.2 | - | - |
| New Mexico | 72.9 | 27.1 | 0.0 |
| New York | 79.3 | 15.6 | 5.1 |
| North Carolina | 81.2 | 18.1 | 0.7 |
| North Dakota | - | - | - |
| Ohio | 84.9 | - | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 56.8 | 41.8 | 1.4 |
| Oregon | - | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | 87.7 | - | - |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | 77.8 | - | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 76.3 | - | - |
| Texas | 77.6 | 19.3 | 3.1 |
| Utah | - | - | 0.0 |
| Vermont | - | - | - |
| Virginia | 84.0 | - | 0.0 |
| Washington | 73.9 | - | - |
| West Virginia | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | 81.5 | - | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | - | - | + |



## Preparation of Teachers

## Examples of SASS Analyses

Individuals acquire the qualifications to teach through college education in the area they teach, through completing teacher credential programs, the passage of skills tests, and through the accumulation of years of experience teaching in elementary and secondary schools. Across states, varying emphases are placed on particular aspects of teacher preparation for hiring teachers. Especially at the secondary level, a college major can be an important indicator that a teacher has the substantive knowledge needed to teach subject content to high school students.
Table 3.1 and figure 3.1 show state-to-state variation in the percentages of districts that require full state certification when considering teacher applicants, and figure 3.2 shows similar variation in requirements for a college major or minor in the field to be taught. Table 3.2 and figure 3.3 focus on specific kinds of tests required during the screening process; and table 3.3 shows how these requirements vary between the district's service area relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). ${ }^{1}$
Tables 3.4-3.10 and figures 3.4-3.11 present data from SASS showing the percentages of secondary teachers (in grades 7 trough 12 only) (a) with a college major in their main teaching assignment field, (b) with a college major in their secondary teaching assignment field, and (c) overall, with either a major or minor in a field when that field is their main or secondary teaching assignment. ${ }^{2}$ These percentages are presented for science, mathematics, English, social studies, special education, foreign language, and vocational education. Tables 3.11-3.13 and figures 3.12-3.15 focus on the impact of these requirements, showing the percentages of teachers, in large, medium, and small secondary schools without a corresponding major or minor who teach at least one course in mathematics, science, English, or social studies.
Table 3.13 and figure 3.16 focus on elementary teacher preparation, showing the percentage of these teachers (in grades K-6 only) who have pre-elementary/elementary education majors and who have some education beyond the bachelor's degree.
Finally, table 3.14 and figures 3.17 and 3.18 show variations across states in the

1. The Office of Management and Budget defines MSA as an area with (1) a city of at least 50,000 population (FIPS PUB 8-5, October 1984) or (2) it includes an urbanized area of at least 50,000 population with a total metropolitan population of at least 100,000 ( 75,000 in New England). An MSA may contain more than one city of 50,000 and may cross state lines.
2. Tablès 3.4-3.13 are restricted to a subset of the public school teacher population. Refer to Special Populations in Appendix C for the proper definition of each subset.

average number of years of experience of public school teachers and the percentages of teachers with over 20 years' experience.

## Other Uses of SASS Data

The teacher preparation information shown in this section of SASS by State only highlight a few of the state-level comparisons that are possible using the SASS data. Information about the kinds of students being served by teachers with differing levels of preparation, about the relations between preparation and salary, and about attitudes concerning influence on school decision-making and problems in the school can be examined using these data. These and related SASS analyses can inform the development of state-level teacher preparation policies.

> Table 3.1
> Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Selected Credentials When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Note: These credentials are: (1) full standard state certification for field, (2) graduation from state-approved teacher education program, (3) at least emergency or temporary state certification, and (4) college major or minor in the field to be taught

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


Figure 3.1
Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Full Standard State Certification When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


Figure 3.2
Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring College Major or Minor in the Field to be Taught When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Note: Hawaii and the District of Columbia have only one public school district

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


> Table 3.2 Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Passage of Selected Tests When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Note: These test criteria are: (1) passage of a state test of basic skills, (2) passage of a state test of subject knowledge, (3) passage of the National Teachers Examination (either the core battery or the professional specialty area), and (4) passage of a local district test of basic skills or subject knowledge.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

| $\dot{4}$ | Basic SubjectSkills Knowledge |  | NTE <br> Tests | ocal Test |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 49.0 | 39.3 | 30.7 | 2.0 |
| Alabama | 11.5 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 76.7 | 40.6 | 6.3 | 1.0 |
| Arkansas | 60.6 | 57.9 | 93.8 | 2.5 |
| California | 89.4 | 35.8 | 19.5 | 2.8 |
| Colorado | 86.7 | 29.3 | 1.5 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 84.5 | 81.7 | 11.9 | 2.1 |
| Delaware | 70.6 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 69.4 | 72.5 | 1.5 | 2.9 |
| Georgia | 51.7 | 87.9 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 28.3 | 19.6 | 85.5 | 0.0 |
| llinois | 86.5 | 76.3 | 7.8 | 2.9 |
| Indiana | 66.8 | 62.7 | 72.8 | 5.2 |
| lowa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 76.7 | 56.8 | 53.5 | 2.7 |
| Kentucky | 34.2 | 37.2 | 79.1 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 17.0 | 11.7 | 91.6 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 40.6 | 16.4 | 65.2 | 0.4 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 0.0 | 89.8 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 4.4 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| Michigan | 48.5 | 47.0 | 14.2 | 1.8 |
| Minnesota | 43.5 | 29.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 |
| Mississippi | 27.3 | 26.8 | 100.0 | 6.6 |
| Missouri | 15.8 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 0.7 |
| Montana | 32.8 | 19.2 | 72.9 | 4.3 |
| Nebraska | 51.6 | 28.8 | 11.9 | 3.8 |
| Nevada | 55.6 | 55.6 | 77.8 | 5.6 |
| New Hampshire | 7.1 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 28.9 | 31.8 | 77.6 | 1.5 |
| New Mexico | 47.2 | 27.7 | 84.6 | 2.8 |
| New York | 49.3 | 44.5 | 81.7 | 1.5 |
| North Carolina | 20.6 | 21.4 | 96.8 | 1.9 |
| North Dakota | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Ohio | 28.0 | 26.2 | 35.6 | 1.0 |
| Oklahoma | 80.1 | 87.7 | 11.6 | 1.1 |
| Oregon | 38.9 | 12.0 | 14.4 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 68.2 | 66.2 | 50.1 | 6.0 |
| Rhode Island | 18.9 | 16.2 | 70.3 | 2.7 |
| South Carolina | 58.9 | 55.3 | 96.6 | 3.0 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 41.8 | 39.2 | 77.3 | 2.2 |
| Texas | 90.1 | 82.2 | 6.3 | 0.5 |
| Utah | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.8 |
| Virginia | 22.0 | 22.0 | 86.8 | 3.0 |
| Washington | 16.0 | 12.5 | 0.7 | 1.5 |
| West Virginia | 77.7 | 79.5 | 13.1 | 1.8 |
| Wisconsin | 10.2 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| Wyoming | 4.3 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Figure 3.3
Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Passage of the National Teachers Examination When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


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Figure 3.4 Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Passage of the National Teachers Examination When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

$\qquad$

## Preparation of Teachers

Table 3.3
Percentage of Public
School Districts
Considering Various
Criteria in the Teacher
Hiring Process, by the
District's Service Area
Relative to a Metropol-
itan Statistical Area,
by State: 1993-94

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA - serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These credentials are: (1) full standard state certification for field, or (2) graduation from state-approved teacher education program

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

Table 3.3
Percentage of Public
School Districts
Considering Various
Criteria in the Teacher
Hiring Process, by the
District's Service Area
Relative to a Metropol-
itan Statistical Area,
by State: 1993-94
(continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA- serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These credentials are: (1) at least emergency or temporary state certification, and
(2) college major or minor in the field to be taught

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

continue

Table 3.3
Percentage of Public School Districts Considering Various Criteria in the Teacher Hiring Process, by the District's Service Area Relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area, by State: 1993-94 (continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA- serves an MSA but not primarily its central city. or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These test criteria are: (1) passage of a state test of basic skills, and (2) passage of a state test of subject knowledge

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

| $511,-\frac{8}{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { state } \\ & \text { cty } \end{aligned}$ | Basic Skills MSA | s Test not MSA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { State } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Subject K MSA | owledge not MSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 59.7 | 53.0 | 45.4 | 47.4 | 41.5 | 37.3 |
| Alabama | - | 0.0 | 19.3 | - | 0.0 | 11.9 |
| Alaska | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Arizona | - | 67.6 | 81.6 | - | 44.7 | 39.2 |
| Arkansas |  | 69.5 | 59.1 | - | 65.0 | 56.9 |
| California | 100.0 | 86.1 | 100.0 | 44.7 | 30.7 | 57.0 |
| Colorado | - | 88.5 | 85.5 | - | - | 23.8 |
| Connecticut | 90.9 | 79.2 | 100.0 | 90.9 | 75.3 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | - | - | 75.0 | - | - | 8.3 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | + | 0.0 | $\pm$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | - | 77.8 | 64.5 | - | 77.8 | 71.5 |
| Georgia | - | 34.9 | 58.7 | 0. | 75.4 | 91.6 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | + |
| Idaho |  | - | 28.3 | - | -73 | 19.2 |
| 1 llinois | 75.8 | 88.0 | 85.0 | 75.8 | 73.7 | 79.6 |
| Indiana | 59.8 | 65.3 | 69.1 | 59.8 | 64.4 | 61.4 |
| lowa | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | - | 66.7 | 79.4 | - | 41.6 | 60.8 |
| Kentucky | - |  | 38.6 | - | - | 38.6 |
| Louisiana | - | 16.6 | 14.6 | - | 16.6 | 9.3 |
| Maine |  | - | 40.7 | - | - | 16.4 |
| Maryland | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 | - |
| Massachusetts | 0.0 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 58.8 | 44.5 | 51.4 | 54.6 | 42.5 | 51.4 |
| Minnesota | - | 52.6 | 40.5 | - | 36.4 | 27.5 |
| Mississippi | - | 0.0 | 31.8 | - | 0.0 | 31.3 |
| Missouri | - | 16.2 | 15.9 | - | 18.0 | 12.5 |
| Montana | - | - | 30.8 | - | - | 18.2 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 52.0 | - | - | 29.3 |
| Nevada | - | - | 50.0 | - | - | 50.0 |
| New Hampshire | - | 0.0 | 9.3 | - | 0.0 | 5.6 |
| New Jersey | - | 28.5 | - | - | 30.9 | - |
| New Mexico |  | - | 43.4 | - | - | 23.6 |
| New York | - | 51.4 | 46.2 | - | 46.9 | 41.7 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 20.9 | - | - | 20.9 |
| North Dakota | - | 0.0 | 1.8 | - | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Ohio | - | 27.0 | 31.0 | - | 26.1 | 27.9 |
| Oklahoma | - | 77.1 | 80.6 | - | 87.6 | 87.2 |
| Oregon | - | 47.6 | 33.7 | $\bar{\square}$ | 10.0 | 13.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 76.1 | 64.6 | 77.5 | 76.1 | 61.9 | 77.5 |
| Rhode Island | - | 28.9 | - | - | 24.8 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 71.9 | 53.8 | - | 63.3 | 52.7 |
| South Dakota | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | - | 29.8 | 46.7 | - | 25.7 | 44.7 |
| Texas | 94.3 | 92.6 | 88.2 | 88.7 | 87.2 | 78.8 |
| Utah | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Vermont | - | 0.0 | 1.4 | - | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Virginia | - | - | 19.0 | - | - | 19.1 |
| Washington | - | 9.6 | 20.5 | - | 0.0 | 20.5 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 76.6 | - | - | 78.9 |
| Wisconsin | 0.0 | 15.9 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 7.3 |
| Wyoming | - | - | 4.6 | - | - | 1.8 |
| continue |  |  |  |  |  | 101 |

Table 3.3
Percentage of Public
School Districts
Considering Various
Criteria in the Teacher
Hiring Process, by the
District's Service Area
Relative to a Metropol-
itan Statistical Area,
by State: 1993-94
(continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA- serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These test criteria are: (1) passage of the National Teachers Examination (either the core battery or the professional specialty area), and (2) passage of a local district test of basic skills or subject knowledge.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

Table 3.4
Percentage of
Public School Science
Teachers (Grades $7-12$
Only) with a Major in
Field,
by State: $1993-94$
— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


| United States | 73.8 | 70.7 | 78.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 72.6 | 63.7 | 80.2 |
| Alaska | 78.8 | 72.6 | 75.6 |
| Arizona | 72.8 | 70.9 | 75.9 |
| Arkansas | 65.6 | 62.3 | 78.7 |
| California | 61.6 | 60.9 | 74.9 |
| Colorado | 78.2 | 73.1 | 85.0 |
| Connecticut | 90.2 | 91.0 | 94.7 |
| Delaware | 81.8 | 72.3 | 72.3 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - |
| Florida | 52.4 | 50.2 | 57.0 |
| Georgia | 67.7 | 66.8 | 69.2 |
| Hawaii | 73.8 | 63.8 | 77.1 |
| Idaho | 77.2 | 72.6 | 84.3 |
| Illinois | 76.8 | 74.9 | 85.2 |
| Indiana | 78.4 | 70.7 | 82.9 |
| lowa | 85.8 | 80.5 | 86.2 |
| Kansas | 78.2 | 74.8 | 82.7 |
| Kentucky | 54.8 | 55.8 | 57.9 |
| Louisiana | 56.6 | 46.8 | 57.6 |
| Maine | 67.2 | 64.6 | 66.0 |
| Maryland | 85.5 | 83.7 | 87.1 |
| Massachusetts | 89.4 | 85.8 | 88.8 |
| Michigan | 73.0 | 67.3 | 80.2 |
| Minnesota | 96.8 | 92.4 | 93.8 |
| Mississippi | 72.8 | 71.7 | 77.4 |
| Missouri | 69.7 | 66.5 | 74.7 |
| Montana | 75.8 | 72.1 | 78.1 |
| Nebraska | 78.9 | 70.2 | 75.8 |
| Nevada | 87.8 | 69.7 | 86.8 |
| New Hampshire | 90.9 | 84.3 | 87.0 |
| New Jersey | 81.6 | 75.1 | 78.5 |
| New Mexico | 71.4 | 71.0 | 83.4 |
| New York | 85.2 | 83.7 | 86.5 |
| North Carolina | 73.1 | 68.0 | 70.7 |
| North Dakota | 84.7 | 75.4 | 88.7 |
| Ohio | 74.9 | 71.3 | 77.8 |
| Oklahoma | 61.6 | 57.5 | 69.2 |
| Oregon | 92.9 | 89.3 | 90.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 85.1 | 82.9 | 87.6 |
| Rhode Island | 94.2 | 89.0 | 89.0 |
| South Carolina | 74.3 | 71.6 | 76.8 |
| South Dakota | 72.0 | 61.6 | 74.7 |
| Tennessee | 52.0 | 53.1 | 59.6 |
| Texas | 69.7 | 70.0 | 82.2 |
| Utah | 66.2 | 65.5 | 76.3 |
| Vermont | 81.1 | 76.3 | 76.3 |
| Virginia | 67.0 | 69.0 | 74.4 |
| Washington | 82.7 | 75.6 | 83.5 |
| West Virginia | 75.9 | 73.2 | 77.9 |
| Wisconsin | 67.5 | 66.3 | 71.1 |
| Wyoming | 80.1 | 75.7 | 83.0 |

Figure 3.5 Percentage of Public School Science Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major or a Minor in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


## Preparation of Teachers

Table 3.5
Percentage of
Public School Mathe-
matics Teachers
(Grades 7-12 Only)
with a Major in Field,
by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 72.1 | 68.6 | 79.7 |
| Alabama | 88.6 | 82.3 | 86.5 |
| Alaska | 50.1 | 45.6 | 57.4 |
| Arizona | 60.8 | 51.1 | 60.8 |
| Arkansas | 70.0 | 70.5 | 80.1 |
| California | 49.8 | 45.1 | 60.7 |
| Colorado | 65.2 | 61.0 | 69.7 |
| Connecticut | 84.0 | 80.4 | 88.0 |
| Delaware | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | 82.2 | 82.2 | 82.2 |
| Florida , | 75.5 | 71.6 | 83.2 |
| Georgia | 81.8 | 78.6 | 81.3 |
| Hawaii | 68.9 | 55.1 | 61.7 |
| Idaho | 45.6 | 40.1 | 61.7 |
| Illinois | 82.4 | 78.9 | 88.5 |
| Indiana | 80.5 | 80.3 | 90.5 |
| lowa | 74.3 | 67.1 | 91.6 |
| Kansas | 62.9 | 58.8 | 80.7 |
| Kentucky | 78.6 | 70.9 | 79.1 |
| Louisiana | 62.5 | 53.4 | 65.6 |
| Maine | 68.1 | 64.4 | 71.0 |
| Maryland | 72.6 | 69.7 | 76.7 |
| Massachusetts | 75.7 | 66.9 | 75.4 |
| Michigan | 61.0 | 59.0 | 78.7 |
| Minnesota | 93.8 | 92.3 | 93.4 |
| Mississippi | 72.2 | 71.4 | 81.5 |
| Missouri | 88.6 | 86.2 | 94.6 |
| Montana | 77.1 | 74.9 | 89.8 |
| Nebraska | 82.8 | 82.2 | 86.9 |
| Nevada | 73.8 | 67.7 | 80.5 |
| New Hampshire | 75.8 | 71.5 | 82.0 |
| New Jersey | 69.1 | 69.2 | 74.4 |
| New Mexico | 68.7 | 62.9 | 81.4 |
| New York | 83.6 | 83.4 | 89.1 |
| North Carolina | 78.6 | 70.8 | 79.2 |
| North Dakota | 86.8 | 85.5 | 91.7 |
| Ohio | 63.8 | 63.7 | 76.0 |
| Oklahoma | 74.2 | 71.2 | 87.9 |
| Oregon | 61.4 | 54.8 | 59.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 98.3 | 98.1 | 98.5 |
| Rhode Island | 80.6 | 80.6 | 89.6 |
| South Carolina | 72.0 | 65.9 | 71.3 |
| South Dakota | 66.7 | 62.0 | 83.6 |
| Tennessee | 58.7 | 54.0 | 69.3 |
| Texas | 65.4 | 64.4 | 86.6 |
| Utah | 55.3 | 47.1 | 74.3 |
| Vermont | 74.7 | 68.9 | 77.2 |
| Virginia | 69.3 | 68.7 | 76.4 |
| Washington | 48.8 | 43.1 | 56.4 |
| West Virginia | 79.5 | 77.7 | 88.7 |
| Wisconsin | 75.7 | 74.3 | 82.9 |
| Wyoming | 78.1 | 75.7 | 88.2 |

Figure 3.6 Percentage of Public School Mathematics Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major or a Minor in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)



Source: U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| 4TM, $\qquad$ 48+4R | Main Assignment Second Assignment Either Assignmentwith Major |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 77.7 | 71.8 | 80.7 |
| Alabama | 75.1 | 68.9 | 81.6 |
| Alaska | 83.5 | 69.1 | 74.6 |
| Arizona | 65.3 | 62.3 | 72.3 |
| Arkansas | 77.7 | 74.5 | 89.9 |
| California | 75.8 | 67.2 | 76.8 |
| Colorado | 90.6 | 77.6 | 86.5 |
| Connecticut | 84.0 | 81.2 | 87.4 |
| Delaware | 90.3 | 68.9 | 68.9 |
| District of Columbia | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 |
| Florida | 83.4 | 79.9 | 87.7 |
| Georgia | 81.8 | 60.3 | 65.4 |
| Hawaii | 80.7 | 75.2 | 90.1 |
| Idaho | 68.9 | 61.2 | 78.7 |
| Illinois | 89.2 | 77.3 | 81.3 |
| Indiana | 75.7 | 74.1 | 83.5 |
| lowa | 79.7 | 68.5 | 77.0 |
| Kansas | 63.1 | 63.4 | 81.0 |
| Kentucky | 62.9 | 53.2 | 60.0 |
| Louisiana | 64.7 | 60.2 | 79.8 |
| Maine | 81.3 | 79.9 | 87.6 |
| Maryland | 85.5 | 77.2 | 79.7 |
| Massachusetts | 89.4 | 82.1 | 89.4 |
| Michigan | 67.1 | 66.6 | 82.4 |
| Minnesota | 83.5 | 82.4 | 85.1 |
| Mississippi | 65.9 | 65.0 | 73.6 |
| Missouri | 80.8 | 76.5 | 86.2 |
| Montana | 75.4 | 71.6 | 82.7 |
| Nebraska | 83.0 | 78.5 | 81.0 |
| Nevada | 84.6 | 80.7 | 87.3 |
| New Hampshire | 89.7 | 83.4 | 85.1 |
| New Jersey | 86.6 | 82.4 | 88.3 |
| New Mexico | 76.0 | 72.5 | 88.0 |
| New York | 89.4 | 87.6 | 89.6 |
| North Carolina | 87.0 | 84.5 | 86.3 |
| North Dakota | 79.8 | 75.6 | 87.1 |
| Ohio | 73.8 | 72.1 | 83.9 |
| Oklahoma | 78.4 | 74.9 | 84.3 |
| Oregon | 61.1 | 56.5 | 62.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 74.2 | 72.7 | 75.4 |
| Rhode Island | 93.5 | 93.5 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 78.2 | 71.7 | 76.9 |
| South Dakota | 73.4 | 63.4 | 70.8 |
| Tennessee | 72.6 | 59.3 | 69.3 |
| Texas | 71.0 | 64.7 | 83.3 |
| Utah | 72.9 | 66.3 | 82.6 |
| Vermont | 86.6 | 83.8 | 88.9 |
| Virginia | 93.2 | 82.0 | 83.8 |
| Washington | 64.0 | 55.7 | 65.9 |
| West Virginia | 74.3 | 71.5 | 86.4 |
| Wisconsin | 75.3 | 73.9 | 77.5 |
| Wyoming | 74.8 | 72.4 | 81.3 |

## Preparation of thathers

Figure 3.7 Percentage of Public School English Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major or a Minor in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Hawaii
Arkansas
New York
District of Columbia Massachusetts Vermont New Jersey New Mexico

Florida Maine Connecticut

Nevada North Dakota

Colorado
West Virginia North Carolina

Missouri
Minnesota
New Hampshire
Oklahoma
Ohio
Virginia
Indiana
Texas
Montana
Utah
Michigan
Alabama
Illinois
Wyoming
Kansas
Nebraska United States

Louisiana
Maryland
Idaho
Wisconsin
lowa
South Carolina
California
Pennsylvania
Alaska
Mississippi
Arizona
South Dakota
Tennessee
Delaware
Washington Georgia
Oregon
Kentucky


Table 3.7 Percentage of Public School Social Studies Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Genter for Education Statistics, S̄chools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| MainAssignment Second Assignment Elther AssighmentwithMajor Major, With Majof/Minor |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 79.8 | 74.3 | 86.5 |
| Alabama | 79.5 | 72.8 | 84.3 |
| Alaska | 66.3 | 58.3 | 77.9 |
| Arizona | 64.7 | 58.2 | 67.3 |
| Arkansas | 69.8 | 67.4 | 90.9 |
| California | 76.8 | 72.1 | 89.8 |
| Colorado | 60.9 | 58.2 | 69.6 |
| Connecticut | 92.1 | 84.3 | 96.0 |
| Delaware | 76.5 | 70.5 | 85.4 |
| District of Columbia | -. | - | - |
| Florida | 86.4 | 84.4 | 91.2 |
| Georgia | 89.8 | 81.4 | 82.8 |
| Hawaii | 86.4 | 70.6 | 83.8 |
| Idaho | 72.8 | 67.8 | 84.9 |
| Illinois. | 80.4 | 70.4 | 86.0 |
| Indiana | 89.3 | 81.8 | 90.6 |
| lowa | 81.1 | 74.3 | 82.3 |
| Kansas | 72.5 | 62.1 | 79.6 |
| Kentucky | 80.3 | 76.4 | 89.8 |
| Louisiana | 66:8 | 61.0 | 84.3 |
| Maine | 72.3 | 72.5 | 77.7 |
| Maryland | 91.5 | 90.2 | 96.6 |
| Massachusetts | 87.0 | 72.2 | 86.5 |
| Michigan | 87.8 | 75.2 | 92.3 |
| Minnesota | 89.1 | 84.1 | 91.6 |
| Mississippi | 82.8 | 80.7 | 91.8 |
| Missouri | 83.7 | 76.8 | 88.2 |
| Montana | 78.9 | 72.9 | 88.4 |
| Nebraska. 0 | 89.5 | 86.2 | 95.4 |
| Nevada | 86.0 | 84.7 | 92.9 |
| New Hampshire | 89.6 | 83.8 | 89.8 |
| New Jersey | 92.6 | 92.3 | 94.5 |
| New Mexico | 59.9 | 51.4 | 77.1 |
| New York | 87.4 | 81.5 | 90.8 |
| North Carolina | 87.7 | 75.8 | 77.5 |
| North Dakota | 76.5 | 72.6 | 88.9 |
| Ohio | 79.3 | 75.8 | 81.6 |
| Oklahoma | 70.8 | 68.8 | 92.7 |
| Oregon | 79.2 | 66.3 | 78.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 74.4 | 74.3 | 79.2 |
| Rhode Island | 93.0 | 93.0 | 93.0 |
| South Carolina | 7.1 .7 | 67.1 | 84.0 |
| South Dakota | 60.5 | 54.6 | 80.4 |
| Tennessee | 80.7 | 70.7 | 86.5 |
| Texas | 67.3 | 67.2 | 87.6 |
| Utah | 60.6 | 55.8 | 90.6 |
| Vermont | 81.2 | 75.1 | 86.5 |
| Virginia | 84.4 | 73.3 | 77.5 |
| Washington | 74.8 | 66.6 | 79.9 |
| West Virginia | 82.9 | 82.6 | 93.3 |
| Wisconsin | 84.7 | 83.7 | 87.1 |
| Wyoming | 81.0 | 80.1 | 91.4 |

Figure 3.8 Percentage of Public School Social Studies Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major or a Minor in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


> Table 3.8 Percentage of Public School Special Education Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 3.9 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with Special Education as Main Assignment with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


> Table 3.9 Percentage of Public School Foreign Language Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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Figure 3.10 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with Foreign Language as Main Assignment with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table 3.10 Percentage of Public School Vocational Education Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| (5x,ythereseret | ment Major | Second Assignment B \& with Major | Elther Assignment whith Major/Minor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 88.1 | 86.1 | 87.3 |
| Alabama | 95.3 | 94.5 | 94.5 |
| Alaska | 88.1 | 76.0 | 78.2 |
| Arizona | 79.7 | 78.0 | 83.5 |
| Arkansas | 94.1 | 94.2 | 95.6 |
| California | 78.7 | 73.7 | 77.5 |
| Colorado | 84.5 | 80.9 | 80.9 |
| Connecticut | 90.7 | 89.1 | 89.1 |
| Delaware | 89.6 | 90.2 | 90.2 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - |
| Florida | 83.8 | 84.6 | 88.4 |
| Georgia | 82.8 | 81.8 | 83.1 |
| Hawaii | 91.2 | 83.4 | 83.4 |
| Idaho | 92.4 | 89.6 | 89.6 |
| Illinois | 95.1 | 95.4 | 95.7 |
| Indiana | 91.6 | 90.6 | 90.6 |
| lowa | 93.9 | 93.2 | 93.2 |
| Kansas | 95.5 | 95.6 | 96.3 |
| Kentucky | 86.0 | 86.6 | 86.6 |
| Louisiana | 94.0 | 94.2 | 94.2 |
| Maine | 87.6 | 87.7 | 87.7 |
| Maryland | 91.6 | 82.9 | 82.9 |
| Massachusetts | 74.1 | 71.5 | 74.5 |
| Michigan | 95.3 | 90.4 | 92.0 |
| Minnesota | 95.6 | 95.9 | 95.9 |
| Mississippi | 84.9 | 84.3 | 85.2 |
| Missouri | 92.3 | 87.7 | 89.0 |
| Montana | 92.2 | 89.5 | 91.7 |
| Nebraska | 98.2 | 92.0 | 92.7 |
| Nevada | 94.1 | 94.6 | 94.6 |
| New Hampshire | 96.2 | 90.7 | 90.7 |
| New Jersey | 89.7 | 90.1 | 90.1 |
| New Mexico | 83.3 | 77.1 | 79.1 |
| New York | 92.3 | 86.2 | 88.1 |
| North Carolina | 80.0 | 80.0 | 80.0 |
| North Dakota | 92.8 | 92.3 | 95.1 |
| Ohio | 88.0 | 85.0 | 88.8 |
| Oklahoma | 98.2 | 97.0 | 97.5 |
| Oregon | 93.3 | 85.2 | 86.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 95.8 | 95.8 | 95.8 |
| Rhode Island | 89.8 | 89.8 | 89.8 |
| South Carolina | 74.3 | 70.5 | 70.5 |
| South Dakota | 91.9 | 91.6 | 91.6 |
| Tennessee | 80.7 | 79.5 | 80.2 |
| Texas | 81.6 | 81.0 | 83.0 |
| Utah | 90.1 | 88.5 | 88.5 |
| Vermont | 94.7 | 95.2 | 95.2 |
| Virginia | 84.3 | 83.2 | 83.2 |
| Washington | 76.1 | 70.2 | 70.2 |
| West Virginia | 91.8 | 87.2 | 87.2 |
| Wisconsin | 94.4 | 93.7 | 93.7 |
| Wyoming | 90.7 | 88.2 | 88.2 |

Figure 3.11 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12) with Vocational Education as Main Assignment with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table 3.11
Percentage of
Public School Teachers
(Grades $7-12$ Only)
Teaching at Least One
Course in
Mathematics or
Science Without a
Major or a Minor in
Those Fields, by School
Enroliment Size,
by State: 1993-94
$\square$
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| $\begin{gathered} k+8 \\ 8 \quad y \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { small } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Wath <br> Medlum I: . | $\begin{gathered} \text { Large } \end{gathered}$ | 趽 <br> Small妾 | Science Medium |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 38.5 | 37.0 | 29.3 | 24.1 | 28.9 | 19.4 |
| Alabama | - | - | 25.5 | - | - | 16.6 |
| Alaska | 66.2 | - | 46.1 | 30.6 | - | - |
| Arizona | - | - | 40.5 | - | - | 17.1 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 31.1 | - | - | 4.4 |
| California | 94.9 | 88.5 | 45.7 | - | - | 20.8 |
| Colorado | 65.3 | 78.2 | 14.7 | - | . - | 7.5 |
| Connecticut | - | - | 19.5 | - | 0.0 | 18.5 |
| Delaware | - | - | 45.7 | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | - | - | 24.2 | - | - | 16.8 |
| Georgia | - | - | 22.7 | - | - | 34.3 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 41.5 | - | - | - |
| Idaho | 39.9 | 52.0 | 38.6 | - | - | 12.4 |
| Illinois | - | - | 35.4 | - | - | 27.8 |
| Indiana | - | - | 24.2 | - | - | 14.5 |
| lowa | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0 |
| Kansas | - | - | 34.1 | 30.9 | - | 7.8 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 27.7 | - | - | 25.3 |
| Louisiana | - | 56.8 | 36.0 | - | 56.4 | 27.6 |
| Maine | - | 45.5 | 32.2 | - | - | 29.4 |
| Maryland | - | - | 26.3 | - | - | 9.6 |
| Massachusetts | - | 48.8 | 33.7 | - | 23.1 | 12.0 |
| Michigan | - | 31.4 | 38.3 | - | 22.3 | 23.8 |
| Minnesota | - | - | 13.8 | - | - | 6.1 |
| Mississippi | - | - | 24.0 | - | - | 27.8 |
| Missouri | - | - | 12.5 | - | - | 20.9 |
| Montana | 30.6 | - | - | 13.3 | - | - |
| Nebraska | 26.3 | - | - | 29.1 | - | 0.0 |
| Nevada | - | - | 39.0 | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | 32.5 | - | - | 28.9 |
| New Mexico | - | - | 33.6 | - | - | 19.4 |
| New York | - | - | 27.2 | - | - | 12.8 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 25.1 | - | 62.2 | 23.0 |
| North Dakota | 15.0 | - | - | 8.2 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | 46.5 | 26.6 | - | - | 19.6 |
| Oklahoma | 37.2 | 48.8 | 14.0 | 32.0 | - | 12.3 |
| Oregon | - | 73.2 | 38.1 | - | - | 10.1 |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | 13.5 | - | - | 15.9 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 25.6 | - | - | 19.8 |
| South Dakota | 30.7 | 28.6 | - | 30.4 | - | - |
| Tennessee | - | 60.4 | 31.0 | - | - | 34.0 |
| Texas | 29.8 | - | 24.0 | - | - | 17.3 |
| Utah | - | - | 28.9 | - | - | 18.0 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | - | - | 28.8 | - | - | 30.8 |
| Washington | - | 83.6 | 50.3 | - | - | 11.3 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 35.7 | - | - | 18.2 |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 37.0 | - | 49.5 | 15.2 |
| Wyoming | 31.4 | - | 16.2 | - | - | 19.2 |

Figure 3.12 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course in Mathematics Without a Major or a Minor in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 3.13 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course in Sciences Without a Major or a Minor in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table 3.12 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course in Social Studies or English Without a Major or a Minor in Those Fields, by School Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students. large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Social Studies <br> English <br> Small Medium Large Small Medium Large |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 23.2 | 20.6 | 18.5 | 26.9 | 26.8 | 26.4 |
| Alabama | - | - | 25.3 | - | - | 32.2 |
| Alaska | - | - | - | 40.2 | - | - |
| Arizona | - | 71.2 | 29.8 | - | -. | 34.3 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 16.3 | - | 19.6 | 29.3 |
| California | - | - | 12.4 | 一, | - | 27.4 |
| Colorado | - | - | 35.7 | - | - | 16.9 |
| Connecticut | - | - | 13.0 | - | - | 24.7 |
| Delaware | - | - | - | - | - | 50.5 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | - | - | 13.2 | - | 23.1 | 29.5 |
| Georgia | - | - | 25.5 | - | - | 34.7 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 21.2 | - | - | - |
| Idaho | - | - | 16.5 | - | 44.5 | 17.5 |
| Illinois | - | - | 26.6 | - | - | 33.9 |
| Indiana | - | - | 17.0 | - | 21.2 | 21.4 |
| lowa | - | - | - | - | - | 35.7 |
| Kansas | - | - | 27.2 | - | - | 29.1 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 15.2 | - | 74.2 | 29.7 |
| Louisiana | - | 22.3 | 21.3 | - | 27.3 | 22.2 |
| Maine | - | - | - | - | 17.8 | 27.0 |
| Maryland | - | - | 11.6 | - | - | 23.0 |
| Massachusetts | - | 18.4 | 13.9 | - | 9.1 | 16.6 |
| Michigan | - | 11.6 | 5.6 | - | 28.8 | 25.7 |
| Minnesota | - | - | 10.8 | - | - | 22.2 |
| Mississippi | - | 0.0 | 14.1 | - | - | 30.1 |
| Missouri | - | - | 17.8 | - | - | 15.1 |
| Montana | 19.9 | - | - | 25.7 | -30.7 | 19.6 |
| Nebraska | 13.0 | - | - | 24.4 | - | - |
| Nevada | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | 19.8 | - | - | 25.0 |
| New Mexico | - | - | 25.2 | - | - | 25.4 |
| New York | - | - | 13.2 | - | 6.3 | 15.6 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 30.5 | - | - | 22.3 |
| North Dakota | 18.2 | - | - | 14.1 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | - | 20.3 | - | - | 29.8 |
| Oklahoma | 17.8 | 9.3 | 13.2 | 24.6 | 21.2 | 24.6 |
| Oregon | - | - | 20.6 | 57.9 | - | 38.2 |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | 28.5 | - | - | 28.3 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | 70.4 | 15.2 | - | - | 29.3 |
| South Dakota | 26.8 | - | - | 25.6 | - | 33.6 |
| Tennessee | - | - | 14.4 | - | 48.8 | 36.8 |
| Texas | - | - | 14.8 | 11.1 | 15.4 | 22.9 |
| Utah | - | - | 16.0 | - | - | 22.3 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | - | - | 32.6 | - | - | 23.9 |
| Washington | - | - | 23.9 | - | - | 41.6 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 21.3 | - | 28.7 | 27.5 |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 14.7 | - | - | 26.1 |
| Wyoming | - | - | - | - | - | 18.5 |

Figure 3.14 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course in Social Studies Without a Major or a Minor in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey; 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 3.15 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course of English Without a Major or a Minor in Schools with 600 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table 3.13 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades K-6 only) with Pre-elementary or Elementary Education Majors and with Education Beyond a Bachelor's Degree, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| E. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 74.2 | 44.0 |
| Alabama | 84.4 | 64.1 |
| Alaska | 71.1 | 33.4 |
| Arizona | 74.8 | 42.8 |
| Arkansas | 86.9 | 33.9 |
| California | 45.1 | 34.9 |
| Colorado | 69.4 | 49.6 |
| Connecticut | 79.3 | 78.4 |
| Delaware | 79.4 | 47.5 |
| District of Columbia | 80.0 | 45.0 |
| Florida | 76.6 | 40.8 |
| Georgia | 81.7 | 48.4 |
| Hawaii | 85.8 | 52.6 |
| Idaho | 77.1 | 19.4 |
| Illinois | 73.9 | 43.9 |
| Indiana | 79.7 | 77.9 |
| lowa | 83.1 | 26.2 |
| Kansas | 79.9 | 44.2 |
| Kentucky | 86.4 | 69.7 |
| Louisiana | 84.9 | 32.2 |
| Maine | 75.8 | 27.1 |
| Maryland | 73.0 | 53.5 |
| Massachusetts | 70.2 | 55.6 |
| Michigan | 65.0 | 49.2 |
| Minnesota | 80.8 | 35.4 |
| Mississippi | 77.4 | 41.4 |
| Missouri | 80.8 | 44.1 |
| Montana | 80.7 | 26.7 |
| Nebraska | 83.5 | 36.3 |
| Nevada | 72.9 | 47.1 |
| New Hampshire | 66.4 | 30.8 |
| New Jersey | 75.5 | 35.4 |
| New Mexico | 78.0 | 42.4 |
| New York | 72.9 | 70.6 |
| North Carolina | 79.2 | 36.7 |
| North Dakota | 88.1 | 19.1 |
| Ohio | 82.3 | 46.5 |
| Oklahoma | 83.7 | 44.7 |
| Oregon | 75.5 | 33.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 79.8 | 51.8 |
| Rhode Island | 78.8 | 58.2 |
| South Carolina | 77.4 | 44.9 |
| South Dakota | 86.4 | 21.1 |
| Tennessee | 80.9 | 44.3 |
| Texas | 75.8 | 28.3 |
| Utah | 82.6 | 23.9 |
| Vermont | 71.5 | 45.6 |
| Virginia | 77.0 | 33.2 |
| Washington | 59.9 | 37.4 |
| West Virginia | 79.1 | 57.0 |
| Wisconsin | 77.9 | 33.4 |
| Wyoming | 76.6 | 23.6 |

Figure 3.16 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades K-6 Only) with Pre-elementary or Elementary Education Majors, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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Table 3.14 Average Years of Teaching Experience and Percentage of Public School Teachers by Years of Teaching Experience, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 15.2 | 8.5 | 24.4 | 35.7 | 31.4 |
| Alabama | 14.3 | 10.5 | 22.1 | 41.8 | 25.5 |
| Alaska | 13.7 | 7.2 | 27.5 | 44.0 | 21.4 |
| Arizona | 13.3 | 11.6 | 27.6 | 40.1 | 20.8 |
| Arkansas | 14.1 | 8.4 | 27.1 | 40.9 | 23.6 |
| California | 15.4 | 8.5 | 26.9 | 31.3 | 33.3 |
| Colorado | 14.5 | 7.5 | 25.3 | 39.8 | 27.4 |
| Connecticut | 17.3 | 5.3 | 17.6 | 37.2 | 40.0 |
| Delaware | 15.6 | 7.3 | 23.1 | 37.2 | 32.3 |
| District of Columbia | 17.6 | 10.3 | 15.2 | 30.1 | 44.4 |
| Florida | 14.0 | 8.4 | 28.3 | 38.4 | 24.8 |
| Georgia | 13.0 | 12.5 | 28.7 | 35.3 | 23.6 |
| Hawaii | 14.7 | 11.7 | 28.8 | 24.2 | 35.2 |
| Idaho | 12.9 | 10.2 | 32.5 | 35.6 | 21.6 |
| Illinois | 16.1 | 6.8 | 22.9 | 33.0 | 37.2 |
| Indiana | 16.1 | 5.0 | 23.1 | 38.9 | 33.1 |
| lowa | 16.7 | 6.9 | 21.6 | 33.3 | 38.2 |
| Kansas | 14.2 | 10.1 | 28.5 | 35.2 | 26.2 |
| Kentucky | 14.8 | 9.0 | 26.4 | 33.1 | 31.5 |
| Louisiana | 14.0 | 9.5 | 29.3 | 34.8 | 26.4 |
| Maine | 15.1 | 5.3 | 26.8 | 38.9 | 29.0 |
| Maryland | 15.4 | 11.1 | 21.4 | 33.6 | 34.0 |
| Massachusetts | 17.8 | 6.7 | 15.4 | 35.0 | 42.9 |
| Michigan | 17.5 | 5.5 | 21.2 | 29.2 | 44.0 |
| Minnesota | 16.6 | 8.7 | 20.7 | 33.4 | 37.1 |
| Mississippi | 14.4 | 9.5 | 22.9 | 39.8 | 27.8 |
| Missouri | 14.3 | 9.2 | 26.4 | 38.1 | 26.3 |
| Montana | 14.0 | 8.9 | 25.8 | 40.5 | 24.7 |
| Nebraska | 15.8 | 7.0 | 21.3 | 41.3 | 30.4 |
| Nevada | 12.9 | 10.6 | 32.1 | 36.2 | 21.1 |
| New Hampshire | 14.9 | 7.7 | 24.9 | 39.8 | 27.6 |
| New Jersey | 17.5 | 5.1 | 18.5 | 34.7 | 41.6 |
| New Mexico | 12.6 | 11.3 | 32.0 | 34.6 | 22.2 |
| New York | 15.8 | 8.7 | 22.7 | 30.7 | 38.0 |
| North Carolina | 14.3 | 9.0 | 26.1 | 39.6 | 25.4 |
| North Dakota | 14.5 | 7.0 | 26.3 | 40.8 | 25.9 |
| Ohio | 16.1 | 5.8 | 20.8 | 40.2 | 33.1 |
| Oklahoma | 13.4 | 9.5 | 26.8 | 41.3 | 22.4 |
| Oregon | 15.4 | 4.6 | 23.9 | 42.2 | 29.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 17.9 | 5.9 | 17.1 | 33.0 | 44.1 |
| Rhode Island | 17.0 | 5.2 | 21.8 | 29.0 | 43.9 |
| South Carolina | 14.0 | 10.0 | 24.8 | 42.3 | 22.9 |
| South Dakota | 14.4 | 8.4 | 26.5 | 39.7 | 25.3 |
| Tennessee | 15.1 | 12.2 | 22.1 | 36.2 | 29.5 |
| Texas | 12.9 | 11.6 | 29.3 | 37.8 | 21.4 |
| Utah | 12.8 | 10.0 | 33.3 | 36.8 | 19.9 |
| Vermont | 15.0 | 5.7 | 26.6 | 37.8 | 29.9 |
| Virginia | 14.4 | 10.1 | 25.3 | 37.7 | 26.9 |
| Washington | 14.3 | 9.2 | 27.9 | 32.8 | 30.1 |
| West Virginia | 16.4 | 3.4 | 20.6 | 44.2 | 31.9 |
| Wisconsin | 16.7 | 7.4 | 23.2 | 30.1 | 39.3 |
| Wyoming | 15.0 | 7.7 | 21.7 | 43.0 | 27.6 |

## Preparation of Teachers



Figure 3.18 Percentage of Public School Teachers with More than 20 Years of Teaching Experience, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)
 $0 \quad 20 \quad 40$

Figure 3.19
Percentage of Public School Teachers with More than 20 Years of Teaching Experience, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


## 4



The amount of time that teachers devote to helping each student learn skills for tomorrow is determined by class size and curriculum policy. Although it is difficult to isolate the effects of individual factors in assessing impact on learning in the schools, there is a logical basis for expecting that smaller class sizes, more time on subject, and greater involvement of teachers in professional decisions about the schools in which they teach will be beneficial. In some schools, districts, and states, teachers play a larger decision-making role than in others in shaping the curriculum and environment of the schools; and the extensive information provided by teachers and principals through the Schools and Staffing Survey provides valuable contexts for interpreting the situation in any particular school.

## Example of SASS Analyses

Class sizes, unlike student/teacher ratios, give a concrete picture of the typical learning situation in public schools. Tables 4.1-4.4 and figures 4.1-4.6 show the range of average class sizes across states. ${ }^{1}$ Table 4.1 and figure 4.1 focus on elementary grades (Kindergarten through sixth), and the other class size tables and figures focus on particular kinds of secondary classes: science, mathematics, English, and vocational education. While national average class sizes in all of these types are between 22 and 24 , state averages vary from less than 20 to nearly 30.

Although students can choose their emphases in high school, the amount of time they are exposed to mathematics, science, reading, and social studies in elementary schools is determined by the school system. Tables 4.5 and 4.6 and figures 4.7-4.9 show elementary school teachers' reports that, on average, they spent about 22 hours per week teaching these four core subjects. The amount of time spent on each subject changes from grades 1-3 to grades $4-6$, as can be seen by comparing tables 4.5 and 4.6 , with a decreasing emphasis on reading and language arts and increasing emphasis on social studies and science. These averages also reflect somewhat greater variation between states in grades 1-3 than in grades 4-6.
In responding to SASS, principals estimated the amount of influence they, teachers, parents, the school board, and the state had on various aspects of school deci-sion-making. Tables 4.7-4.10 and figure 4.10 indicate the percentages of each group that were estimated to have a great deal of influence on establishing the school curriculum, overall and for small, medium, and large schools. A great deal

1. Tables 4.1-4.6 are restricted to a subset of the public school teacher population. Refer to Special Populations in Appendix C for the proper definition of each subset.
of variation in the perceived influence of state departments of education can be seen in figure 4.10. Table 4.11 and figures 4.11 and 4.12 display ratings of influence on teacher hiring decisions, and table 4.12 and figure 4.13 display ratings of influence on setting school discipline policies. Finally, table 4.13 and figures 4.14 and 4.15 display teachers' own perceptions of influence that they had on school curriculum decisions.

## Other Uses of SASS Data

This SASS by State briefing book highlights only some of the state-level comparisons that can be made concerning the conditions of teaching, using SASS. These conditions can be further analyzed by community type and student enrollment characteristics; and teacher salaries and satisfaction can be compared to the conditions in which teaching occurs. Further analyses that relate these perceptions to teachers' own education and experience and to perceptions of problems in particular schools can inform state educational policy initiatives.

> Table 4.1
> Grades K-6 Average Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with 30 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


| United States | 23.9 | 16.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 23.2 | 14.6 |
| Alaska | 23.7 | 14.9 |
| Arizona | 27.9 | 46.5 |
| Arkansas | 22.2 | 2.0 |
| California | 27.7 | 32.2 |
| Colorado | 25.9 | 27.6 |
| Connecticut | 21.1 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 25.5 | 18.1 |
| District of Columbia | 16.3 | 3.5 |
| Florida | 24.5 | 24.0 |
| Georgia | 25.3 | 23.5 |
| Hawaii | 25.3 | 16.2 |
| Idaho | 19.9 | 13.4 |
| Illinois | 22.3 | 12.1 |
| Indiana | 26.7 | 24.9 |
| lowa | 24.3 | 10.3 |
| Kansas | 24.6 | 14.5 |
| Kentucky | 23.7 | 0.9 |
| Louisiana | 22.6 | 13.0 |
| Maine | 18.6 | 3.8 |
| Maryland | 26.1 | 32.9 |
| Massachusetts | 20.8 | 6.8 |
| Michigan | 23.4 | 12.5 |
| Minnesota | 26.1 | 23.4 |
| Mississippi | 24.9 | 17.6 |
| Missouri | 22.7 | 10.2 |
| Montana | 22.7 | 9.7 |
| Nebraska | 18.1 | 7.0 |
| Nevada | 26.5 | 31.9 |
| New Hampshire | 25.1 | 13.9 |
| New Jersey | 19.2 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 23.0 | 6.7 |
| New York | 25.6 | 45.8 |
| North Carolina | 28.3 | 17.7 |
| North Dakota | 20.2 | 3.0 |
| Ohio | 25.2 | 12.9 |
| Oklahoma | 21.9 | 11.1 |
| Oregon | 26.0 | 23.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 24.5 | 17.4 |
| Rhode Island | 21.0 | 4.8 |
| South Carolina | 23.3 | 7.7 |
| South Dakota | 24.7 | 5.9 |
| Tennessee | 25.3 | 17.8 |
| Texas | 22.5 | 6.2 |
| Utah | 29.4 | 56.8 |
| Vermont | 11.4 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 23.9 | 14.2 |
| Washington | 25.0 | 9.1 |
| West Virginia | 26.9 | 19.0 |
| Wisconsin | 24.1 | 6.2 |
| Wyoming | 21.0 | 7.9 |

## Conditions trieaching

Figure 4.1
Grades K-6 Average Class Size, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


West Virginia Indiana Nevada Maryland nesota EWTR 6. Wheswh Fimyskuex






[4 WWM


F
:





[4x







$x^{4}+2$

W. Wherexuyx



18 dents

Figure 4.2

## Grades K-6 Average Class Size, by State

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table 4.2
Grades 7-12 Science
and Biology Class Size,
and Percentage of
Classes with 30 or
More Students,
by State: $1993-94$

Note: Science classes include general science, chemistry, physics, geology/earth science/space science, and other physical sciences.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| Sclence $\%$ above Biology $\quad$ \% aboveClass 29 students 29 students |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 23.8 | 21.5 | 23.8 | 20.1 |
| Alabama | 23.6 | 17.3 | 23.6 | 22.2 |
| Alaska | 20.6 | 15.8 | 21.6 | - |
| Arizona | 27.2 | 43.4 | 26.9 | 44.0 |
| Arkansas | 19.9 | 5.3 | 21.2 | 9.0 |
| California | 29.0 | 59.2 | 28.8 | 53.6 |
| Colorado | 23.7 | 15.6 | 25.8 | 31.7 |
| Connecticut | 19.1 | 2.1 | 19.9 | - |
| Delaware | 28.3 | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | 28.0 | 57.6 | 26.7 | 47.5 |
| Georgia | 24.1 | 15.4 | 24.1 | 23.1 |
| Hawaii | 24.2 | - | 23.0 | - |
| Idaho | 24.0 | 19.0 | 25.2 | 25.0 |
| Illinois | 23.9 | 18.5 | 23.6 | 13.8 |
| Indiana | 23.1 | 16.1 | 24.2 | 12.8 |
| lowa | 22.1 | 9.3 | 23.1 | 22.2 |
| Kansas | 21.8 | 16.3 | 21.5 | 13.1 |
| Kentucky | 23.7 | 21.8 | 26.1 | 40.8 |
| Louisiana | 24.3 | 26.9 | 24.6 | 19.8 |
| Maine | 20.1 | 2.3 | 19.3 | - |
| Maryland | 24.7 | 35.6 | 23.2 | 12.9 |
| Massachusetts | 22.1 | 16.9 | 20.8 | 10.7 |
| Michigan | 25.1 | 21.7 | 24.2 | 16.5 |
| Minnesota | 25.8 | 23.4 | 28.1 | 46.1 |
| Mississippi | 22.6 | 21.0 | 23.3 | 13.1 |
| Missouri | 23.3 | 16.3 | 24.5 | - |
| Montana | 19.0 | 5.9 | 21.8 | 10.0 |
| Nebraska | 19.0 | 9.6 | 17.2 | 1.5 |
| Nevada | 27.0 | - | 26.1 | - |
| New Hampshire | 22.9 | - | 21.7 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 19.6 | 1.7 | 20.5 | - |
| New Mexico | 24.0 | 22.0 | 25.1 | 25.5 |
| New York | 24.0 | 23.8 | 22.5 | 18.5 |
| North Carolina | 23.2 | 5.0 | 23.3 | 8.4 |
| North Dakota | 20.5 | 5.1 | 19.8 | 2.0 |
| Ohio | 22.5 | 12.1 | 24.0 | 20.5 |
| Oklahoma | 19.0 | 6.0 | 21.9 | 13.8 |
| Oregon | 24.9 | 19.6 | 25.5 | 26.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 23.0 | 17.7 | 24.1 | - |
| Rhode Island | 20.6 | - | 24.3 | - |
| South Carolina | 23.2 | 12.6 | 23.1 | 12.3 |
| South Dakota | 21.4 | 11.4 | 22.4 | 17.6 |
| Tennessee | 26.8 | 33.7 | 25.5 | 27.8 |
| Texas | 21.8 | 14.7 | 23.2 | 13.6 |
| Utah | 29.0 | 54.2 | 29.0 | 56.0 |
| Vermont | 19.8 | - | 19.8 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 22.1 | 2.3 | 22.9 | 10.6 |
| Washington | 25.3 | 26.1 | 26.2 | 30.8 |
| West Virginia | 23.0 | 20.6 | 22.4 | 11.6 |
| Wisconsin | 23.4 | 10.5 | 23.6 | 12.6 |
| Wyoming | 18.1 | 3.2 | 22.1 | - |

Figure 4.3 Grades 7-12 Science Class Size, by State: 1993-94

Note: Science classes include general science, chemistry, physics, geology/earth science/space science, and other physical sciences.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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Table 4.3 Grades 7-12 Mathematics Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with $\mathbf{3 0}$ or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Note: Mathematics classes includes courses in general and business math, elementary and intermediate algebra, and geometry. Advanced Mathematics is any course beyond Geometry, e.g., advanced algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry, probability/statistics, or calculus.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Advanced Mathematics | \% above 29 students | Math | \% above 29 students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 22.3 | 18.0 | 22.9 | 19.3 |
| Alabama | 22.3 | 19.6 | 21.9 | 14.0 |
| Alaska | 19.2 | - | 20.4 | 15.1 |
| Arizona | 23.2 | 15.7 | 26.6 | 36.7 |
| Arkansas | 18.8 | 0.0 | 18.4 | 3.0 |
| California | 28.4 | 47.7 | 27.9 | 53.4 |
| Colorado | 21.3 | 22.9 | 23.7 | 20.7 |
| Connecticut | 23.3 | - | 19.4 | 2.9 |
| Delaware | - | - | 23.1 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 20.4 | - |
| Florida | 23.6 | - | 25.0 | 35.1 |
| Georgia | 23.7 | - | 23.5 | 21.6 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 21.8 | 29.3 |
| Idaho | 19.3 | 12.3 | 23.2 | 16.6 |
| Illinois | 25.2 | - | 23.7 | 16.2 |
| Indiana | 21.9 | 14.2 | 22.4 | 10.9 |
| lowa | 17.0 | - | 18.2 | 8.3 |
| Kansas | 21.0 | - | 19.5 | 8.4 |
| Kentucky | 22.5 | - | 21.9 | 11.8 |
| Louisiana | 19.4 | 12.8 | 21.1 | 10.6 |
| Maine | 18.3 | 3.4 | 19.4 | 4.2 |
| Maryland | 24.0 | - | 25.0 | 33.1 |
| Massachusetts | 20.1 | 8.6 | 21.5 | 8.3 |
| Michigan | 23.8 | - | 25.2 | 20.1 |
| Minnesota | 22.8 | 23.2 | 24.6 | 20.5 |
| Mississippi | 22.2 | - | 22.1 | 11.6 |
| Missouri | 19.7 | 7.1 | 22.8 | 13.3 |
| Montana | 16.8 | 0.7 | 18.2 | 6.7 |
| Nebraska | 19.2 | - | 19.1 | 6.2 |
| Nevada | 23.7 | - | 26.5 | 38.0 |
| New Hampshire | 21.2 | - | 20.7 | 6.8 |
| New Jersey | 18.3 | - | 19.8 | 5.3 |
| New Mexico | 23.4 | - | 23.1 | 22.7 |
| New York | 21.4 | 17.0 | 21.9 | 21.6 |
| North Carolina | 23.0 | - | 22.7 | 10.1 |
| North Dakota | 17.5 | 2.5 | 20.1 | 5.9 |
| Ohio | 23.2 | - | 22.0 | 13.2 |
| Oklahoma | 16.4 | 2.4 | 18.9 | 5.1 |
| Oregon | 22.1 | 28.0 | 22.5 | 18.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 22.9 | - | 24.6 | 23.0 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | 21.7 | - |
| South Carolina | 17.4 | - | 22.0 | 11.2 |
| South Dakota | 17.6 | 2.6 | 18.2 | 4.5 |
| Tennessee | 22.6 | - | 24.6 | 29.4 |
| Texas | 21.4 | 13.7 | 21.4 | 12.4 |
| Utah | 27.3 | - | 28.4 | 51.9 |
| Vermont | - | - | 20.2 | - |
| Virginia | 19.7 | - | 20.2 | 5.9 |
| Washington | 25.6 | 35.6 | 24.9 | 24.2 |
| West Virginia | 21.8 | - | 20.9 | 12.3 |
| Wisconsin | 21.7 | - | 23.0 | 14.8 |
| Wyoming | 18.2 | - | 19.4 | 4.0 |

## Figure 4.4 Grades 7-12 Mathematics Class Size, by State

Note: Mathematics classes includes courses in general and business math, elementary and intermediate algebra, and geometry.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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Table 4.4 Grades 7-12 Vocational Education and English Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with 30 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 4.5 Grades 7-12 Vocational Education Class Size, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


## Conditions for teachine

Figure 4.6
Grades 7-12 English Class Size, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

California
Minnesota Arizona Florida
Washington Kentucky Nevada Colorado Oregon
Tennessee
Idaho

New Mexico
Louisiana
Missouri
Rhode Island
Indiana
Michigan
Georgia
Pennsylvania
Ohio
United States
Alabama
Illinois
Wisconsin
Mississippi
North Carolina
Maryland
Texas
lowa
South Carolina
Hawaii
Virginia
New York
South Dakota
West Virginia
Wyoming
Oklahoma
Montana

## New Hampshire

Alaska
Kansas
Arkansas
Massachusetts
New Jersey
Connecticut
North Dakota
Vermont
Maine
Nebraska
Delaware
District of Columbia











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too few cases for a reliable estimate

0

## Conditions for Teaching

Table 4.5
Average Hours Per
Week that Grades 1-3
Public School Teachers
in Self-Contained
Classes Spent Teach-
ing Core Subjects,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 11.5 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 22.6 |
| Alabama | 11.8 | 5.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 23.0 |
| Alaska | 11.5 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 22.6 |
| Arizona | 11.7 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 22.2 |
| Arkansas | 11.9 | 4.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 22.3 |
| California | 10.6 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 22.2 |
| Colorado | 12.1 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 23.2 |
| Connecticut | 12.9 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 23.2 |
| Delawarė | 10.7 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 19.6 |
| District of Columbia | 9.6 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 22.7 |
| Florida | 11.6 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 24.8 |
| Georgia | 11.1 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 24.0 |
| Hawaii | 9.8 | 5.1 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 20.4 |
| Idaho | 11.6 | 5.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 22.2 |
| Illinois | 11.0 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 20.6 |
| Indiana | 13.0 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 24.6 |
| lowa | 12.1 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 21.6 |
| Kansas | 12.0 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 22.5 |
| Kentucky | 13.4 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 26.1 |
| Louisiana | 12.7 | 5.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 23.9 |
| Maine | 10.6 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 22.0 |
| Maryland | 11.5 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 22.6 |
| Massachusetts | 11.0 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 21.3 |
| Michigan | 11.0 | 5.0 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 22.3 |
| Minnesota | 10.6 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 20.6 |
| Mississippi | 15.3 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 26.8 |
| Missouri | 11.5 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 22.2 |
| Montana | 12.3 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 23.4 |
| Nebraska | 11.5 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 21.5 |
| Nevada | 11.4 | 5.9 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 23.4 |
| New Hampshire | 10.6 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 20.9 |
| New Jersey | 11.1 | 5.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 22.1 |
| New Mexico | 10.9 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 22.1 |
| New York | 10.7 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 22.7 |
| North Carolina | 11.1 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 23.0 |
| North Dakota | 11.4 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 21.0 |
| Ohio | 12.0 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 21.8 |
| Oklahoma | 10.9 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 20.7 |
| Oregon | 10.0 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 20.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 13.0 | 5.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 23.8 |
| Rhode Isiand | 13.0 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 22.2 |
| South Carolina | 9.5 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 20.0 |
| South Dakota | 12.5 | 5.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 22.5 |
| Tennessee | 11.7 | 5.5 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 22.8 |
| Texas | 12.5 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 23.5 |
| Utah | 11.4 | 5.7 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 21.6 |
| Vermont | 10.1 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 20.6 |
| Virginia | 11.4 | 5.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 22.0 |
| Washington | 11.2 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 22.5 |
| West Virginia | 13.9 | 5.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 24.3 |
| Wisconsin | 11.4 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 21.6 |
| Wyoming | 12.7 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 22.3 |

## Conditions for Teach $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{h}$

> Figure 4.7 Average Hours Per Week that Grades 1-3 Public School Teachers in Self-Contained Classes Spent Teaching English/Reading/ Language Arts, by State

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table 4.6
Average Hours Per
Week that Grades 4-6
Public School Teachers
in Self-Contained
Classes Spent Teach-
ing Core Subjects,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 9.3 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 21. |
| Alabama | 9.6 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 23.6 |
| Alaska | 8.3 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 19.6 |
| Arizona | 9.2 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 20.4 |
| Arkansas | 8.8 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 21.2 |
| California | 9.3 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 22.2 |
| Colorado | 10.4 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 22.6 |
| Connecticut | 9.6 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 21.3 |
| Delaware | 7.6 | - | 3.6 | 3.6 | 23.2 |
| District of Columbia | 9.1 | 6.5 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 23. |
| Florida | 9.6 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 20.9 |
| Georgia | 9.9 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 22.8 |
| Hawaii | 9.1 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 20. |
| Idaho | 9.3 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 21.0 |
| Illinois | 8.6 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 20.4 |
| Indiana | 9.9 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 22.4 |
| lowa | 9.5 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 21.3 |
| Kansas | 9.3 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 20.7 |
| Kentucky | 9.1 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 21.5 |
| Louisiana | 9.8 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 23. |
| Maine | 9.0 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 20.6 |
| Maryland | 10.5 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 21.4 |
| Massachusetts | 9.3 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 21.3 |
| Michigan | 8.1 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 19.7 |
| Minnesota | 8.2 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 19.6 |
| Mississippi | 9.6 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 22.2 |
| Missouri | 8.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 22.4 |
| Montana | 9.2 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 22.1 |
| Nebraska | 8.4 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 20.2 |
| Nevada | 9.7 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 20.8 |
| New Hampshire | 9.4 | 5.4 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 21. |
| New Jersey | 8.4 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 20.5 |
| New Mexico | 10.0 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 21. |
| New York | 9.5 | 5.6 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 23.5 |
| North Carolina | 8.1 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 21.7 |
| North Dakota | 9.0 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 21.6 |
| Ohio | 9.4 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 21.9 |
| Oklahoma | 9.6 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 22.5 |
| Oregon | 9.4 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 19.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 9.5 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 22.4 |
| Rhode Island | 10.9 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 22.5 |
| South Carolina | 7.9 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 19.4 |
| South Dakota | 9.7 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 22.4 |
| Tennessee | 9.7 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 23.0 |
| Texas | 10.6 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 23.2 |
| Utah | 8.5 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 20.8 |
| Vermont | 9.1 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 21.2 |
| Virginia | 9.7 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 21. |
| Washington | 8:3 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 19. |
| West Virginia | 10.2 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 23.2 |
| Wisconsin | 9.3 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 21.1 |
| Wyoming | 9.0 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 20.3 |

Figure 4.8
Average Hours Per Week that Grades 4-6 Public School Teachers in Self-Contained Classes Spent Teaching ArithmetidMathematics, by State

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


[^2]Figure 4.9 Average Hours Per Week that Grades 4-6 Public School Teachers in Self-Contained Classes Spent Teaching Science, by State

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

hours per week
Table 4.7
Percentage of Public
Schools Principals
who Thought Various
Groups Had a Great
Deal of Influence on
Establishing the
School Curriculum,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

| State Department of Education |  | Principals Teăchers |  |  | ents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 64.9 | 39.6 | 53.9 | 61.5 | 9.3 |
| Alabama | 87.7 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 34.8 | 7.2 |
| Alaska | 32.4 | 58.9 | 59.2 | 70.2 | 19.4 |
| Arizona | 56.7 | 44.0 | 52.3 | 61.8 | 11.0 |
| Arkansas | 78.3 | 33.4 | 48.6 | 46.0 | 8.3 |
| California | 79.7 | 38.6 | 60.3 | 67.4 | 8.0 |
| Colorado | 18.7 | 51.6 | 64.6 | 79.7 | 15.4 |
| Connecticut | 64.9 | 48.6 | 62.0 | 62.7 | 8.3 |
| Delaware | 70.5 | 35.9 | 44.7 | 58.4 | 4.8 |
| District of Columbia | 42.1 | 65.2 | 41.5 | 34.3 | 21.5 |
| Florida | 64.7 | 63.7 | 53.9 | 51.7 | 16.9 |
| Georgia | 78.6 | 42.2 | 36.6 | 45.1 | 6.7 |
| Hawaii | 78.3 | 53.5 | 71.2 | 75.7 | 10.3 |
| Idaho | 46.8 | 34.4 | 57.0 | 73.0 | 10.5 |
| Illinois | 55.8 | 45.6 | 64.4 | 71.5 | 9.2 |
| Indiana | 68.4 | 33.2 | 56.3 | 65.1 | 7.0 |
| lowa | 54.0 | 38.9 | 62.2 | 77.9 | 9.9 |
| Kansas | 52.8 | 46.2 | 63.6 | 73.7 | 3.7 |
| Kentucky | 71.3 | 17.5 | 51.6 | 66.8 | 16.2 |
| Louisiana | 83.9 | 47.9 | 41.5 | 32.7 | 7.7 |
| Maine | 29.8 | 33.1 | 67.9 | 89.2 | 6.1 |
| Maryland | 73.2 | 57.5 | 26.6 | 33.0 | 10.9 |
| Massachusetts | 36.9 | 37.9 | 71.3 | 66.8 | 7.6 |
| Michigan | 71.0 | 38.7 | 52.2 | 60.8 | 8.4 |
| Minnesota | 38.3 | 47.7 | 61.0 | 85.4 | 13.7 |
| Mississippi | 79.6 | 41.2 | 55.2 | 56.5 | 9.2 |
| Missouri | 61.4 | 37.8 | 57.9 | 73.7 | 8.3 |
| Montana | 49.5 | 42.4 | 62.7 | 81.1 | 7.0 |
| Nebraska | 36.0 | 34.9 | 58.8 | 77.6 | 7.5 |
| Nevada | 52.8 | 51.5 | 54.0 | 56.3 | 12.5 |
| New Hampshire | 20.5 | 45.8 | 72.0 | 83.1 | 14.4 |
| New Jersey | 49.9 | 37.0 | 67.2 | 69.5 | 12.7 |
| New Mexico | 60.5 | 41.6 | 65.7 | 77.3 | 17.4 |
| New York | 67.2 | 24.9 | 60.0 | 64.4 | 7.9 |
| North Carolina | 85.4 | 33.8 | 41.3 | 35.7 | 8.2 |
| North Dakota | 55.4 | 35.9 | 61.9 | 71.0 | 9.4 |
| Ohio | 81.6 | 25.0 | 40.2 | 46.9 | 5.6 |
| Oklahoma | 76.6 | 35.5 | 52.8 | 58.2 | 14.0 |
| Oregon | 66.0 | 35.3 | 49.5 | 68.4 | 5.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 64.2 | 48.7 | 54.0 | 60.8 | 15.4 |
| Rhode Island | 46.9 | 40.1 | 44.3 | 56.6 | 5.7 |
| South Carolina | 69.2 | 38.0 | 62.3 | 63.6 | 12.4 |
| South Dakota | 44.7 | 29.8 | 61.8 | 72.2 | 8.1 |
| Tennessee | 91.0 | 38.5 | 34.0 | 28.6 | 6.1 |
| Texas | 81.3 | 39.6 | 46.9 | 53.2 | 9.1 |
| Utah | 62.7 | 33.6 | 48.6 | 69.3 | 9.9 |
| Vermont | 22.4 | 19.7 | 64.3 | 81.2 | 7.4 |
| Virginia | 46.1 | 60.9 | 49.9 | 54.9 | 9.1 |
| Washington | 27.8 | 32.7 | 52.7 | 78.5 | 8.7 |
| West Virginia | 83.9 | 33.6 | 38.4 | 39.6 | 5.2 |
| Wisconsin | 57.2 | 37.5 | 46.8 | 70.7 | 3.5 |
| Wyoming | 31.7 | 40.1 | 55.3 | 76.7 | 6.0 |

Figure 4.10 Percentage of Public School Principals Who Thought State Department of Education Had a Great Deal of Influence on Establishing the School Curriculum, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

Table 4.8
Percentage of Princi-
pals in Public Schools
With Fewer Than 300
Students Who
Thought Various
Groups Had a Great
Deal of Influence on
Establishing the
School Curriculum,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

Table 4.9
Percentage of Princi-
pals in Public Schools
With 300 to 600 Stu-
dents Who Thought
Various Groups Had a
Great Deal of Influence
on Establishing the
School Curriculum,
by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

|  |  | School Board | Principals | Teachers | Parents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 65.2 | 39.9 | 52.4 | 60.3 | 9.9 |
| Alabama | 88.9 | 40.9 | 46.7 | 41.2 | 6.0 |
| Alaska | 28.6 | 54.9 | 62.6 | 83.9 | 26.3 |
| Arizona | 53.8 | 39.4 | 45.6 | 59.9 | 8.0 |
| Arkansas | 79.2 | 33.8 | 52.8 | 50.9 | 7.4 |
| California | 81.0 | 36.8 | 60.6 | 63.0 | 6.3 |
| Colorado | 23.1 | 56.5 | 57.4 | 76.0 | 9.6 |
| Connecticut | 67.3 | 48.3 | 63.8 | 65.0 | 10.9 |
| Delaware | 77.4 |  | 30.1 | 47.5 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 48.2 | 76.9 | 31.5 | 25.1 | 14.3 |
| Florida | 54.3 | 70.4 | 50.8 | 42.2 | 13.2 |
| Georgia | 82.8 | 52.6 | 31.2 | 30.6 | 8.8 |
| Hawaii | 71.8 | 47.9 | 76.3 | 80.2 | - |
| Idaho | 37.8 | 36.7 | 54.3 | 63.0 | 8.1 |
| Illinois | 52.4 | 48.1 | 66.6 | 75.7 | 13.4 |
| Indiana | 68.4 | 37.2 | 57.9 | 66.6 | 7.8 |
| lowa | 41.1 | 31.7 | 61.0 | 78.3 | 12.2 |
| Kansas | 64.5 | 41.1 | 46.5 | 64.9 | 2.4 |
| Kentucky | 74.4 | 11.2 | 54.2 | 66.2 | 19.8 |
| Louisiana | 85.4 | 50.5 | 46.5 | 31.8 | 9.3 |
| Maine | 30.1 | 38.3 | 67.8 | 96.1 | 8.4 |
| Maryland | 71.1 | 65.4 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 15.5 |
| Massachusetts | 49.3 | 37.0 | 68.7 | 63.6 | 5.7 |
| Michigan | 64.7 | 32.9 | 44.8 | 59.4 | 8.4 |
| Minnesota | 37.9 | 46.4 | 49.3 | 80.8 | 10.6 |
| Mississippi | 80.9 | 50.8 | 55.0 | 51.2 | 8.5 |
| Missouri | 53.3 | 46.2 | 55.1 | 74.5 | 5.0 |
| Montana | 41.1 | 47.1 | 52.9 | 86.7 | 4.4 |
| Nebraska | - | 53.6 | 62.9 | 89.8 | - |
| Nevada | 54.9 | 48.3 | 51.7 | 54.0 | 11.8 |
| New Hampshire | 18.6 | 49.4 | 78.1 | 84.9 | 10.7 |
| New Jersey | 41.6 | 36.8 | 65.2 | 64.5 | 14.5 |
| New Mexico | 59.2 | 37.0 | 60.8 | 77.2 | 13.7 |
| New York | 60.7 | 27.3 | 65.1 | 73.4 | 7.1 |
| North Carolina | 83.7 | 24.1 | 32.7 | 31.7 | 6.5 |
| North Dakota | 38.3 | 34.2 | 71.5 | 85.6 | 10.6 |
| Ohio | 81.4 | 24.2 | 42.9 | 49.4 | 8.2 |
| Oklahoma | 70.6 | 44.4 | 56.5 | 67.0 | 22.6 |
| Oregon | 62.5 | 33.9 | 48.8 | 63.6 | 9.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 74.1 | 50.1 | 39.7 | 62.4 | 20.0 |
| Rhode Island | 55.4 | 47.7 | 35.0 | 63.3 | 5.7 |
| South Carolina | 81.3 | 33.5 | 65.2 | 66.9 | 16.5 |
| South Dakota | 32.8 | 30.7 | 64.1 | 87.9 | 11.7 |
| Tennessee | 94.3 | 45.2 | 32.3 | 21.9 | 7.7 |
| Texas | 82.6 | 39.4 | 49.3 | 54.3 | 9.9 |
| Utah | 60.1 | 36.0 | 51.5 | 71.5 | 16.1 |
| Vermont | 32.9 | 25.4 | 53.1 | 82.8 | 5.3 |
| Virginia | 41.6 | 63.3 | 46.0. | 50.0 | 15.2 |
| Washington | 34.2 | 37.0 | 55.9 | 74.7 | 6.3 |
| West Virginia | 91.9 | 34.1 | 46.8 | 44.5 | 7.8 |
| Wisconsin | 56.8 | 42.4 | 53.1 | 77.4 | 6.0 |
| Wyoming | 23.4 | 35.3 | 51.0 | 78.6 | 7.9 |

Table Q. 10 Percentage of Primeipalls in Public Schools With 600 or More Students lifho Thought Various Groups Mad a Grear Deal of Imfluence On Establishimg the Scగool Curricullumn by State: 1993-9)

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 68.8 | 42.3 | 51.9 | 58.8 | 10.2 |
| Alabama | 81.7 | 37.1 | 33.4 | 24.0 | 4.8 |
| Alaska | - | 52.3 | 59.4 | 82.8 | 31.0 |
| Arizona | 56.1 | 46.2 | 47.3 | 63.2 | 17.9 |
| Arkansas | 85.2 | 39.9 | 63.0 | 60.5 | 15.2 |
| California | 85.8 | 40.9 | 55.8 | 60.0 | 11.2 |
| Colorado | 8.9 | 54.7 | 55.1 | 74.0 | 32.2 |
| Connecticut | 56.9 | 53.2 | 54.4 | 65.6 | 6.4 |
| Delaware | 76.6 | 39.4 | 45.1 | 62.8 | 7.0 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | 69.5 | 63.2 | 54.3 | 53.8 | 15.8 |
| Georgia | 77.1 | 36.0 | 42.8 | 57.1 | 6.0 |
| Hawaii | 82.9 | 56.8 | 66.8 | 72.9 | 10.0 |
| Idaho | 40.1 | 44.8 | 58.7 | 75.4 | 12.0 |
| Illinois | 57.2 | 48.3 | 72.1 | 74.0 | 8.9 |
| Indiana | 64.5 | 36.4 | 61.7 | 75.4 | 4.8 |
| lowa | 56.2 | - | 54.0 | 69.0 | - |
| Kansas | 46.5 | 44.3 | 61.1 | 85.0 | 7.9 |
| Kentucky | 71.6 | 20.9 | 41.0 | 62.9 | 12.2 |
| Louisiana | 87.8 | 35.6 | 34.6 | 34.3 | 2.8 |
| Maine | - | 44.7 | 60.3 | 85.2 | - |
| Maryland | 74.4 | 51.1 | 21.3 | 37.2 | 10.6 |
| Massachusetts | 29.8 | 51.1 | 70.7 | 68.4 | 7.9 |
| Michigan | 68.8 | 56.6 | 58.2 | 57.7 | 3.3 |
| Minnesota | 35.0 | 53.7 | 55.1 | 91.4 | 16.0 |
| Mississippi | 78.9 | 36.2 | 57.3 | 63.3 | 9.4 |
| Missouri | 49.4 | 31.2 | 47.4 | 65.9 | 13.7 |
| Montana | - | - | 49.2 | 78.8 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 51.7 | 77.5 | - |
| Nevada | 56.9 | 56.9 | 48.4 | 44.7 | 7.5 |
| New Hampshire | 22.7 | 57.3 | 79.7 | 80.6 | 11.4 |
| New Jersey | 51.6 | 43.4 | 64.8 | 60.0 | 6.9 |
| New Mexico | 51.0 | 34.7 | 59.2 | 82.3 | 15.0 |
| New York | 77.0 | 27.9 | 60.1 | 57.4 | 11.4 |
| North Carolina | 86.1 | 39.6 | 41.3 | 34.8 | 8.9 |
| North Dakota | - | 47.7 | 71.6 | 74.5 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 71.2 | 17.8 | 39.4 | 49.6 | 5.2 |
| Oklahoma | 77.9 | 46.8 | 44.1 | 59.3 | 8.7 |
| Oregon | 58.6 | 30.2 | 63.6 | 83.0 | 1.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 62.9 | 46.3 | 61.2 | 60.1 | 13.8 |
| Rhode Island | 38.4 | 32.3 | 50.0 | 41.6 | - |
| South Carolina | 55.4 | 43.7 | 53.3 | 67.2 | 12.7 |
| South Dakota | 39.1 | - | 60.8 | 83.6 | - |
| Tennessee | 84.9 | 36.0 | 40.0 | 37.8 | 8.0 |
| Texas | 86.2 | 41.2 | 45.6 | 53.8 | 10.6 |
| Utah | 70.0 | 40.5 | 48.8 | 66.7 | 9.0 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | 51.9 | 61.8 | 47.1 | 57.1 | 7.0 |
| Washington | 24.2 | 32.5 | 50.3 | 79.0 | 10.8 |
| West Virginia | 88.0 | 29.0 | 30.3 | 26.9 | 7.1 |
| Wisconsin | 50.2 | 61.2 | 46.3 | 77.5 | 4.5 |
| Wyoming | 33.0 | 48.8 | 59.4 | 91.8 | - |

Table 4.11
Percentage of Public
Schools Principals
Who Thought Various
Groups Had a Great
Deal of Influence on
Hiring Full-Time
Teachers,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 38.4 | 84.6 | 33.1 | 5.2 |
| Alabama | 60.3 | 82.7 | 7.1 | 2.0 |
| Alaska | 36.3 | 79.4 | 26.0 | 14.5 |
| Arizona | 27.8 | 91.3 | 55.1 | 8.7 |
| Arkansas | 62.2 | 74.8 | 17.7 | 1.9 |
| California | 28.0 | 85.0 | 50.6 | 8.9 |
| Colorado | 28.8 | 95.4 | 79.1 | 22.0 |
| Connecticut | 39.8 | 80.9 | 34.5 | 6.2 |
| Delaware | 44.4 | 89.8 | 30.2 | 6.0 |
| District of Columbia | 26.1 | 61.4 | 11.6 | 9.4 |
| Florida | 31.5 | 88.4 | 32.0 | 2.9 |
| Georgia | 39.1 | 83.5 | 18.5 | 1.1 |
| Hawaii | 4.9 | 94.7 | 28.8 | 6.0 |
| Idaho | 40.5 | 94.9 | 41.3 | 3.6 |
| Illinois | 37.9 | 85.6 | 26.3 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | 35.4 | 83.8 | 25.3 | 2.7 |
| lowa | 30.2 | 95.4 | 33.9 | 6.5 |
| Kansas | 42.9 | 88.3 | 27.3 | 2.0 |
| Kentucky | 12.7 | 79.1 | 46.1 | 18.6 |
| Louisiana | 53.3 | 77.4 | 7.3 | 1.9 |
| Maine | 46.1 | 94.7 | 49.3 | 5.4 |
| Maryland | 24.1 | 75.1 | 13.2 | 4.2 |
| Massachusetts | 21.1 | 86.0 | 26.7 | 7.7 |
| Michigan | 37.1 | 82.5 | 36.3 | 2.9 |
| Minnesota | 28.4 | 87.6 | 61.5 | 8.9 |
| Mississippi | 61.3 | 91.8 | 14.1 | 2.8 |
| Missouri | 54.7 | 89.1 | 21.1 | 1.1 |
| Montana | 60.5 | 91.1 | 21.0 | 3.3 |
| Nebraska | 46.0 | 85.5 | 22.7 | 4.2 |
| Nevada | 35.9 | 94.7 | 22.3 | 2.6 |
| New Hampshire | 47.3 | 95.8 | 48.7 | 11.0 |
| New Jersey | 44.3 | 82.4 | 10.3 | 1.9 |
| New Mexico | 38.6 | 90.8 | 49.2 | 13.4 |
| New York | 32.4 | 79.6 | 41.6 | 7.2 |
| North Carolina | 35.8 | 86.5 | 21.7 | 2.3 |
| North Dakota | 53.6 | 77.3 | 19.4 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 35.4 | 77.2 | 23.5 | 4.1 |
| Oklahoma | 52.5 | 86.7 | 22.1 | 1.9 |
| Oregon | 28.9 | 92.5 | 56.9 | 6.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 56.0 | 74.7 | 18.8 | 3.4 |
| Rhode Island | 65.0 | 57.6 | 22.7 | 6.2 |
| South Carolina | 33.8 | 91.6 | 19.3 | 0.9 |
| South Dakota | 50.2 | 87.1 | 25.7 | 3.3 |
| Tennessee | 47.9 | 70.9 | 11.5 | 3.8 |
| Texas | 36.3 | 93.3 | 48.4 | 6.1 |
| Utah | 24.4 | 95.2 | 44.9 | 6.2 |
| Vermont | 62.1 | 86.6 | 61.5 | 12.4 |
| Virginia | 45.3 | 91.0 | 16.2 | 3.1 |
| Washington | 19.4 | 87.8 | 56.5 | 5.6 |
| West Virginia | 58.7 | 30.6 | 7.9 | 0.8 |
| Wisconsin | 45.9 | 83.4 | 42.7 | 5.3 |
| Wyoming | 32.6 | 95.3 | 61.2 | 8.8 |

Figure 4.11
Percentage of Public School Principals Who Thought Teachers Had a Great Deal of Influence on Hiring Full-Time Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)


Figure 4.12
Percentage of Public School Principals Who Thought Teachers Had a Great Deal of Influence on Hiring Full-Time Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

$\square$
$\square$
$0 \%-<30 \%$
$30 \%-<40 \%$
$40 \%-100 \%$
Table 4.12
Percentage of Public
Schools Principals
Who Thought Various
Groups Had a Great
Deal of Influence on
Setting Discipline
Policy,
by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

| \% ${ }^{3}$ | Scheol Board | Principals | Teachers | Parents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 62.6 | 86.9 | 74.6 | 18.4 |
| Alabama | 80.0 | 80.7 | 58.5 | 15.8 |
| Alaska | 51.4 | 88.7 | 79.0 | 29.7 |
| Arizona | 59.0 | 90.0 | 81.5 | 24.7 |
| Arkansas | 78.4 | 87.2 | 66.7 | 13.6 |
| California | 60.4 | 91.0 | 83.1 | 29.2 |
| Colorado | 68.5 | 88.7 | 84.7 | 40.0 |
| Connecticut | 62.5 | 85.6 | 73.4 | 17.5 |
| Delaware | 91.3 | 83.6 | 64.1 | 24.5 |
| District of Columbia | 73.8 | 71.1 | 48.7 | 24.3 |
| Florida | 64.7 | 82.4 | 74.2 | 23.8 |
| Georgia | 67.4 | 83.4 | 68.7 | 11.4 |
| Hawaii | 54.2 | 87.2 | 75.9 | 28.8 |
| Idaho | 56.2 | 94.4 | 89.3 | 15.3 |
| Illinois | 69.5 | 87.5 | 66.3 | 16.3 |
| Indiana | 47.1 | 89.3 | 75.7 | 17.0 |
| lowa | 66.0 | 93.9 | 89.8 | 16.5 |
| Kansas | 55.2 | 91.7 | 80.9 | 11.3 |
| Kentucky | 48.0 | 77.4 | 75.9 | 31.8 |
| Louisiana | 73.6 | 84.1 | 51.9 | 8.3 |
| Maine | 49.7 | 94.5 | 87.8 | 8.4 |
| Maryland | 66.8 | 75.5 | 58.0 | 18.1 |
| Massachusetts | 63.9 | 89.5 | 73.2 | 24.5 |
| Michigan | 63.2 | 86.4 | 74.4 | 10.3 |
| Minnesota | 60.5 | 91.6 | 88.8 | 24.2 |
| Mississippi | 85.3 | 80.8 | 65.4 | 20.9 |
| Missouri | 74.9 | 93.0 | 75.7 | 12.2 |
| Montana | 65.1 | 95.2 | 80.3 | 13.0 |
| Nebraska | 61.9 | 89.2 | 80.0 | 9.2 |
| Nevada | 57.7 | 88.1 | 70.0 | 14.5 |
| New Hampshire | 55.6 | 96.6 | 88.8 | 17.5 |
| New Jersey | 56.3 | 88.8 | 73.5 | 14.0 |
| New Mexico | 66.0 | 90.4 | 84.4 | 29.9 |
| New York | 47.4 | 86.6 | 82.9 | 26.2 |
| North Carolina | 80.1 | 78.2 | 65.6 | 16.0 |
| North Dakota | 59.4 | 90.7 | 79.3 | 11.5 |
| Ohio | 64.9 | 82.8 | 69.6 | 9.1 |
| Oklahoma | 71.9 | 88.7 | 69.5 | 16.6 |
| Oregon | 39.9 | 92.6 | 80.5 | 14.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 64.8 | 84.3 | 69.3 | 19.6 |
| Rhode Island | 63.9 | 83.3 | 62.0 | 12.0 |
| South Carolina | 65.7 | 87.8 | 68.6 | 18.0 |
| South Dakota | 67.0 | 90.9 | 84.7 | 13.9 |
| Tennessee | 76.4 | 86.1 | 63.0 | 12.9 |
| Texas | 64.3 | 82.6 | 67.9 | 16.2 |
| Utah | 45.5 | 90.1 | 86.0 | 29.3 |
| Vermont | 37.5 | 91.2 | 89.3 | 13.4 |
| Virginia | 76.7 | 86.1 | 67.4 | 19.2 |
| Washington | 46.5 | 88.6 | 86.3 | 16.9 |
| West Virginia | 56.6 | 72.9 | 65.2 | 15.0 |
| Wisconsin | 47.3 | 90.8 | 86.5 | 16.1 |
| Wyoming | 46.2 | 90.5 | 87.0 | 13.6. |

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Figure 4.13 Percentage of Public School Principals Who Thought Teachers Had a Great Deal of Influence on Setting Discipline Policy, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

Table 4.13
Percentage of Public
School Teachers Who
Thought They Had a
Great Deal of Influence
on Certain Issues,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Figure 4.14 Percentage of Public School Teachers Who Thought They Had a Great Deal of Influence on School Curriculum, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


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Figure 4.15
Percentage of Public School Teachers Who Thought They Had a Great Deal of Influence on School Curriculum, by State: 1993-94


Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


## Example of SASS Analyses

Libraries/media centers are vital resources for schools as they prepare students for the rapidly changing world of the twenty-first century. The American Association of School Librarians (AASL) and the Association of Educational and Communications Technology (AECT) have helped to define the functions of libraries/media centers in schools and have recommended standards, such as every school library/media center having at least one full-time professional librarian and one full-time aide. ${ }^{1}$ The ability of schools to invest in libraries varies substantially between communities and across states. Representative information on library media centers across states can inform discussions about the needs in each district and state.

Not all schools have school libraries/media centers with staffing that meets the standards that may be needed for the best preparation of tomorrow's citizens. The prevalence of media centers and professional librarians varies not only across states but also between elementary and secondary schools, between small and large schools, and between schools serving areas of high poverty and low poverty. Table 5.1 shows that although the vast majority of schools have library media centers, there is variation between states. Table 5.2 shows that schools without libraries/media centers are primarily small schools, and figure 5.1 illustrates the variation in that prevalence at small schools between states. Table 5.3 shows that a poverty indicator has little relation to whether a school has a library/media center, but figure 5.2 identifies a few states in which prevalence of libraries/media centers is lower in impoverished schools. Tables 5.4-5.6 and figures 5.3-5.5 focus on the percentages of schools that do not have either a full-time or part-time librarian or media specialist. These schools are more likely to be small, elementary schools, and there is a great deal of variation across states. Tables 5.7-5.9 and figures 5.6-5.8 relate the estimates from the 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey to the AASL and AECT standards. Again, although some schools of all types fail to meet these standards, small elementary schools have the most difficulty. Even narrowing the focus to schools with 300 to 600 students, however, shows dramatic variation across states (figure 5.7). Finally, table 5.10 and figures 5.9 and 5.10 provide an indicator of the extent to which librarians and media specialists are integrated into the instructional processes at schools, as viewed by both by principals and teachers.

1. American Association of School Librarians and Association of Educational Communications and Technology, 1988. Information Power: Guidelines for School Library Media Programs. Chicago, IL: American Library Association and Washington, DC: Association of Educational Communications and Technology.

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## LibrariesiMedia Centers

Other Uses of SASS Data
This SASS by State report only highlights some of the state-level comparisons that can be made using SASS data. Other characteristics of these schools, their teachers and principals, and the districts in which they reside can be compared to investments in library media centers to help develop school policies. Information about class sizes, teacher salaries and satisfaction, perceptions of problems in the schools, programs for students with special needs, high school graduation requirements, and college application rates can also be brought to bear on these issues.

> Table 5.1
> Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers, by School Level, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 95.6 | 96.7 | 95.3 |
| Alabama | 97.4 | 95.8 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 89.9 | 98.2 | 80.8 |
| Arizona | 97.6 | 97.7 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| California | 93.9 | 97.9 | 86.4 |
| Colorado | 98.1 | 100.0 | 95.2 |
| Connecticut | 94.7 | 99.2 | 83.0 |
| Delaware | 93.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 95.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 97.0 | 100.0 | 90.8 |
| Georgia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 97.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 94.8 | 96.8 | 93.7 |
| illinois | 94.4 | 94.5 | 96.9 |
| Indiana | 97.8 | 99.0 | 96.3 |
| lowa | 98.2 | 100.0 | 94.6 |
| Kansas | 96.8 | 95.5 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 98.0 | 100.0 | 95.4 |
| Louisiana | 94.7 | 96.5 | 93.3 |
| Maine | 92.3 | 96.0 | 81.4 |
| Maryland | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 87.4 | 85.6 | 94.0 |
| Michigan | 91.2 | 90.1 | 99.5 |
| Minnesota | 96.7 | 95.9 | 98.5 |
| Mississippi | 93.6 | 100.0 | 82.3 |
| Missouri | 97.6 | 98.2 | 97.1 |
| Montana | 98.2 | 98.4 | 97.8 |
| Nebraska | 98.6 | 98.6 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 97.2 | 99.6 | 91.7 |
| New Hampshire | 91.5 | 88.9 | 100.0 |
| New Jersey | 94.2 | 94.3 | 98.6 |
| New Mexico | 94.8 | 94.1 | 97.1 |
| New York | 95.2 | 95.5 | 98.2 |
| North Carolina | 97.8 | 98.7 | 99.2 |
| North Dakota | 92.5 | 91.3 | 96.4 |
| Ohio | 97.6 | 97.0 | 99.8 |
| Oklahoma | 96.1 | 94.0 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 99.7 | 100.0 | 98.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 94.2 | 96.5 | 89.7 |
| Rhode Island | 94.2 | 96.9 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 97.4 | 100.0 | 94.0 |
| South Dakota | 97.7 | 97.6 | 98.0 |
| Tennessee | 96.9 | 97.0 | 96.0 |
| Texas | 94.7 | 97.2 | 95.2 |
| Utah | 96.6 | 98.2 | 95.3 |
| Vermont | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 96.2 | 98.9 | 88.0 |
| Washington | 94.4 | 96.3 | 95.4 |
| West Virginia | 85.7 | 82.7 | 97.6 |
| Wisconsin | 99.0 | 99.8 | 98.0 |
| Wyoming | 96.3 | 96.0 | 97.1 |

## Libraries/Media Centers

Table 5.2
Percentage of Public
Schools with Libraries/
Media Centers,
by Enrollment Size,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94
(Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 88.9 | 97.7 | 99.3 |
| Alabama | 90.0 | 97.7 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 86.7 | 95.1 | 96.8 |
| Arizona | 93.6 | 96.6 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| California | 77.1 | 97.3 | 98.8 |
| Colorado | 94.9 | 100.0 | 98.4 |
| Connecticut | 69.2 | 99.0 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 70.1 | 99.7 | 99.9 |
| Georgia | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 90.7 | 97.7 | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 92.6 | 94.9 | 96.9 |
| Indiana | 97.3 | 97.6 | 98.6 |
| lowa | 97.2 | 99.5 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 94.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 90.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 78.9 | 97.5 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 87.7 | 98.5 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 69.3 | 97.0 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 61.4 | 99.8 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 90.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 73.1 | 98.0 | 98.5 |
| Missouri | 94.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 97.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 98.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 90.3 | 100.0 | 97.9 |
| New Hampshire | 82.3 | 97.9 | 100.0 |
| New Jersey | 89.3 | 95.8 | 96.6 |
| New Mexico | 86.3 | 99.3 | 100.0 |
| New York | 90.0 | 94.7 | 97.5 |
| North Carolina | 91.6 | 98.0 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 92.1 | 92.0 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 99.0 | 96.1 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 94.1 | 98.4 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 99.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 86.0 | 92.1 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 91.6 | 93.7 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 95.1 | 96.9 | 98.9 |
| South Dakota | 98.9 | 93.1 | 95.1 |
| Tennessee | 82.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 80.1 | 98.4 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 79.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 100.0 | 100.0 | - |
| Virginia | 95.5 | 96.4 | 96.5 |
| Washington | 77.3 | 99.7 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 78.9 | 90.9 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 97.7 | 100.0 | 99.3 |
| Wyoming | 94.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 |



Alaba
Alaska 86
Arkansas $\quad 100.0$
California
Connecticut
District of Columbia
Florida
Hawaii
Wino
Indiana
lowa
Kansas
Louisiana
Maine
Maryland
Michigan
Minnesota
Missouri
Montana
Nevada
New Hampshire
New Mexico
New York
North Carolina
Ohio
Oklahoma
Pennsylvania
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee
Texas
Vermont
Washington
Wisconsin
Wyoming
94.6

Figure 5.1 Percentage of Public Schools with Fewer than $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ Students with Libraries/Media Centers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table 5.3
Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers, by Percentage of Free/ Reduced-Price Lunch Recipients, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Figure 5.2 Percentage of Public Schools with 50 Percent or More Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Recipients with Libraries/Media Centers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| Arkansas |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| District of Columbia |  |
|  |  |
| Hawaii |  |
| Indiana $\square$, mor, |  |
|  |  |
| Maryland |  |
| Oregon [ $\because 2$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Wyoming [, |  |
|  |  |
| Missouri 4 |  |
|  |  |
| Wisconsin $\square 99$ |  |
| Pennsylvania $\square 96$ |  |
|  |  |
| Florida |  |
| South Carolina $\square 98$ |  |
|  |  |
| New Mexico |  |
|  |  |
| VirginiaUtah$\square$ |  |
|  |  |
| Alabama |  |
| California $\square 96$ |  |
| Colorado $\square 96$ |  |
| Kentucky - Comerner 96 |  |
| North Carolina |  |
|  |  |
| Mississippi | W, M, M, M, M, M, m, 95 |
| Illinois |  |
| South Dakota |  |
| North Dakota |  |
|  |  |
| United States |  |
|  |  |
| Tennessee $\square 93$ |  |
| Ohio 93 |  |
| Oklahoma 493 |  |
| Kansas $\quad 492$ |  |
|  |  |
| New York , , 9, 90 |  |
| Texas $\quad$, + |  |
| Alaska $\square$ |  |
| Idaho $\square 84$ |  |
| West Virginia 80 |  |
| Massachusetts | $\because \square 77$ |
| New Jersey 74 |  |
| Delaware : |  |
| New Hampshire <br> Rhode Island | too few cases for a reliable estimate |
|  | + |
|  | $\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 20 & 40 & 60 & 80 & 100\end{array}$ |

## ఒ8brariesfonedie centers



Figure 5.3 Percentage of Public School Libraries/ Media Centers Without Full- or Part-time Librarians/Media Specialists, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


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Table 5.5
Percentage of Public
School Libraries/
Media Centers Without
Full- or Part-time
Librarians/Media
Specialists,
by Enrollment Size,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


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Figure 5.4 Percentage of Public School Libraries/ Media Centers Without Full- or Part-Time Librarians/Media Specialists, in Schools with Enrollment Between 300 and 600 Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table 5.6 Percentage of Public School Libraries/ Media Centers without Full- or Part-time Librarians/Media Specialists, by Percentage of Free/ Reduced-Price Lunch Recipients, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| Less than <br> Between 20 <br> 50\% or More 20\% Reciplents . and 50\% Recipients Recipients |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 11.7 | 13.6 | 15.9 |
| Alabama | 0.0 | 3.6 | 10.4 |
| Alaska | 33.7 | 7.6 | 51.8 |
| Arizona | 12.8 | 11.9 | 16.8 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 32.2 | 33.9 | 44.9 |
| Colorado | 7.2 | 22.2 | - |
| Connecticut | 17.7 | - | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 3.7 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 6.3 |
| Florida | 5.0 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| Georgia | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 23.4 | 25.9 | - |
| Illinois | 17.7 | 33.5 | 15.1 |
| Indiana | 5.2 | 20.4 | - |
| lowa | 7.5 | 2.3 | - |
| Kansas | 0.0 | 2.7 | - |
| Kentucky | 4.8 | 0.0 | 7.1 |
| Louisiana | 3.0 | 0.0 | 15.6 |
| Maine | 19.7 | 39.8 | - |
| Maryland | 2.3 | 0.0 | - |
| Massachusetts | 19.7 | 35.4 | - |
| Michigan | 9.8 | 39.4 | 26.6 |
| Minnesota | 6.1 | 7.6 | - |
| Mississippi | - | 3.3 | 19.4 |
| Missouri | 4.6 | 3.3 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 24.5 | 12.5 | 17.9 |
| Nebraska | 48.9 | 7.9 | - |
| Nevada | 3.6 | 17.2 | - |
| New Hampshire | 9.5 | 39.2 | - |
| New Jersey | 0.8 | - | - |
| New Mexico | 16.7 | 19.3 | 28.2 |
| New York | 7.3 | 10.4 | 11.8 |
| North Carolina | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 17.3 | 17.6 | - |
| Ohio | 17.3 | 26.8 | - |
| Oklahoma | 4.6 | 8.1 | 13.2 |
| Oregon | 22.2 | 28.0 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 4.1 | 0.0 | 5.3 |
| Rhode Island | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 10.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 9.9 | 15.2 | 20.4 |
| Tennessee | 5.9 | 3.8 | 10.9 |
| Texas | 1.6 | 7.0 | 13.7 |
| Utah | 27.4 | 18.6 | 41.3 |
| Vermont | 14.2 | 8.6 | - |
| Virginia | 2.9 | 4.6 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 7.1 | 8.5 | 6.5 |
| West Virginia | - | 9.9 | 31.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3.2 | 0.0 | - |
| Wyoming | 23.1 | 28.9 | - |

Figure 5.5 Percentage of Public School Libraries/ Media Centers Without Full- or Part-time Librarians/Media Specialists, Among Schools with $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ or More Students in Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table 5.7
Percentage of Public Schools with Liboraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by School Level, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| All Schools Slementary, Secondary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 27.7 | 30.8 | 17.3 |
| Alabama | 8.8 | 9.4 | 5.9 |
| Alaska | 51.6 | 19.9 | - |
| Arizona | 16.3 | 16.6 | 15.7 |
| Arkansas | 14.4 | 16.4 | 11.3 |
| California | 53.0 | 59.0 | 33.7 |
| Colorado | 17.5 | 18.5 | 13.6 |
| Connecticut | 22.7 | 27.5 | 3.7 |
| Delaware | 8.4 | 8.6 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 6.5 | 7.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 2.7 | 0.0 | 10.6 |
| Georgia | 2.0 | 2.5 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 1.2 | 1.6 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 34.2 | 39.8 | 25.0 |
| Illinois | 40.7 | 46.4 | 18.4 |
| Indiana | 17.0 | 20.3 | 6.8 |
| lowa | 41.4 | 44.4 | 36.2 |
| Kansas | 43.2 | 45.1 | 40.4 |
| Kentucky | 13.6 | 13.3 | 10.5 |
| Louisiana | 21.3 | 25.4 | 6.9 |
| Maine | 45.3 | 52.6 | 19.0 |
| Maryland | 13.8 | 16.7 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 42.3 | 53.9 | 2.8 |
| Michigan | 26.7 | 30.8 | 11.4 |
| Minnesota | 33.8 | 35.3 | 29.9 |
| Mississippi | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.7 |
| Missouri | 39.9 | 46.2 | 26.5 |
| Montana | 63.1 | 62.0 | 65.1 |
| Nebraska | 56.9 | 67.7 | 30.0 |
| Nevada | 11.2 | 12.1 | - |
| New Hampshire | 36.3 | 39.9 | 25.0 |
| New Jersey | 27.0 | 31.7 | 4.6 |
| New Mexico | 17.7 | 17.7 | 18.0 |
| New York | 18.4 | 22.7 | 4.2 |
| North Carolina | 6.3 | 6.9 | 1.9 |
| North Dakota | 70.1 | 75.1 | 64.0 |
| Ohio | 32.5 | 41.5 | 8.5 |
| Oklahoma | 31.4 | 28.7 | 36.0 |
| Oregon | 35.7 | 40.3 | 23.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 30.3 | 38.7 | 3.3 |
| Rhode Island | 51.2 | 59.4 | - |
| South Carolina | 5.8 | 5.0 | 8.1 |
| South Dakota | 60.4 | 61.5 | 59.3 |
| Tennessee | 19.9 | 25.1 | 5.9 |
| Texas | 11.3 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Utah | 32.1 | 36.0 | 18.1 |
| Vermont | 41.2 | 49.4 | - |
| Virginia | 8.8 | 5.5 | 12.3 |
| Washington | 17.6 | 17.6 | 13.1 |
| West Virginia | 48.1 | 62.4 | 11.2 |
| Wisconsin | 24.8 | 32.5 | 4.6 |
| Wyoming | 43.0 | 46.2 | 36.0 |

Figure 5.6 Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


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Table 5.8
Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

> Figure 5.7 Percentage of Public Schools with Enrollment Between 300 and 600 Students with Libraries/Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by State: 1993-94 .


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Table 5.9
Percentage of Public
Schools with Libraries/
Media Centers that Do
Not Meet AASL and
AECT Recommended
Staffing Levels,
by Percentage of Free/
Reduced-Price Lunch
Recipients,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| Less than $\quad$ Between $20 \ldots$$\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ Redplents and $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ Reciplents or MoreRecipients |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 25.7 | 29.5 | 28.2 |
| Alabama | 4.1 | 5.6 | 13.3 |
| Alaska | 44.6 | 32.4 | 77.2 |
| Arizona | 13.9 | 14.8 | 19.8 |
| Arkansas | 8.5 | 9.7 | 22.9 |
| California | 50.6 | 58.6 | 50.0 |
| Colorado | 12.9 | 22.7 | - |
| Connecticut | 19.8 | - | - |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 12.6 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 8.4 |
| Florida | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| Georgia | 1.5 | 3.6 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 22.7 | 35.2 | 61.8 |
| Illinois | 29.1 | 57.4 | 39.8 |
| Indiana | 10.8 | 26.6 | - |
| lowa | 28.9 | 49.3 | - |
| Kansas | 37.2 | 44.9 | 48.4 |
| Kentucky | 6.9 | 10.9 | 19.2 |
| Louisiana | 9.5 | 11.3 | 28.9 |
| Maine | 26.3 | 49.8 | 62.0 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 16.2 | 48.9 |
| Massachusetts | 38.5 | 50.8 | - |
| Michigan | 23.2 | 29.7 | 27.6 |
| Minnesota | 32.3 | 31.1 | - |
| Mississippi | - | 7.3 | 1.5 |
| Missouri | 33.8 | 44.9 | 39.1 |
| Montana | 65.9 | 57.2 | 68.1 |
| Nebraska | 68.7 | 42.8 | - |
| Nevada | 9.5 | 14.3 | - |
| New Hampshire | 29.9 | 38.3 | - |
| New Jersey | 25.2 | - | - |
| New Mexico | 9.8 | 15.3 | 21.6 |
| New York | 11.5 | 19.0 | 26.9 |
| North Carolina | 0.0 | 3.8 | 18.2 |
| North Dakota | 64.3 | 71.5 | 79.1 |
| Ohio | 31.2 | 35.1 | - |
| Oklahoma | 19.3 | 31.0 | 38.4 |
| Oregon | 26.9 | 39.9 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 26.6 | 31.9 | 36.8 |
| Rhode Island | 49.3 | 63.9 | - |
| South Carolina | 10.6 | 0.0 | 9.3 |
| South Dakota | 41.5 | 68.3 | 70.9 |
| Tennessee | 10.4 | 20.1 | 26.6 |
| Texas | 10.2 | 15.0 | 8.2 |
| Utah | 35.1 | 27.6 | - |
| Vermont | 44.5 | 33.0 | - |
| Virginia | 14.1 | 6.6 | - |
| Washington | 18.9 | 15.6 | 18.8 |
| West Virginia | - | 42.4 | 61.8 |
| Wisconsin | 24:6 | 31.9 | - |
| Wyoming | 49.2 | 35.5 | - |

Figure 5.8
Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, Among Schools with Less than 20\% of Students in Free/ Reduced-Price Lunch Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

Table 5.10
Percentage of Public
School Teachers and
Principals in Schools
with Libraries/Media
Centers who Report
Librarian/Media Spe-
cialist Involvement in
the Instructional
Process,
by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)



Figure 5.9 Percentage of Public School Principals in Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers who Report Librarian/Media Specialist Involvement in the Instructional Process, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)
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Figure 5.10
Percentage of Public School Teachers in Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers who Report Librarian/Media Specialist Involvement in the Instructional Process, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)
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> Table A. 1 Estimated Number of Public Schools and Students, and Respective Standard Errors, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 80,740 | (183) | 41,621,660 | $(393,746)$ |
| Alabama | 1,274 | (13) | 745,963 | $(26,324)$ |
| Alaska | 478. | (6) | 127,130 | $(6,065)$ |
| Arizona | 1,057 | (9) | 685,518 | $(21,360)$ |
| Arkansas | 1,084 | (8) | 460,286 | $(18,712)$ |
| California | 7,319 | (74) | 4,804,574 | $(173,805)$ |
| Colorado | 1,329 | (15) | 616,434 | $(30,150)$ |
| Connecticut | 964 | (9) | 472,718 | $(12,441)$ |
| Delaware | 169 | (2) | 107,701 | $(3,936)$ |
| District of Columbia | 160 | (5) | 75,948 | $(2,967)$ |
| Florida | 2,348 | (29) | 1,888,762 | $(59,138)$ |
| Georgia | 1,723 | (10) | 1,194,072 | $(24,787)$ |
| Hawaii | 234 | (1) | 173,041 | $(8,143)$ |
| Idaho | 573 | (6) | 218,179 | $(10,043)$ |
| Illinois | 3,884 | (61) | 1,747,678 | $(44,900)$ |
| Indiana | 1,869 | (8) | 972,991 | $(27,258)$ |
| lowa | 1,518 | (20) | 484,443 | $(20,091)$ |
| Kansas | 1,450 | (9) | 431,981 | $(19,599)$ |
| Kentucky | 1,327 | (28) | 693,316 | $(29,647)$ |
| Louisiana | 1.446 | (7) | 791,318 | $(18,495)$ |
| Maine | 721 | (7) | 207,975 | $(9,751)$ |
| Maryland | 1,185 | (7) | 753,706 | $(12,372)$ |
| Massachusetts | 1,689 | (19) | 776,415 | $(21,921)$ |
| Michigan | 3,159 | (37) | 1,491,699 | $(64,672)$ |
| Minnesota | 1,492 | (31) | 705,021 | $(35,670)$ |
| Mississippi | 957 | (8) | 531,874 | $(20,162)$ |
| Missouri | 2,082 | (11) | 938,836 | $(39,313)$ |
| Montana | 890 | (5) | 175,611 | $(9,299)$ |
| Nebraska | 1,296 | (47) | 248,016 | $(16,776)$ |
| Nevada | 365 | (6) | 231,088 | $(7,685)$ |
| New Hampshire | 445 | (0) | 174,562 | $(10,691)$ |
| New Jersey | 2,195 | (31) | 1,097,841 | $(54,745)$ |
| New Mexico | 663 | (3) | 323,001 | $(12,935)$ |
| New York | 3,904 | (28) | 2,593,562 | $(95,366)$ |
| North Carolina | 1,927 | (28) | 1,090,802 | $(41,208)$ |
| North Dakota | 582 | (11) | 115,635 | $(6,945)$ |
| Ohio | 3,636 | (60) | 1,816,266 | $(60,861)$ |
| Oklahoma | 1,763 | (18) | 579,583 | $(23,390)$ |
| Oregon | 1,184 | (8) | 478,877 | $(21,106)$ |
| Pennsylvania | 3,128 | (44) | 1,805,243 | $(101,296)$ |
| Rhode Island | 295 | (7) | 124,230 | $(6,120)$ |
| South Carolina | 1,081 | (10) | 630,309 | $(31,711)$ |
| South Dakota | 661 | (13) | 139,525 | $(7,449)$ |
| Tennessee | 1,522 | (11) | 840,505 | $(31,681)$ |
| Texas | 5,890 | (52) | 3,342,778 | $(147,365)$ |
| Utah | 674 | (11) | 454,114 | $(16,403)$ |
| Vermont | 318 | (7) | 91,787 | $(4,672)$ |
| Virginia | 1,698 | (40) | 958,091 | $(46,220)$ |
| Washington | 1,806 | (11) | 913,048 | $(30,697)$ |
| West Virginia | 898 | (30) | 316,190 | $(16,619)$ |
| Wisconsin | 2,014 | (18) | 880,935 | $(28,234)$ |
| Wyoming | 411 | (8) | 102,484 | $(5,579)$ |

Table A. 2
Estimated Number of
Public Elementary,
Secondary, and
Combined Schools,
and Respective Stan-
dard Errors,
by State: 1993-94 - too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Elementary Schools |  | Secondary stion |  | mbined schools |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 58,013 | (205) | 19,648 | (162) | 3,079 | (159) |
| Alabama | 800 | (21) | 282 | (6) | 192 | (20) |
| Alaska | 173 | (10) | 96 | (4) | 210 | (10) |
| Arizona | 793 | (9) | 251 | (9) | - | - |
| Arkansas | 667 | (8) | 410 | (9) | - | - |
| California | 5,348 | (121) | 1,683 | (47) | 288 | (109) |
| Colorado | 976 | (14) | 332 | (20) | - | - |
| Connecticut | 726 | (15) | 229 | (13) | - | - |
| Delaware | 110 | (2) | 43 | (2) | - | - |
| District of Columbia | 109 | (4) | 40 | (3) | - | - |
| Florida | 1,781 | (20) | 407 | (34) | 160 | (10) |
| Georgia | 1,348 | (13) | 325 | (7) | - | - |
| Hawaii | 178 | (1) | 44 | (3) | - | - |
| Idaho | 357 | (10) | 186 | (6) | - | - |
| Illinois | 2,891 | (53) | 887 | (41) | 107 | (24) |
| Indiana | 1,390 | (10) | 459 | (7) | - | - |
| lowa | 1,026 | (29) | 454 | (21) | - | - |
| Kansas | 1,035 | (13) | 397 | (11) | - | - |
| Kentucky | 975 | (30) | 277 | (23) | - | - |
| Louisiana | 994 | (10) | 303 | (11) | 149 | (10) |
| Maine | 544 | (8) | 163 | (4) | - | - |
| Maryland | 962 | (9) | 210 | (5) | - | - |
| Massachusetts | 1,333 | (19) | 344 | (5) | - | - |
| Michigan | 2,355 | (38) | 699 | (25) | 105 | (8) |
| Minnesota | 964 | (40) | 484 | (29) | - | - |
| Mississippi | 579 | (8) | 296 | (8) | 82 | (7) |
| Missouri | 1,397 | (30) | 635 | (11) | - | - |
| Montana | 546 | (8) | 343 | (7) | - | - |
| Nebraska | 892 | (47) | 367 | (7) | - | - |
| Nevada | 275 | (5) | 76 | (5) | - | - |
| New Hampshire | 338 | (7) | 85 | (4) | - | - |
| New Jersey | 1,699 | (29) | 422 | (11) | 75 | (10) |
| New Mexico | 497 | (9) | 164 | (9) | - | . - |
| New York | 2,826 | (31) | 853 | (16) | 224 | (10) |
| North Carolina | 1,475 | (24) | 403 | (15) | 49 | (9) |
| North Dakota | 362 | (9) | 209 | (8) | - | - |
| Ohio | 2,672 | (70) | 899 | (42) | - | - |
| Oklahoma | 1,151 | (20) | 606 | (10) | - | - |
| Oregon | 871 | (15) | 286 | (16) | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | 2,297 | (47) | 767 | (27) | 64 | (10) |
| Rhode Island | 229 | (7) | 53 | (6) | - | - |
| South Carolina | 798 | (7) | 271 | (11) | - | - |
| South Dakota | 391 | (11) | 264 | (14) | $\cdots$ | - |
| Tennessee | 1,101 | (12) | 355 | (7) | 66 | (3) |
| Texas | 4,209 | (49) | 1,296 | (116) | 385 | (90) |
| Utah | 460 | (7) | 191 | (7) | - | - |
| Vermont | 255 | (6) | 50 | (3) | - | - |
| Virginia | 1,271 | (42) | 376 | (14) | 51 | (7) |
| Washington | 1,210 | (18) | 491 | (25) | - | - |
| West Virginia | 640 | (30) | 226 | (9) | - | - |
| Wisconsin | 1,453 | (27) | 530 | (27) | - | - |
| Wyoming | 283 | (4) | 128 | (7) | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

Table A. 3
Estimated Number of
Public Schools and
Respective Standard
Errors,
by Community Type,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Table A. 4
Estimated Number of
Public Schools and
Respective Standard
Errors, by School Size,
by State: $1993-94$
- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Less than 300 Students | Between 300 and 600 |  |  | 600 <br> or More |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 23,412 | (495) | 33,128 | (478) | 24,200 | (532) |
| Alabama | - | - | 589 | (41) | 487 | (45) |
| Alaska | 308 | (10) | 121 | (9) | 49 | (6) |
| Arizona | - | - | 393 | (50) | 470 | (32) |
| Arkansas | 354 | (43) | 528 | (37) | 202 | (28) |
| California | 1,479 | (210) | 2,565 | (194) | 3,275 | (243) |
| Colorado | 403 | (47) | 651 | (40) | 275 | (29) |
| Connecticut | - | - | 597 | (35) | 218 | (19) |
| Delaware | - | - | 67 | (5) | 86 | (6) |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 107 | (6) | 27 | (4) |
| Florida | 219 | (32) | 666 | (87) | 1,463 | (90) |
| Georgia | - | - | 731 | (57) | 907 | (54) |
| Hawaii | - | - | 83 | (10) | 131 | (9) |
| Idaho | 263 | (21) | 219 | (21) | 91 | (13) |
| Illinois | 1,537 | (109) | 1,590 | (96) | 758 | (59) |
| Indiana | - | , | 1,028 | (90) | 486 | (50) |
| lowa | 870 | (69) | 523 | (63) | - | - |
| Kansas | 874 | (43) | 446 | (43) | 131 | (16) |
| Kentucky | - | - | 698 | (63) | 366 | (40) |
| Louisiana | 274 | (38) | 722 | (55) | 450 | (35) |
| Maine | 418 | (24) | 253 | (27) | 50 | (9) |
| Maryland | - | - | 585 | (34) | 498 | (33) |
| Massachusetts | 621 | (65) | 721 | (62) | 347 | (32) |
| Michigan | 711 | (128) | 1,747 | (148) | 701 | (114) |
| Minnesota | 529 | (59) | 546 | (62) | 417 | (56) |
| Mississippi | - | - | 423 | (39) | 357 | (32) |
| Missouri | 964 | (81) | 698 | (81) | 421 | (48) |
| Montana | 669 | (18) | 187 | (18) | 34 | (6) |
| Nebraska | 1,061 | (54) | 163 | (23) | 72 | (13) |
| Nevada | 72 | (10) | 138 | (12) | 155 | (8) |
| New Hampshire | 195 | (23) | 157 | (18) | 94 | (13) |
| New Jersey | 626 | (112) | 967 | (117) | 601 | (85) |
| New Mexico | 237 | (23) | 267 | (25) | 159 | (13) |
| New York | 464 | (126) | 1,897 | (167) | 1,543 | (159) |
| North Carolina | 275 | (51) | 918 | (73) | 734 | (63) |
| North Dakota | 462 | (17) | 88 | (13) | 33 | (5) |
| Ohio | 717 | (128) | 2,081 | (140) | 838 | (82) |
| Oklahoma | 1,026 | (59) | 545 | (52) | 193 | (30) |
| Oregon | 481 | (60) | 497 | (63) | 206 | (26) |
| Pennsylvania | 606 | (109) | 1,208 | (132) | 1,315 | (148) |
| Rhode Island | 121 | (11) | 111 | (13) | 63 | (8) |
| South Carolina | - | - | 463 | (48) | 423 | (42) |
| South Dakota | 510 | (19) | 107 | (13) | 45 | (5) |
| Tennessee | - | - | 740 | (72) | 511 | (55) |
| Texas | 1,388 | (185) | 2,152 | (175) | 2,349 | (177) |
| Utah | 112 | (21) | 247 | (22) | 315 | (18) |
| Vermont | 189 | (13) | 111 | (10) | - | - |
| Virginia | 354 | (70) | 689 | (80) | 655 | (71). |
| Washington | 433 | (65) | 827 | (81) | 547 | (52) |
| West Virginia | 498 | (44) | 258 | (39) | 142 | (19) |
| Wisconsin | 762 | (75) | 914 | (92) | 338 | (43) |
| Wyoming | 278 | (11) | 101 | (9) | 32 | (5) |


Table A. 5
Estimated Number of
Public Schools and
Respective Standard
Errors, by Level of
Minority Enrollment,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| Less than 20\% Minority |  |  | Between 20 and 50\% | $50 \%$ or More Minority |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 45,130 | (486) |  | 16,884 | (495) | 18,726 | (358) |
| Alabama | 441 | (40) | 412 | (39) | 421 | (41) |
| Alaska | 134 | (11) | 122 | (10) | 222 | (14) |
| Arizona | 335 | (43) | 352 | (49) | 370 | (42) |
| Arkansas | 572 | (43) | 272 | (43) | 241 | (40) |
| California | 1,554 | (243) | 2,232 | (241) | 3,533 | (221) |
| Colorado | 785 | (42) | 344 | (50) | 200 | (26) |
| Connecticut | 638 | (21) | 161 | (19) | 166 | (21) |
| Delaware | - | - | 160 | (5) | 0 | (0) |
| District of Columbia | 0 | (0) | 0 | (0) | 160 | (5) |
| Florida | 644 | (58) | 982 | (56) | 721 | (45) |
| Georgia | 626 | (36) | 509 | (39) | 589 | (39) |
| Hawaii | - | - | - | - | 209 | (7) |
| Idaho | 522 | (12) | - | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 2,318 | (82) | 732 | (69) | 834 | (69) |
| Indiana | 1,481 | (62) | - | - | - | - |
| lowa | 1.415 | (37) | - | - | - | - |
| Kansas | 1,146 | (38) | 227 | (38) | - | - |
| Kentucky | 1,078 | (52) | 228 | (37) | - | - |
| Louisiana | 262 | (27) | 488 | (33) | 697 | (36) |
| Maine | 718 | (7) | 0 | (0) | - | - |
| Maryland | 456 | (28) | 306 | (32) | 424 | (35) |
| Massachusetts | 1,223 | (45) | 225 | (41) | 241 | (23) |
| Michigan | 2,364 | (72) | - | - | 514 | (64) |
| Minnesota | 1,330 | (38) | - | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 143 | (25) | 315 | (28) | 499 | (35) |
| Missouri | 1,598 | (58) | - | - | 294 | (47) |
| Montana | 787 | (6) | 48 | (7) | 56 | (7) |
| Nebraska | 1,230 | (45) | - | - | - | - |
| Nevada | 171 | (10) | 132 | (8) | 62 | (8) |
| New Hampshire | 441 | (4) | 0 | (0) | - | - |
| New Jersey | 1,262 | (136) | 437 | (83) | 495 | (105) |
| New Mexico | - | (1) | 170 | (21) | 429 | (22) |
| New York | 2,248 | (124) | 389 | (73) | 1,267 | (124) |
| North Carolina | 642 | (49) | 640 | (53) | 645 | (52) |
| North Dakota | 525 | (15) | - | - | - | - |
| Ohio | 2,709 | (153) | - | - | - | - |
| Oklahoma | 710 | (49) | 788 | (50) | 265 | (33) |
| Oregon | 1,034 | (31) | - | - | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | 2,322 | (144) | - | - | - | - |
| Rhode Island | 213 | (16) | - | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 502 | (51) | 411 | (50) |
| South Dakota | 576 | (10) | - | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 1,012 | (65) | - | - | 256 | (53) |
| Texas | 1,362 | (187) | 2,155 | (206) | 2,372 | (222) |
| - Utah | 584 | (13) | - | - | - | - |
| Vermont | 316 | (7) | 0 | (0) | - | - |
| Virginia | 831 | (65) | 506 | (71) | 361 | (53) |
| Washington | 1,234 | (53) | 400 | (50) | 172 | (34) |
| West Virginia | 865 | (35) | - | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | 1,666 | (50) | - | - | - | - |
| Wyoming | 364 | (8) | 31 | (6) | - | - |

> Table A. 6 Estimated Number of Public School Teachers in Grades K-6 and 7-12 Only and Respective Standard Errors, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1,524,035 | $(14,194)$ | 1,243,474 | $(17,148)$ |
| Alabama | 27,322 | $(1,231)$ | 21,324 | $(1,148)$ |
| Alaska | 5,102 | (283) | 3,845 | (281) |
| Arizona | 21,713 | $(1,126)$ | 17,817 | (782) |
| Arkansas | 17,756 | (744) | 14,515 | (692) |
| California | 132,918 | $(6,481)$ | 91,797 | $(6,734)$ |
| Colorado | 23,133 | (862) | 15,811 | $(1,667)$ |
| Connecticut | 21,246 | (832) | 16,930 | $(1,009)$ |
| Delaware | 3,830 | (185) | 3,242 | (234) |
| District of Columbia | 2,617 | (168) | 2,337 | (182) |
| Florida | 73,627 | $(2,633)$ | 41,044 | $(2,814)$ |
| Georgia | 47,364 | $(1,435)$ | 34,242 | $(1,828)$ |
| Hawaii | 6,883 | (286) | 4,538 | (417) |
| Idaho | 6,714 | (288) | 6,271 | (422) |
| Illinois | 64,495 | $(1,977)$ | 58,043 | $(2,275)$ |
| Indiana | 32,826 | $(1,520)$ | 29,790 | $(1,380)$ |
| lowa | 21,994 | $(1,299)$ | 18,170 | $(1,432)$ |
| Kansas | 18,193 | (764) | 16,527 | $(1,151)$ |
| Kentucky | 23,241 | (934) | 20,140 | $(1,500)$ |
| Louisiana | 31,083 | (854) | 21,180 | (960) |
| Maine | 9,636 | (531) | 7,649 | (591) |
| Maryland | 26,944 | (736) | 19,624 | (831) |
| Massachusetts | 32,655 | $(1,339)$ | 29,459 | $(1,357)$ |
| Michigan | 48,950 | $(2,639)$ | 41,368 | $(3,695)$ |
| Minnesota | 25,639 | $(1,474)$ | 23,080 | $(1,639)$ |
| Mississippi | 16,821 | (674) | 15,271 | (929) |
| Missouri | 35,009 | $(1,814)$ | 32,764 | $(1,520)$ |
| Montana | 8,010 | (418) | 6,888 | (379) |
| Nebraska | 11,138 | (820) | 12,231 | (690) |
| Nevada | 8,538 | (303) | 4,975 | (498) |
| New Hampshire | 7,214 | (535) | 6,511 | (494) |
| New Jersey | 49,451 | $(2,806)$ | 42,193 | $(2,804)$ |
| New Mexico | 10,975 | (604) | 9,566 | (572) |
| New York | 102,902 | $(4,759)$ | 87,257 | $(4,933)$ |
| North Carolina | 42,878 | $(1,831)$ | 33,939 | $(2,681)$ |
| North Dakota | 4,833 | (306) | 4,650 | (326) |
| Ohio | 61,367 | $(3,011)$ | 57.277 | $(3,657)$ |
| Oklahoma | 26,239 | $(1,172)$ | 21,728 | $(1,298)$ |
| Oregon | 14,919 | (840) | 13,779 | (919) |
| Pennsylvania | 64,646 | $(3,460)$ | 58,732 | $(5,176)$ |
| Rhode Island | 5,931 | (267) | 3,792 | (482) |
| South Carolina | 23,253 | $(1,030)$ | 18,985 | $(2,142)$ |
| South Dakota | 6,702 | (322) | 5,876 | (279) |
| Tennessee | 27,366 | $(1,294)$ | 22,499 | $(1,247)$ |
| Texas | 136,082 | $(5,494)$ | 106,934 | $(8,934)$ |
| Utah | 11,238 | (334) | 9,008 | (571) |
| Vermont | 4,447 | (232) | 3,816 | (252) |
| Virginia | 39,176 | $(2,364)$ | 30,794 | $(2,758)$ |
| Washington | 28,221 | $(1,544)$ | 23,299 | $(1,418)$ |
| West Virginia | 11,776 | (741) | 11,250 | (833) |
| Wisconsin | 34,748 | $(1,634)$ | 36,526 | $(2,015)$ |
| Wyoming | 4,276 | (255) | 4,188 | (313) |

Table A. 7
Estimated Number of
Elementary and
Secondary Public
School Teachers, and
Respective Standard
Errors,
by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | ementary Schools |  | Secondary Schools | ; |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1,331,281 | $(17,012)$ | 1,230,013 | $(18,912)$ |
| Alabama | 23,273 | $(1,285)$ | 21,518 | $(1,274)$ |
| Alaska | 4,714 | (261) | 3,438 | (278) |
| Arizona | 20,773 | $(1,130)$ | 16,827 | (837) |
| Arkansas | 16,014 | (883) | 14,608 | (687) |
| California | 117,827 | $(7,501)$ | 91,205 | $(7,167)$ |
| Colorado | 19,372 | (780) | 16,351 | $(1,756)$ |
| Connecticut | 18,831 | (829) | 16,635 | $(1,033)$ |
| Delaware | 3,535 | (212) | 3,492 | (276) |
| District of Columbia | 2,743 | (174) | 2,442 | (172) |
| Florida | 63.470 | $(3,205)$ | 43,064 | $(3,082)$ |
| Georgia | 38,673 | $(1,888)$ | 36,234 | $(2,271)$ |
| Hawaii | 6,587 | (286) | 4,549 | (415) |
| Idaho | 6,035 | (318) | 6,131 | (460) |
| Illinois | 59,402 | $(1,679)$ | 52,108 | $(2,240)$ |
| Indiana | 28,687 | $(1,475)$ | 29,045 | $(1,421)$ |
| lowa | 18,237 | $(1,400)$ | 17.624 | $(1,551)$ |
| Kansas | 15,395 | (738) | 15,769 | $(1,142)$ |
| Kentucky | 21,104 | $(1,450)$ | 20,467 | $(1,590)$ |
| Louisiana | 27.426 | (978) | 21,522 | $(1,173)$ |
| Maine | 8,836 | (510) | 6,822 | (491) |
| Maryland | 23,778 | (883) | 20,084 | (794) |
| Massachusetts | 29,667 | $(1,651)$ | 28,749 | $(1,493)$ |
| Michigan | 41,908 | $(2,944)$ | 41,380 | $(3,880)$ |
| Minnesota | 23,538 | $(1,578)$ | 20,611 | $(1,490)$ |
| Mississippi | 14,831 | (703) | 15,020 | (956) |
| Missouri | 31,318 | $(1,556)$ | 31,136 | $(1,734)$ |
| Montana | 6,932 | (393) | 5,919 | (384) |
| Nebraska | 9,598 | (769) | 10,813 | (654) |
| Nevada | 7.554 | (404) | 5,269 | (505) |
| New Hampshire | 6,069 | (509) | 6,230 | (495) |
| New Jersey | 43,697 | $(3,082)$ | 40,239 | $(2,858)$ |
| New Mexico | 9,294 | (617) | 9,971 | (648) |
| New York | 91,677 | $(5,679)$ | 87,024 | $(5,761)$ |
| North Carolina | 36,378 | $(2,425)$ | 35,927 | $(3,028)$ |
| North Dakota | 4,401 | (297) | 4,003 | (302) |
| Ohio | 55,175 | $(3,132)$ | 56,343 | $(3,587)$ |
| Oklahoma | 22,465 | $(1,236)$ | 19,755 | $(1,270)$ |
| Oregon | 12,713 | (874) | 12,993 | (887) |
| Pennsylvania | 55,459 | $(3,032)$ | 59.112 | $(5,639)$ |
| Rhode Island | 5,624 | (284) | 3,593 | (459) |
| South Carolina | 20,618 | $(1,285)$ | 19,005 | $(2,279)$ |
| South Dakota | 5,380 | (317) | 5,199 | (279) |
| Tennessee | 25,189 | $(1,302)$ | 22,473 | $(1,254)$ |
| Texas | 112,208 | $(6,893)$ | 111,592 | $(9,621)$ |
| Utah | 10,810 | (329) | 9,075 | (580) |
| Vermont | 3,869 | (216) | 3,458 | (226) |
| Virginia | 32,796 | $(2,073)$ | 32,141 | $(2,962)$ |
| Washington | 25,063 | $(1,650)$ | 23,389 | $(1,431)$ |
| West Virginia | 10,290 | (615) | 11,183 | (793) |
| Wisconsin | 28,391 | $(1,614)$ | 34,567 | $(1,844)$ |
| Wyoming | 3,660 | (234) | 3,908 | (312) |



Estimates found in the tables of this report are based on samples and are subject to sampling variability. In order to make inferences about the larger population which the samples represent, the accuracy of all statistics and estimates were checked.

Standard errors were estimated using a balanced repeated replications procedure that incorporates the design features of the stratified, clustered sample. The standard errors provide indications of the accuracy of each estimate. If all possible samples of the same size were surveyed under the same conditions, an interval of 1.96 standard errors below to 1.96 standard errors above a particular statistic would include the universe value in approximately 95 percent of the cases. Note, however, that the standard errors do not take into account the effects of biases due to item nonresponse, measurement error, data processing error, or other systematic error. Estimates with large standard errors (coefficient of variation greater than 30 percent) should be interpreted with caution.

> Table B.1.1 Percentage of Public Schools by Level of School, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


| United States | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Alaska | 2.0 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| Arizona | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| Arkansas | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| California | 1.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 |
| Colorado | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.5 |
| Connecticut | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| Delaware | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| District of Columbia | 2.5 | 2.1 | 3.2 |
| Florida | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.4 |
| Georgia | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Hawaii | 0.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Idaho | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.7 |
| Illinois | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| Indiana | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| lowa | 1.6 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| Kansas | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Kentucky | 1.7 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| Louisiana | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Maine | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Maryland | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Massachusetts | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Michigan | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| Minnesota | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Mississippi | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Missouri | 1.3 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Montana | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Nevada | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| New Hampshire | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| New Jersey | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| New Mexico | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.2 |
| New York | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| North Carolina | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| North Dakota | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.8 |
| Ohio | 1.0 | 1.3 | 0.9 |
| Oklahoma | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| Rhode Island | 0.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| South Carolina | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| South Dakota | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Tennessee | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Texas | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Utah | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Vermont | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Virginia | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.4 |
| Washington | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| West Virginia | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.8 |
| Wisconsin | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 |
| Wyoming | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.0 |

Table B.1.2
Percentage of
Public Schools
by Community Type,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

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Table B.1.3 Percentage of Public Schools Students by Community Type, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table B. 1.4 Percentage of Public School Students by Level of School Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Less than 20\% Minority | Between 20 and 50\% Minority | 50\% or More Minority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Alaska | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.8 |
| Arizona | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.9 |
| Arkansas | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| California | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| Colorado | 3.1 | 3.7 | 2.0 |
| Connecticut | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Delaware | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| Georgia | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Hawaii | 0.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Idaho | 2.2 | 2.0 | 0.7 |
| Illinois | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Indiana | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| lowa | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| Kansas | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.7 |
| Kentucky | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.1 |
| Louisiana | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Maine | \# | 0.0 | \# |
| Maryland | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Massachusetts | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.3 |
| Michigan | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Minnesota | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Mississippi | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| Missouri | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| Montana | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Nebraska | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.4 |
| Nevada | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| New Hampshire | 0:8 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| New Jersey | 6.0 | 3.8 | 4.8 |
| New Mexico | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| New York | 3.1 | 1.9 | 3.1 |
| North Carolina | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| North Dakota | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Ohio | 3.9 | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| Oklahoma | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.9 |
| Oregon | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.4 | 4.1 | 2.9 |
| Rhode Island | 5.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 |
| South Carolina | 3.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| South Dakota | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Tennessee | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Texas | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Utah | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.2 |
| Vermont | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Virginia | 3.8 | 4.3 | 3.0 |
| Washington | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.1 |
| West Virginia | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| Wisconsin | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Wyoming | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 |

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Table B.1.5 } \\
\text { Percentage of } \\
\text { Public Schools } \\
\text { Students } \\
\text { by Race-Ethnicity, } \\
\text { by State: } 1993-94
\end{array}
$$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | White | Black | Hispenic | Asian | Amertican intian | Total Minority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | \# | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 2.0 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.0 |
| Alaska | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Arizona | 2.1 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 2.1 |
| Arkansas | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.3 |
| California | 1.9 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 1.9 |
| Colorado | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.2 |
| Connecticut | -1.3 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | \# | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | \# | 0.6 |
| District of Columbia | 0.5 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.2 | \# | 0.5 |
| Florida | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.1 | \# | 1.6 |
| Georgia | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | \# | 1.5 |
| Hawaii | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 1.7 |
| Idaho | 0.8 | \# | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Illinois | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 | \# | 1.5 |
| Indiana | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | \# | 1.5 |
| lowa | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Kansas | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.0 |
| Kentucky | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | \# | 0.9 |
| Louisiana | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| Maine | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | \# | 0.2 |
| Maryland | 1.7 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 | \# | 1.7 |
| Massachusetts | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.1 | \# | 1.2 |
| Michigan | 2.3 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 2.3 |
| Minnesota | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| Mississippi | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 2.1 |
| Missouri | 1.8 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.8 |
| Montana | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Nebraska | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Nevada | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| New Hampshire | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | \# | 0.6 |
| New Jersey | 3.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 0.4 | \# | 3.6 |
| New Mexico | 1.7 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 |
| New York | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 2.5 |
| North Carolina | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
| North Dakota | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Ohio | 2.0 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 0.1 | \# | 2.0 |
| Oklahoma | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Oregon | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 3.2 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.2 |
| Rhode Island | 2.1 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 2.1 |
| South Carolina | 2.4 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| South Dakota | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Tennessee | 2.9 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | \# | 2.8 |
| Texas | 2.2 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 0.2 | \# | 2.2 |
| Utah | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Vermont | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.3 | \# | 0.8 |
| Virginia | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | \# | 1.8 |
| Washington | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 |
| West Virginia | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| Wisconsin | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 1.8 |
| Wyoming | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |

Table B.1.6
Percentage of
Minority Students,
Teachers,
and Principals
in Public Schools,
by State: 1993-94
\# less than 0.05\%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School, Public School Teacher, and Public School Principal Questionnaires)



- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text { 身学 } \end{array}\right.$ | Central City | Urban Fringe/ Large Town | Small Towny Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 6.1 | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| Alaska | 1.5 | - | 2.1 |
| Arizona | 2.5 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Arkansas | 3.9 | - | 2.9 |
| California | 3.1 | 2.6 | 4.2 |
| Colorado | 2.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Connecticut | 3.5 | 1.6 | 0.2 |
| Delaware | - | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| District of Columbia | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 2.5 | 4.3 | 2.6 |
| Georgia | 5.2 | 3.4 | 1.6 |
| Hawaii | 2.9 | 2.2 | 3.5 |
| Idaho | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Illinois | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| Indiana | 4.7 | 3.2 | 0.2 |
| lowa | 2.1 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Kansas | 6.3 | 3.5 | 0.9 |
| Kentucky | 3.0 | 2.8 | 0.7 |
| Louisiana | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.8 |
| Maine | - | - | 0.2 |
| Maryland | 4.6 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| Massachusetts | 3.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| Michigan | 6.6 | 3.9 | 0.7 |
| Minnesota | - | 2.4 | 0.9 |
| Mississippi | 4.9 | 5.3 | 2.4 |
| Missouri | - | 3.4 | 0.9 |
| Montana | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 |
| Nebraska | 2.7 | - | 0.7 |
| Nevada | 1.8 | 6.7 | 1.1 |
| New Hampshire | - | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| New Jersey | 8.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| New Mexico | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| New York | 2.9 | 2.4 | 1.4 |
| North Carolina | 3.3 | 4.4 | 1.9 |
| North Dakota | 0.7 | - | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 4.6 | 3.0 | 1.0 |
| Oklahoma | 3.3 | 3.1 | 0.8 |
| Oregon | 3.7 | 0.9 | 2.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 9.7 | 5.5 | 1.1 |
| Rhode Island | 5.0 | 2.1 | - |
| South Carolina | 4.2 | 4.4 | 2.6 |
| South Dakota | 0.5 | - | 1.5 |
| Tennessee | 6.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Texas | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| Utah | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.9 |
| Vermont | - | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Virginia | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| Washington | 2.8 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| West Virginia | - | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Wisconsin | 4.9 | 2.2 | 0.3 |
| Wyoming | 0.3 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
|  |  |  | $197$ |

## Table B.1.8 Average Enrollment of Public Elementary, Secondary, and Combined Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


> Table B.1.9 Public School Student/Teacher Ratios by Grades, by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)



Table B.1.10
Percentage of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools Providing, and Percentage of Students Receiving, Chapter I Services, by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate
Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


## Standard Errors

Table B.1.11 Percentage of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools and Students Participating in Free or Reduced Price Lunch Programs, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table B.1.12
Percentage of Public
Elementary and
Combined Schools
With Available
Extended-day
Programs, and
Percentage of Stu-
dents Participating (in
Schools Offering and
Overall),
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

| United States | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 5.0 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| Alaska | 2.0 | 1.6 | 0.6 |
| Arizona | 4.7 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| Arkansas | 2.8 | - | 0.5 |
| California | 3.8 | 3.0 | 1.2 |
| Colorado | 2.6 | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| Connecticut | 4.1 | 1.4 | 0.6 |
| Delaware | 4.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| District of Columbia | 5.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Florida | 4.1 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| Georgia | 3.9 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Hawaii | 4.1 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Idaho | 3.6 | 1.1 | 0.2 |
| Illinois | 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Indiana | 6.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| lowa | 3.9 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| Kansas | 3.1 | 1.4 | 0.5 |
| Kentucky | 4.7 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| Louisiana | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| Maine | 3.5 | - | 0.6 |
| Maryland | 3.9 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| Massachusetts | 4.2 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Michigan | 4.0 | - | 0.9 |
| Minnesota | 6.0 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Mississippi | 2.8 | 2.0 | 0.5 |
| Missouri | 5.2 | 3.2 | 1.9 |
| Montana | 2.5 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Nebraska | 1.2 | - | 0.5 |
| Nevada | 3.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| New Hampshire | 3.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| New Jersey | 6.5 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| New Mexico | 4.0 | 1.1 | 0.4 |
| New York | 4.4 | 2.1 | 0.9 |
| North Carolina | 3.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| North Dakota | 2.9 | 1.1 | 0.4 |
| Ohio | 5.2 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| Oklahoma | 3.6 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Oregon | 5.8 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| Rhode Island | 2.6 | - | 0.2 |
| South Carolina | 5.8 | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| South Dakota | 1.6 | - | 0.2 |
| Tennessee | 5.0 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| Texas | 3.8 | 2.6 | 0.8 |
| Utah | 2.1 | - | 0.2 |
| Vermont | 4.1 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| Virginia | 4.0 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| Washington | 4.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| West Virginia | 3.2 | - | 0.6 |
| Wisconsin | 5.1 | 1.1 | 0.4 |
| Wyoming | 2.3 | - | 1.1 |

Table B.1.13
Percentage of
Public Elementary and
Combined Schools
Reporting Available
Extended-day
Programs
by Community Type,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)


Table B.1.14 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools Reporting Available Extended-day Programs, by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

|  | Less than 300 Students | 300 <br> ents | 600 or More Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| Alabama | - | 7.3 | 6.4 |
| Alaska | 1.9 | 4.6 | - |
| Arizona | - | 7.8 | 6.4 |
| Arkansas | - | 4.7 | - |
| California | 6.4 | 7.9 | 6.6 |
| Colorado | - | 4.5 | - |
| Connecticut | 0.0 | 4.8 | - |
| Delaware | - - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | 4.9 | - |
| Florida | - | 7.0 | 5.0 |
| Georgia | - | 4.4 | 5.9 |
| Hawaii | - | 6.0 | 3.3 |
| Idaho | 6.0 | 6.1 | - |
| Illinois | 3.8 | 3.9 | - |
| Indiana | - | 9.2 | 11.4 |
| lowa | 3.8 | 7.0 | - |
| Kansas | 4.1 | 5.5 | - |
| Kentucky | - | 6.0 | - |
| Louisiana | - | 4.7 | 5.7 |
| Maine | 4.3 | 5.1 | - |
| Maryland | - | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| Massachusetts | - | 7.2 | - |
| Michigan | 0.5 | 5.7 | - |
| Minnesota | - | 9.7 | - |
| Mississippi | - | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| Missouri | 6.1 | 8.9 | 12.9 |
| Montana | 3.3 | 4.5 | - |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | - | - |
| Nevada | 0.0 | 6.9 | 5.1 |
| New Hampshire | - | 5.1 | - |
| New Jersey | 8.9 | 9.1 | - |
| New Mexico | - | 6.0 | - |
| New York | 12.0 | 7.2 | 6.9 |
| North Carolina | - | 5.8 | 7.7 |
| North Dakota | 3.2 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | 8.2 | - |
| Oklahoma | 6.3 | 6.1 | - |
| Oregon | - | 7.7 | - |
| Pennsylvania | - | 7.4 | 5.5 |
| Rhode Island | - | 3.6 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 7.6 | - |
| South Dakota | 0.8 | - | - |
| Tennessee | - | 6.8 | 9.4 |
| Texas | 0.7 | 5.5 | 6.6 |
| Utah | 0.0 | 4.3 | 3.1 |
| Vermont | 4.4 | 6.2 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | - | 8.8 | 7.1 |
| Washington | - | 6.6 | - |
| West Virginia | 3.7 | - | - |
| Wisconsin | - | 7.6 | - |
| Wyoming | 2.2 | 5.1 | - |

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Questionnaire)

Table B.1.15 Percentage of Public Elementary and Combined Schools Reporting Available Extended-day Programs, by Level of Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94
Table B.1.15
Percentage of
Public Elementary and
Combined Schools
Reporting Available
Extended-day
Programs,
by Level of Minority
Enrollment,
by State: 1993-94



Table B.1.16 Percentage of Public Elementary and Secondary School Teachers Reporting Physical Conflicts Among Students and Weapons Possession as Moderate or Serious Problems in Their Schools, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| Conflicts Conflicts Weapons Weapons in Elementary in Secondary in Elementary In Secondary |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| Alaska | 2.0 | 2.1 | 0.7 | 2.3 |
| Arizona | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Arkansas | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| California | 3.1 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | 2.6 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.6 |
| Connecticut | 1.6 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 1.9 |
| Delaware | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 2.7 |
| District of Columbia | 2.9 | 5.3 | 1.3 | 5.1 |
| Florida | 2.8 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| Georgia | 2.8 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 2.0 |
| Hawaii | 2.5 | 4.9 | 0.4 | 4.8 |
| Idaho | 2.7 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Illinois | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| Indiana | 4.8 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| lowa | 4.2 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 1.7 |
| Kansas | 1.6 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Kentucky | 2.9 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| Louisiana | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Maine | 2.9 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Maryland | 3.7 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 1.7 |
| Massachusetts | 2.3 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| Michigan | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Minnesota | 3.0 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| Mississippi | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Missouri | 3.2 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 2.1 |
| Montana | 1.7 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Nebraska | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Nevada | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 4.5 |
| New Hampshire | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| New Jersey | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 |
| New Mexico | 3.1 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| New York | 4.2 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| North Carolina | 2.3 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| North Dakota | 2.3 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| Ohio | 3.9 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 |
| Oklahoma | 3.9 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Oregon | 3.4 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 2.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.8 | 4.0 | 0.7 | 3.5 |
| Rhode Island | 3.2 | 3.7 | 1.1 | 3.2 |
| South Carolina | 3.8 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| South Dakota | 2.0 | 2.1 | 0.7 | 1.3 |
| Tennessee | 3.4 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| Texas | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
| Utah | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| Vermont | 3.1 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Virginia | 3.0 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
| Washington | 3.0 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| West Virginia | 2.4 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| Wisconsin | 3.2 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Wyoming | 2.6 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 1.5 |

Table B.1.17
Percentage of
Public Elementary
School Teachers
Reporting Physical
Conflicts Among
Students and
Weapons Possession as
Moderate or Serious
Problems in Their
Schools,
by Enrollment Size;
by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Alabama | 14.9 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 8.0 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Alaska | 2.1 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 11.8 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| Arkansas | 7.6 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 4.6 |
| California | 8.4 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.4 |
| Colorado | 4.9 | 3.6 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | - | 2.1 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 3.7 |
| Delaware | - | 3.0 | 4.7 | - | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| District of Columbia | - | 3.1 | - | 0.0 | 1.2 | - |
| Florida | 14.3 | 5.9 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Georgia | - | 5.1 | 3.3 | - | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 4.6 | 3.8 | - | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| Idaho | 4.8 | 3.1 | 9.7 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 2.9 |
| Illinois | 4.3 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Indiana | 8.6 | 6.4 | 8.0 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.3 |
| lowa | 5.2 | 5.2 | - | 0.9 | 0.9 | - |
| Kansas | 2.8 | 2.8 | - | 1.1 | 0.7 | - |
| Kentucky | - | 3.7 | - | 0.0 | 0.2 | - |
| Louisiana | 6.2 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 1.6 |
| Maine | 4.8 | 3.9 | - | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | - | 4.3 | 8.1 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 3.2 | 2.3 | 12.3 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 3.2 |
| Michigan | 10.6 | 4.5 | - | 5.1 | 2.3 | - |
| Minnesota | 5.0 | 3.8 | 6.9 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
| Mississippi | 9.6 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Missouri | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 2.6 | 3.2 | - | 1.2 | 0.6 | - |
| Nebraska | 2.8 | 6.3 | - | 0.7 | 1.7 | - |
| Nevada | - | 4.6 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| New Hampshire | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| New Jersey | 6.5 | 3.6 | 7.7 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| New Mexico | 6.9 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.6 |
| New York | 15.6 | 4.5 | 7.1 | 5.9 | 2.2 | 3.4 |
| North Carolina | 6.4 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| North Dakota | 2.3 | 5.1 | 16.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Ohio | 5.5 | 5.1 | 12.3 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 0.1 |
| Oklahoma | 5.0 | 5.3 | 14.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 5.6 |
| Oregon | 6.0 | 4.1 | - | 0.0 | 0.9 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 9.3 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | .1.2 |
| Rhode Island | 5.7 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 3.5 |
| South Carolina | - | 6.0 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 4.3 |
| South Dakota | 1.8 | 3.3 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 2.1 |
| Tennessee | 9.3 | 3.9 | 6.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 3.4 |
| Texas | 6.8 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Utah | 7.3 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| Vermont | 4.0 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 6.8 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Washington | 5.5 | 3.0 | 10.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 2.8 | 4.8 | - | 0.6 | 0.0 | - |
| Wisconsin | 7.7 | 3.9 | 11.9 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 5.5 |
| Wyoming | 3.7 | 3.8 | - | 1.5 | 0.6 | - |



Table B. 1.18 Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers Reporting Physical Conflicts Among Students and
Weapons Possession as Moderate or Serious Problems in Their Schools, by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | - | 6.3 | 2.9 | - | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| Alaska | 2.5 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 5.2 |
| Arizona | 9.5 | 7.2 | 2.2 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 1.6 |
| Arkansas | 6.0 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| California | 4.1 | 8.1 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 8.5 | 1.9 |
| Colorado | 5.4 | 6.5 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 2.3 |
| Connecticut | - | 4.7 | 3.4 | - | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Delaware | - | - | 3.1 | - | - | 3.3 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 5.0 | - | -. | 5.6 |
| Florida | 6.1 | 5.8 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 3.6 |
| Georgia | - | 10.7 | 3.3 | - | 11.6 | 2.1 |
| Hawaii | - | 7.0 | 4.2 | - | 0.0 | 3.3 |
| Idaho | 4.0 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Illinois | 3.2 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.4 |
| Indiana | - | 2.5 | 3.1 | - | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| lowa | 4.0 | 8.5 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 5.3 | 2.8 |
| Kansas | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
| Kentucky | 8.9 | 7.8 | 3.0 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| Louisiana | 5.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Maine | 5.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Maryland | - | 10.1 | 3.5 | - | 7.6 | 1.7 |
| Massachusetts | 9.4 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 6.1 | 1.9 | 1.2 |
| Michigan | 5.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 1.7 |
| Minnesota | 3.5 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| Mississippi | 5.6 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 1.5 |
| Missouri | 3.7 | 6.2 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Montana | 1.7 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 2.1 |
| Nebraska | 2.0 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 3.7 |
| Nevada | 7.0 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 7.4 | 6.1 |
| New Hampshire | $-$ | 4.6 | 2.8 | - | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| New Jersey | 6.5 | 8.1 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 2.2 | 3.3 |
| New Mexico | 4.3 | 12.5 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 8.1 | 2.3 |
| New York | 7.8 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 2.1 |
| North Carolina | 15.7 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 2.1 |
| North Dakota | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | - | 4.6 | 3.2 | - | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Oklahoma | 2.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.9 |
| Oregon | 5.4 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 3.1 |
| Pennsylvania | - | 5.6 | 4.8 | - | 5.3 | 3.9 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | 3.9 | - | 0.0 | 4.4 |
| South Carolina | - | 4.4 | 3.4 | - | 4.3 | 2.8 |
| South Dakota | 1.9 | 10.5 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 6.5 | 2.2 |
| Tennessee | - | 4.9 | 3.2 | - | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| Texas | 7.0 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 2.7 |
| Utah | 6.6 | 9.1 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 2.0 | 1.1 |
| Vermont | - | 3.7 | 3.7 | - | 0.9 | 3.0 |
| Virginia | 13.9 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 8.6 | 2.7 | 3.3 |
| Washington | 7.4 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.3 |
| West Virginia | 7.1 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.4 |
| Wisconsin | 3.0 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| Wyoming | 3.0 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 |

## Table B.2.1 Percentage of Public Elementary School Teachers by Age, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Under 30 years | Between 30 and 50 years | Between 50 and 55 Years | 55 years and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 1.9 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Alaska | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| Arizona | 1.6 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Arkansas | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| California | 1.6 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Colorado | 0.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.1 |
| Connecticut | 1.0 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| District of Columbia | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.5 |
| Florida | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Georgia | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Hawaii | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| Idaho | 1.6 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Illinois | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Indiana | 1.4 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| lowa | 1.8 | 3.7 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| Kansas | 1.5 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Kentucky | 2.3 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
| Louisiana | 1.5 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Maine | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| Maryland | 1.6 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Massachusetts | 1.0 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Michigan | 2.1 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| Minnesota | 1.8 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| Mississippi | 1.9 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Missouri | 2.1 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| Montana | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| Nebraska | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Nevada | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| New Hampshire | 2.2 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| New Jersey | 2.1 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.9 |
| New Mexico | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| New York | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| North Carolina | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| North Dakota | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 1.6 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| Oklahoma | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Oregon | 1.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 1.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Rhode Island | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| South Carolina | 2.3 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| South Dakota | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.6 |
| Tennessee | 1.7 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| Texas | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Utah | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| Vermont | 1.9 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Virginia | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Washington | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 1.7 |
| West Virginia | 1.8 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Wisconsin | 1.7 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Wyoming | 1.3 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 |

Table B.2.2 Percentage of Public Secondary School Teachers by Age, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Kentucky 1.7

| Louisiana | 0.9 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maine | 0.9 |

Maryland

| Massachusetts | 0.7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Michigan | 1.2 |
| Minnesota | 1. |

Mississippi 1.0

| Missouri | 1.6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Montana | 0.8 |

Nebraska 1.0

| Nevada | 1.3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New Hampshire | 1.2 |

New JerseyNew MexicoNorth CarolinaNorth Dakota
Ohio

Oklahoma
Oregon
Pennsylvania
Rhode Island
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee
Texas
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wisconsin
Wyoming
0.2
1.2
0.7
1.0
1.1
0.9
1.1
0.5
2.3
1.7
1.3
1.2
2.6
1.1
1.2
0.
1.0
1.11.2

2
1.2
0.7
1.0
.1
9.
1.1
.5
.3
1.7
.3
.2
2.6
1.1
.2
0.8
.0
.1
.7
.9
0.9
1.1
0.7
1.2 .
1.1
.0
.8
.0
3
1.6
0.9
1.2
1.2
1.1
1.1
0.9
1.0
1.7
1.2
1.0
0.9
1.2
1.3
0.8
1.4
1.0
1.0
0.7
1.4
1.1

| 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 |
| 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| 4.2 | 4.5 | 2.1 |
| 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| 3.8 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| 1.9 | 1.3 | 0.9 |
| 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.0 |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| 1.8 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| 1.3 | 0.8 | . 0.7 |
| 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.4 |
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.5 |
| 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 |
| 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.0 |
| 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| 2.0 | 1.5 | . 1.3 |
| 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.0 |

United State
Alabama
0.2 1.4 0.6

$$
1.3
$$

$$
1.6
$$

$$
1.2
$$

$$
1.1
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1.1 \\
& 0.9
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
1.6
$$

$$
2.1
$$

$$
1.1
$$

Hawaii 0.9

> Table B.2.3 Percentage of Full-Time Public School Teachers Who Were Newly Hired in 1993-94, and Percentage of Newly Hired Who Are FirstTime Teachers, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table B.2.4
Percentage of
Public School Teachers
by Their Plans to
Remain in Teaching,
by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| White Until Until plan UndecidedAble Retrement setter Offer to Leave Uner |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Alabama | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| Alaska | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Arizona | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 1.6 |
| Arkansas | 1.4 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.8 |
| California | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| Colorado | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.3 |
| Connecticut | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.6 |
| Delaware | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| Florida | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| Georgia | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| Hawaii | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.8 |
| Idaho | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Illinois | 1.1 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Indiana | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.5 |
| lowa | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.6 |
| Kansas | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.3 |
| Kentucky | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| Louisiana | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Maine | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Maryland | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| Massachusetts | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| Michigan | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 2.1 |
| Minnesota | 1.9 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.8 |
| Mississippi | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Missouri | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Montana | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Nebraska | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| Nevada | 1.4 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| New Hampshire | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| New Jersey | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 2.1 |
| New Mexico | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| New York | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 1.6 |
| North Carolina | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 |
| North Dakota | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Ohio | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 1.9 |
| Oklahoma | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| Oregon | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Rhode Island | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| South Carolina | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| South Dakota | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Tennessee | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| Texas | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Utah | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Vermont | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 2.0 |
| Virginia | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Washington | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.4 |
| West Virginia | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| Wisconsin | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.9 |
| Wyoming | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.2 |

Table B. 2.5 Percentage of Public School Principals by Their Plans to Remain as Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

| 6. | While Able | Untill Retirement | Untll Better Offer | Plan toleave | Undecided |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Alabama | 3.3 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| Alaska | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 2.5 |
| Arizona | 4.3 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 4.1 |
| Arkansas | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 3.7 |
| California | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Colorado | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| Connecticut | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.1 |
| Delaware | 3.8 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| District of Columbia | 4.5 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 4.5 |
| Florida | 3.3 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 2.6 |
| Georgia | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 0.4 | 3.2 |
| Hawaii | 4.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 4.4 |
| Idaho | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 2.2 |
| Illinois | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 3.5 |
| lowa | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| Kansas | 2.6 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Kentucky | 4.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 5.0 |
| Louisiana | 2.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| Maine | 4.6 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 4.8 |
| Maryland | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 3.4 |
| Massachusetts | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 3.0 |
| Michigan | 4.8 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 4.8 |
| Minnesota | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 2.9 |
| Mississippi | 2.8 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 3.6 |
| Missouri | 4.1 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 3.1 |
| Montana | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 2.5 |
| Nebraska | 4.0 | 3.7 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 4.0 |
| Nevada | 3.1 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 3.7 |
| New Hampshire | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 4.0 |
| New Jersey | 5.4 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 4.6 |
| New Mexico | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 3.4 |
| New York | 4:3 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 0.3 | 4.1 |
| North Carolina | 3.3 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 3.2 |
| North Dakota | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Ohio | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 3.7 |
| Oklahoma | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 2.4 |
| Oregon | 3.8 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 4.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 0.7 | 4.2 |
| Rhode Island | 4.5 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 4.5 |
| South Carolina | 4.3 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 4.5 |
| South Dakota | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| Tennessee | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 4.2 |
| Texas | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 0.9 | 2.0 |
| Utah | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| Vermont | 4.2 | 2.6 | 5.5 | 1.3 | 4.9 |
| Virginia | 3.1 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 3.7 |
| Washington | 4.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 3.3 |
| West Virginia | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 2.9 |
| Wisconsin | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 3.4 |
| Wyoming | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.6 |

Table B.2.6
Average Base Year
Salaries of Full-Time
Public School Teachers
and Principals,
by State:1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

| Sk | Teacher |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Principal |  |



| Table B.2.7 <br> Average Salaries of Full-Time Public School Teachers by Years of Teaching Experience, by State: 1993-94 |  | 1 to 2 Years | 3 to 9 Years | 10 to 20 rears $\qquad$ | Over 20 <br> Years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States | \$102 | \$115 | \$112 | \$156 |
|  | Alabama | \$203 | \$352 | \$194 | \$236 |
|  | Alaska | \$284 | \$401 | \$343 | \$348 |
|  | Arizona | \$153 | \$246 | \$336 | \$454 |
|  | Arkansas | \$193 | \$246 | \$278 | \$313 |
|  | California | \$299 | \$317 | \$466 | \$367 |
|  | Colorado | \$323 | \$291 | \$431 | \$438 |
|  | Connecticut | \$598 | \$795 | \$559 | \$381 |
|  | Delaware | \$251 | \$301 | \$570 | \$488 |
|  | District of Columbia | \$848 | \$800 | \$514 | \$358 |
|  | Florida | \$363 | \$248 | \$289 | \$458 |
|  | Georgia | \$277 | \$272 | \$268 | \$264 |
|  | Hawaii | \$256 | \$238 | \$458 | \$445 |
|  | Idaho | \$221 | \$260 | \$492 | \$331 |
|  | Illinois | \$494 | \$530 | \$650 | \$634 |
|  | Indiana | \$195 | \$379 | \$337 | \$350 |
|  | lowa | \$307 | \$406 | \$502 | \$544 |
|  | Kansas | \$145 | \$221 | \$298 | \$328 |
|  | Kentucky | \$457 | \$362 | \$342 | \$349 |
|  | Louisiana | \$242 | \$240 | \$240 | \$240 |
|  | Maine | \$307 | \$296 | \$369 | \$290 |
|  | Maryland | \$210 | \$485 | \$547 | \$458 |
|  | Massachusetts | \$415 | \$442 | \$264 | \$197 |
|  | Michigan | \$659 | \$665 | \$1,034 | \$568 |
|  | Minnesota | \$280 | \$386 | \$679 | \$513 |
|  | Mississippi | \$146 | \$220 | \$152 | \$191 |
|  | Missouri | \$327 | \$497 | \$555 | \$790 |
|  | Montana | \$154 | \$221 | \$266 | \$296 |
|  | Nebraska | \$361 | \$399 | \$656 | \$623 |
|  | Nevada | \$200 | \$371 | \$409 | \$515 |
|  | New Hampshire | \$423 | \$410 | \$579 | \$485 |
|  | New Jersey | \$436 | \$654 | \$901 | \$705 |
|  | New Mexico | \$201 | \$191 | \$223 | \$274 |
|  | New York | \$487 | \$744 | \$800 | \$944 |
|  | North Carolina | \$194 | \$175 | \$251 | \$333 |
|  | North Dakota | \$191 | \$266 | \$299 | \$421 |
|  | Ohio | \$306 | \$574 | \$709 | \$498 |
|  | Oklahoma | \$159 | \$140 | \$158 | \$221 |
|  | Oregon | \$295 | \$389 | \$360 | \$516 |
|  | Pennsylvania | \$636 | \$576 | \$737 | \$528 |
|  | Rhode Island | \$1,087 | \$547 | \$405 | \$260 |
|  | South Carolina | \$203 | \$273 | \$275 | \$346 |
|  | South Dakota | \$223 | \$219 | \$255 | \$295 |
|  | Tennessee | \$272 | \$365 | \$399 | \$367 |
|  | Texas | \$196 | \$322 | \$288 | \$322 |
|  | Utah | \$205 | \$196 | \$278 | \$272 |
|  | Vermont | \$387 | \$590 | \$751 | \$499 |
|  | Virginia | \$327 | \$289 | \$444 | \$448 |
| Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire) | Washington | \$301 | \$496 | \$500 | \$336 |
|  | West Virginia | \$982 | \$230 | \$247 | \$248 |
|  | Wisconsin | \$428 | \$469 | \$562 | \$530 |
|  | Wyoming | \$231 | \$243 | \$269 | \$303 |
| $\text { 546 } 5$ |  |  |  |  |  |



|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Minority } \\ & \text { Teachers } \end{aligned}$ | $1-10 \%$ <br> Minority <br> Teachers | $10-30 \%$ Minority Teachers | $x \geq 30 \%$ Minority Teachers | Minority Principals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Alabama | 2.8 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Alaska | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| Arizona | 3.2 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| Arkansás | 4.2 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| California | 2.7 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| Colorado | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Connecticut | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 |
| Georgia | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.7 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 3.3 |
| Idaho | 3.6 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 |
| Illinois | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Indiana | 4.4 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 2.6 |
| lowa | 3.2 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Kansas | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| Kentucky | 4.2 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| Louisiana | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.3 |
| Maine | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| Massachusetts | 2.7 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Michigan | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Minnesota | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Mississippi | 1.8 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 |
| Missouri | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Montana | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Nebraska | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Nevada | 2.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
| New Hampshire | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| New Jersey | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| New Mexico | 3.0 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| New York | 4.1 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| North Carolina | 2.4 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 2.3 |
| North Dakota | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 4.1 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.5 |
| Oklahoma | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Oregon | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| Rhode Island | 4.5 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| South Carolina | 2.1 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| South Dakota | 2.5 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| Tennessee | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| Texas | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Utah | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Vermont | 2.8 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| Virginia | 2.8 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 3.0 |
| Washington | 4.1 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| West Virginia | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.4 |
| Wisconsin | 3.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 2.0 |
| Wyoming | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 |

Table B.2.8 Percentage of Public Schools with Different Proportions of Minority Teachers and Percentage with Minority Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)
Table B.2.8
Percentage
of Public Schools with
Different Proportions
of Minority Teachers
and Percentage with
Minority Principals,
by State: 1993-94

> Table B.2.9 Percentage of K-6 Public School Teachers who are Female or Minority, by State: $1993-94$

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table B.2.10
Percentage of
Grades 7-12 Public
School Science and
Mathematics Teachers
who are Female or
Minority,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| \% | Female Sdience $\qquad$ | Minority Science $\qquad$ | Female Math $\qquad$ | Minority Math些: $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Alabama | 4.9 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 2.4 |
| Alaska | 4.9 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 2.4 |
| Arizona | 5.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.6 |
| Arkansas | 5.4 | 3.3 | 5.8 | 3.0 |
| California | 5.9 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Colorado | 6.8 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 2.6 |
| Connecticut | 4.6 | 1.2 | 6.7 | 1.4 |
| Delaware | 11.1 | 0.0 | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 7.0 | 12.4 |
| Florida | 7.0 | 6.9 | 4.0 | 5.0 |
| Georgia | 4.2 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 4.4 |
| Hawaii | 12.3 | 9.8 | 6.6 | 10.8 |
| Idaho | 4.7 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 1.1 |
| Illinois | 5.3 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Indiana | 4.6 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 1.9 |
| lowa | 7.2 | 1.6 | 6.7 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 3.0 | 0.7 | 4.7 | 0.5 |
| Kentucky | 7.5 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 1.2 |
| Louisiana | 3.5 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Maine | 5.4 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 2.5 |
| Massachusetts | 3.2 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 0.8 |
| Michigan | 6.7 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 2.2 |
| Minnesota | 4.7 | 1.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 5.1 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 4.0 |
| Missouri | 4.7 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 1.8 |
| Montana | 3.3 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| Nebraska | 5.5 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | - | 0.0 | 7.7 | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | 8.2 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 7.0 | 3.0 | 6.9 | 3.1 |
| New Mexico | 6.1 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| New York | 2.9 | 2.2 | 5.2 | 1.9 |
| North Carolina | 7.7 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 5.7 |
| North Dakota | 4.4 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 4.9 | 2.1 | 5.9 | 1.6 |
| Oklahoma | 5.4 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.2 |
| Oregon | 3.7 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 1.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 5.2 | 1.7 | 8.4 | 1.6 |
| Rhode Island | - | 0.0 | 9.6 | - |
| South Carolina | 7.2 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 3.5 |
| South Dakota | 5.5 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 8.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 |
| Texas | 6.8 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 3.8 |
| Utah | 4.8 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 1.6 |
| Vermont | - | - | 7.8 | - |
| Virginia | 7.4 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 6.2 |
| Washington | 8.8 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 1.7 |
| West Virginia | 6.3 | 0.0 | 6.6 | 1.5 |
| Wisconsin | 5.1 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 1.4 |
| Wyoming | 4.3 | 2.2 | 5.2 | 1.2 |



> Table B.2.11 Percentage of
> Grades 7-12 Public School English and Social Studies Teachers who are Female or Minority, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)



> Table B.2.12 Percentage of Public School Principals by Race-Ethnicity, by State: 1993-94

\author{

+ including Alaska Natives
}

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

| White Black Hispanic Aslan American Motal Minority |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Alabama | 3.0 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 3.0 |
| Alaska | 2.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Arizona | 3.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 3.2 |
| Arkansas | 2.9 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 2.9 |
| California | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 2.7 |
| Colorado | 2.8 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 2.8 |
| Connecticut | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 3.4 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 2.7 |
| Georgia | 2.7 | 2.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.7 |
| Hawaii | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 3.3 |
| Idaho | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Illinois | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| Indiana | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 2.6 |
| lowa | 1.5 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.5 |
| Kansas | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.4 |
| Kentucky | 1.8 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.8 |
| Louisiana | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Maine | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.4 |
| Massachusetts | 1.8 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 1.8 |
| Michigan | 2.7 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 2.7 |
| Minnesota | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.6 |
| Mississippi | 3.6 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| Missouri | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1.9 |
| Montana | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Nebraska | 2.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Nevada | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 2.8 |
| New Hampshire | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| New Jersey | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| New Mexico | 3.4 | 0.3 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 3.4 |
| New York | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 2.8 |
| North Carolina | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 2.3 |
| North Dakota | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Oklahoma | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Oregon | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 3.4 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| Rhode Island | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| South Carolina | 4.1 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.1 |
| South Dakota | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| Tennessee | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 3.0 |
| Texas | 2.8 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 2.8 |
| Utah | 1.4 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| Vermont | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Virginia | 3.0 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 3.0 |
| Washington | 1.9 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
| West Virginia | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Wisconsin | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.0 |
| Wyoming | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 |

Table B. 2.13
Percentage of Public School Female Principals and Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

| FemalePrincipals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 2.5 | 1.3 |
| Alaska | 2.5 | 1.3 |
| Arizona | 3.9 | 1.5 |
| Arkansas | 3.6 | 1.3 |
| California | 3.5 | 1.7 |
| Colorado | 4.5 | 1.6 |
| Connecticut | 2.8 | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| District of Columbia | 5.3 | 2.5 |
| Florida | 2.6 | 1.4 |
| Georgia | 3.1 | 1.0 |
| Hawaii | 5.2 | 2.1 |
| Idaho | 3.3 | 1.6 |
| Illinois | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Indiana | 4.0 | 1.4 |
| lowa | 3.9 | 2.2 |
| Kansas | 2.6 | 1.0 |
| Kentucky | 3.3 | 1.4 |
| Louisiana | 2.8 | 1.0 |
| Maine | 4.7 | 1.8 |
| Maryland | 3.3 | 1.2 |
| Massachusetts | 2.9 | 1.4 |
| Michigan | 4.9 | 1.8 |
| Minnesota | 3.8 | 1.9 |
| Mississippi | 3.7 | 1.3 |
| Missouri | 4.2 | 1.4 |
| Montana | 3.1 | 1.1 |
| Nebraska | 3.1 | 1.6 |
| Nevada | 3.0 | 1.7 |
| New Hampshire | 4.5 | 2.2 |
| New Jersey | 4.8 | 1.8 |
| New Mexico | 3.9 | 1.4 |
| New York | 3.7 | 1.8 |
| North Carolina | 2.6 | 1.5 |
| North Dakota | 4.1 | 1.6 |
| Ohio | 3.1 | 1.4 |
| Oklahoma | 2.9 | 1.4 |
| Oregon | 4.1 | 1.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.4 | 2.0 |
| Rhode Island | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| South Carolina | 4.0 | 1.3 |
| South Dakota | 2.7 | 1.1 |
| Tennessee | 4.2 | 1.4 |
| Texas | 3.2 | 1.7 |
| Utah | 2.3 | 1.2 |
| Vermont | 4.0 | 1.5 |
| Virginia | 4.7 | 1.5 |
| Washington | 3.8 | 1.6 |
| West Virginia | 3.4 | 1.3 |
| Wisconsin | 3.7 | 1.6 |
| Wyoming | 2.4 | 1.5 |

Table B.2.14
Percentage
of Public School
Female Principals and
Teachers,
by Level of School,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | Principals Eom. Elem. Seachers Com. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Alabama | 4.4 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| Alaska | 4.8 | 6.9 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Arizona | 5.3 | 2.6 | - | 1.9 | 1.3 | - |
| Arkansas | 5.7 | 4.1 | - | 1.5 | 1.6 | 4.0 |
| California | 4.9 | 4.2 | 10.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 5.5 |
| Colorado | 5.3 | 12.0 | - | 1.7 | 2.3 | 15.7 |
| Connecticut | 3.4 | 3.3 | - | 1.8 | 2.2 | - |
| Delaware | 5.3 | - | - | 2.9 | 3.3 | 6.0 |
| District of Columbia | 5.3 | - | - | 2.8 | 4.0 | 6.0 |
| Florida | 3.0 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.7 |
| Georgia | 4.2 | 2.3 | - | 1.5 | 1.8 | 9.6 |
| Hawaii | 6.5 | - | - | 2.0 | 4.3 | 8.7 |
| Idaho | 5.1 | 3.6 | - | 2.7 | 1.5 | 8.7 |
| Illinois | 3.4 | 1.9 | 10.1 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | 5.1 | 2.3 | - | 1.8 | 1.5 | 8.4 |
| lowa | 5.7 | 1.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.3 | 7.9 |
| Kansas | 3.9 | 2.6 | - | 1.4 | 1.7 | - |
| Kentucky | 4.8 | 2.2 | - | 2.0 | 1.9 | 6.8 |
| Louisiana | 4.6 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| Maine | 6.0 | 3.8 | - | 2.7 | 1.9 | 5.1 |
| Maryland | 4.1 | 3.1 | - | 1.9 | 1.5 | 5.0 |
| Massachusetts | 3.8 | 2.1 | - | 1.8 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| Michigan | 6.3 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| Minnesota | 5.7 | 4.1 | - | 2.8 | 2.0 | - |
| Mississippi | 6.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Missouri | 5.8 | 2.5 | - | 2.4 | 1.3 | 8.2 |
| Montana | 4.6 | 3.2 | - | 1.5 | 1.1 | - |
| Nebraska | 5.4 | 1.5 | - | 2.0 | 2.4 | 12.3 |
| Nevada | 3.6 | - | - | 2.1 | 3.2 | 9.3 |
| New Hampshire | 5.8 | 5.5 | - | 2.6 | 3.7 | 9.8 |
| New Jersey | 6.4 | 3.2 | - | 2.3 | 2.6 | 5.4 |
| New Mexico | 4.8 | 3.7 | - | 2.0 | 1.4 | - |
| New York | 5.0 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
| North Carolina | 3.4 | 3.6 | - | 1.6 | 3.1 | 3.5 |
| North Dakota | 6.2 | 2.1 | - | 1.6 | 1.6 | 12.5 |
| Ohio | 4.7 | 2.3 | - | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3.5 |
| Oklahoma | 4.4 | 2.2 | - | 2.2 | 1.5 | - |
| Oregon | 5.8 | 5.1 | - | 3.2 | 1.3 | 6.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 6.0 | 2.3 | - | 3.0 | 2.3 | 3.1 |
| Rhode Island | 5.5 | - | - | 2.3 | 5.0 | - |
| South Carolina | 6.0 | 2.8 | - | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| South Dakota | 3.8 | 2.9 | - | 1.1 | 2.0 | - |
| Tennessee | 5.6 | 4.1 | - | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.6 |
| Texas | 4.9 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 3.4 |
| Utah | 3.3 | 2.0 | 7.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 3.3 |
| Vermont | 4.8 | - | - | 2.0 | 2.8 | 7.5 |
| Virginia | 6.1 | 3.5 | - | 1.8 | 2.6 | 6.3 |
| Washington | 5.5 | 4.1 | - | 2.2 | 1.7 | 3.4 |
| West Virginia | 5.1 | 2.1 | - | 1.9 | 1.8 | 7.9 |
| Wisconsin | 5.3 | 1.0 | - | 2.5 | 1.5 | 10.8 |
| Wyoming | 3.3 | 4.3 | $\dagger$ | 1.6 | 2.1 | $\dagger$ |

## Table B. 2.15 Number of Public Schools and Percentage of Public Schools With Minority Principals, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)


Table B.2.16
Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Central Cities, Urban Fringe, and Rural Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,
Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | Central City | Utban Fringer Large town | Small Town/ Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.64 | 1.55 | 1.19 |
| Alabama | 6.99 | 6.77 | 7.75 |
| Alaska | - | 0.00 | 6.93 |
| Arizona | 8.08 | 3.63 | 6.71 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 10.21 |
| California | 5.92 | 5.68 | 1.33 |
| Colorado | - | - | - |
| Connecticut | 6.24 | - |  |
| Delaware | - | 8.83 |  |
| District of Columbia | 0.00 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Florida | 9.73 | 9.78 | 3.71 |
| Georgia | 5.45 | 6.68 | 5.39 |
| Hawaii | 4.53 | 5.01 | 2.59 |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 5.40 | 4.33 | 2.41 |
| Indiana | 3.18 | 0.00 | - |
| lowa | - | - |  |
| Kansas | - | - |  |
| Kentucky | - | - | - |
| Louisiana | 4.72 | 2.20 | 4.56 |
| Maine | - | - | - |
| Maryland | 4.96 | 5.81 | 5.39 |
| Massachusetts | - | - | - |
| Michigan | 7.48 | - | -. |
| Minnesota | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 3.32 | 4.56 | 5.50 |
| Missouri | - | 11.39 | - |
| Montana | 0.00 | - | 9.54 |
| Nebraska | - | - | - |
| Nevada | 9.97 | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | - |
| New Mexico | 4.31 | 3.32 | 4.11 |
| New York | 9.57 | 8.31 | 6.09 |
| North Carolina | 7.48 | 5.55 | 7.56 |
| North Dakota | - | - | - |
| Ohio | - | - | 0.00 |
| Oklahoma | 7.40 | 7.06 | 8.88 |
| Oregon | - | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | - |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 9.85 |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 11.10 | - | - |
| Texas | 4.88 | 4.15 | 5.49 |
| Utah | - | - | - |
| Vermont | - | $\dagger$ | - |
| Virginia | - | - | - |
| Washington | 11.05 | - | - |
| West Virginia | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | - | - | - |
| Wyoming | - | - | - |

Table B.2.17 Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Public Schools with Varying Levels of Minority Enrollment, by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate + not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)


Table B.2.18
Percentage of Minority Principals Working in Elementary, Secondary, and Combined Public Schools, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,
Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School and Public School Principal Questionnaires)

|  | Elementary Schools | Secondary Schools | Combined schools |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.2 |
| Alabama | 5.3 | 4.6 | 1.3 |
| Alaska | - | - | 9.0 |
| Arizona | 3.7 | 3.8 | 0.5 |
| Arkansas | 9.1 | - | - |
| California | 3.3 | 3.2 | 0.6 |
| Colorado | 6.7 | - | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 5.4 | - | - |
| Delaware | 10.5 | - |  |
| District of Columbia | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| Florida | 3.5 | 3.3 | 0.9 |
| Georgia | 2.9 | 2.8 | 0.7 |
| Hawaii | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.4 |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| 1 llinois | 3.2 | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| Indiana | 7.8 | - | 0.0 |
| lowa | - |  |  |
| Kansas | - | - | - |
| Kentucky | - | - | - |
| Louisiana | 3.2 | 2.9 | 1.8 |
| Maine | - | - | - |
| Maryland | 3.4 | 3.4 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 5.3 | - | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 3.4 | - | - |
| Minnesota | - | - | - |
| Mississippi | 5.6 | 5.4 | 2.0 |
| Missouri | 7.6 | - | - |
| Montana | 11.4 | - | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | - | - | - |
| Nevada | 8.3 | - | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | 6.2 | - | - |
| New Mexico | 3.7 | 3.7 | 0.0 |
| New York | 5.0 | 3.9 | 2.1 |
| North Carolina | 4.3 | 4.1 | 0.5 |
| North Dakota | - | - | - |
| Ohio | 10.6 | - | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 7.8 | 7.7 | 1.2 |
| Oregon | - | - | - |
| Pennsylvania | 7.8 | - | - |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | 6.5 | - | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 6.5 | - | - |
| Texas | 6.1 | 5.7 | 1.7 |
| Utah | - | - | 0.0 |
| Vermont | - | - |  |
| Virginia | 4.5 | - | 0.0 |
| Washington | 6.7 | - | - |
| West Virginia | - | - | - |
| Wisconsin | 10.3 | - | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | - | - | - |

Table B.3.1 Percentage of Public School Districts Requiring Selected Credentials When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Note: These credentials are: (1) full standard state certification for field, (2) graduation from state-approved teacher education program, (3) at least emergency or temporary state certification, and (4) college major or minor in the field to be taught

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)


> Table B.3.2 Percentage of Public School Districts
> Requiring Passage of Selected Tests When Screening or Considering Teacher Applicants, by State: 1993-94

Note: These test criteria are: (1) passage of a state test of basic skills, (2) passage of a state test of subject knowledge, (3) passage of the National Teachers Examination (either the core battery or the professional specialty area), and (4) passage of a local district test of basic skills or subject knowledge.
\# less than 0.05\%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

|  | Basic Skills | bject edge $\qquad$ | NTE <br> Tests | Local Districe Test |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| Alabama | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.9 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 4.5 | 9.3 | 2.9 | \# |
| Arkansas | 5.1 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| California | 7.9 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 0.7 |
| Colorado | 4.4 | 7.5 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 4.9 | 4.9 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| Delaware | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 3.3 | 3.1 | \# | \# |
| Georgia | 3.8 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 3.8 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| Indiana | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 2.3 |
| lowa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 3.3 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 2.1 |
| Kentucky | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 1.3 | 0.3 | 2.5 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 7.1 | 3.5 | 5.8 | \# |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Michigan | 7.7 | 7.8 | 10.6 | 0.9 |
| Minnesota | 4.8 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| Mississippi | 3.6 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Missouri | 4.5 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| Montana | 4.7 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 2.1 |
| Nebraska | 8.1 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 4.6 |
| Nevada | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| New Hampshire | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 0.7 |
| New Mexico | 5.8 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 2.4 |
| New York | 4.2 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 1.1 |
| North Carolina | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.6 | \# |
| North Dakota | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 0.5 |
| Oklahoma | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 0.5 |
| Oregon | 6.4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 2.7 |
| Rhode Island | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| South Carolina | 3.6 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 4.9 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 0.8 |
| Texas | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 0.2 |
| Utah | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.7 |
| Virginia | 4.8 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 2.2 |
| Washington | 10.3 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| West Virginia | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Wisconsin | 2.9 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Wyoming | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Table B.3.3
Percentage of Public School Districts Considering Various Criteria in the Teacher Hiring Process, by the District's Service Area Relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area, by State: 1993-94

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA- serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These credentials are: (1) full standard state certification for field, or (2) graduation from state-approved teacher education program

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)



Table B.3.3
Percentage of Public School Districts Considering Various Criteria in the Teacher Hiring Process, by the District's Service Area Relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area, by State: 1993-94 (continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA - serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These credentials are: (1) at least emergency or temporary state certification, and (2) college major or minor in the field to be taught

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

|  | Temporary Certification college Major/MinorCay MSA notMSA City MSA notMSA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | \% |  |  |  |  | 为 4 |
| United States | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| Alabama | - | 6.2 | 4.6 | - | 3.6 | 2.2 |
| Alaska | - | - | 5.0 | - | - | 4.0 |
| Arizona | - | 7.0 | 13.2 | - | 6.5 | 10.9 |
| Arkansas | - | 4.7 | 5.4 | - | 8.2 | 5.4 |
| California | 1.1 | 6.7 | 12.4 | 10.2 | 11.4 | 9.1 |
| Colorado | - | 7.3 | 10.9 | - | 2.3 | 8.3 |
| Connecticut | 4.3 | 7.8 | - | 5.2 | 8.6 | - |
| Delaware | - | - | 1.4 | - | - | 1.2 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | + | t | 0.0 | + | t |
| Florida | - | 1.8 | 6.1 | - | 2.2 | - |
| Georgia | - | 4.5 | 4.6 | - | 8.6 | 5.7 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | + | + | 0.0 | + | + |
| Idaho | - | - | 4.6 | - | - | 4.1 |
| Illinois | 7.2 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 8.2 |
| Indiana | 1.3 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 5.4 |
| lowa | - | 8.1 | 4.0 | - | 8.8 | 5.9 |
| Kansas | - | 9.6 | 5.1 | - | 8.8 | 4.9 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 3.9 | - | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Louisiana | - | 5.5 | 3.7 | - | 5.5 | 3.9 |
| Maine | - | 6.9 | 6.3 | - | - | 5.3 |
| Maryland | - | 0.8 | - | - | 1.5 | - |
| Massachusetts | 4.5 | 4.1 | - | 5.1 | 5.0 | - |
| Michigan | 9.2 | 5.7 | 11.7 | 6.1 | 3.1 | 7.0 |
| Minnesota | - | 7.3 | 4.3 | - | 2.4 | 4.9 |
| Mississippi | - | 6.4 | 2.3 | - | 0.9 | 3.2 |
| Missouri | - | 5.6 | 6.8 | - | 10.1 | 7.8 |
| Montana | - | - | 5.7 | - | 14.1 | 5.4 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 8.7 | - | - | 6.9 |
| Nevada | - | - | 0.7 | - | - | 0.4 |
| New Hampshire | - | - | 3.7 | - | - | 6.4 |
| New Jersey | - | 6.3 | - | - | 6.6 | - |
| New Mexico | - | - | 5.2 | - | - | 5.5 |
| New York | - | 5.1 | 5.9 | - | 5.0 | 6.9 |
| North Carolina | - | 5.0 | 4.3 | - | 5.6 | 4.6 |
| North Dakota | - | - | 4.4 | - | 3.1 | 1.4 |
| Ohio | 8.2 | 6.4 | 8.3 | - | 4.4 | 6.4 |
| Oklahoma | - | 5.1 | 3.1 | - | 6.2 | 3.7 |
| Oregon | - | 11.1 | 9.6 | - | 8.5 | 8.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 8.3 | 5.5 | 8.8 | 9.9 | 3.7 | 7.4 |
| Rhode Island | - | 2.7 | - | - | 1.7 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 6.2 | 2.6 | - | 5.5 | 7.0 |
| South Dakota | - | - | 3.8 | - | - | 2.9 |
| Tennessee | - | 2.6 | 7.7 | - | 8.2 | 5.7 |
| Texas | 2.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| Utah | - | - | 2.8 | - | - | 4.5 |
| Vermont | - | - | 4.4 | - | 8.9 | 4.7 |
| Virginia | 1.6 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 11.3 |
| Washington | - | 5.9 | 14.7 | - | 5.4 | 15.1 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 0.2 | - | - | 0.2 |
| Wisconsin | 0.7 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| Wyoming | - | - | 2.7 | - | - | 2.6 |

2

Table B.3.3 Percentage of Public School Districts Considering Various Criteria in the Teacher Hiring Process, by the District's Service Area Relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area, by State: 1993-94 (continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA- serves an MSA but not primarily its central city, or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These test criteria are: (1) passage of a state test of basic skills, and (2) passage of a state test of subject knowledge

- too few cases for a reliable estimate t not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

| State Basic Skills Test State Subject Knowhedge  <br> Coty MSA City MSA notMSA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.2 |
| Alabama | - | 0.0 | 2.9 | - | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Alaska | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Arizona | - | 6.7 | 5.0 | - | 5.5 | 14.0 |
| Arkansas | - | 6.1 | 6.2 | - | 6.2 | 5.4 |
| California | 0.0 | 10.3 | 0.0 | 9.3 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| Colorado | - | 3.9 | 6.1 | - | - | 9.1 |
| Connecticut | 7.8 | 7.2 | 0.0 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | - | - | 0.6 | - | - | 1.2 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | + | t | 0.0 | $t$ | t |
| Florida | - | 3.9 | 5.2 | - | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Georgia | - | 6.8 | 4.9 | - | 8.5 | 2.8 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | + | t | 0.0 | t | t |
| Idaho | - | - | 3.6 | - | - | 3.2 |
| Illinois | 7.5 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| Indiana | 6.3 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 6.9 |
| lowa | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | - | 7.0 | 4.1 | - | 8.0 | 5.4 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 4.5 | - | - | 5.0 |
| Louisiana | - | 1.5 | 2.0 | - | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| Maine | - | - | 7.5 | - | - | 3.8 |
| Maryland | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| Massachusetts | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 7.8 | 5.8 | 17.2 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 17.2 |
| Minnesota | - | 8.0 | 6.6 | - | 7.1 | 5.4 |
| Mississippi | - | 0.0 | 4.3 | - | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| Missouri | - | 2.4 | 6.0 | - | 2.7 | 3.8 |
| Montana | - | , | 4.6 | - | - | 3.7 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 8.4 | - | - | 8.3 |
| Nevada | - | - 0 | 0.9 | - | - 0 | 0.9 |
| New Hampshire | - | 0.0 | 3.0 | - | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| New Jersey | - | 6.2 | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| New Mexico | - | - | 6.6 | - | - | 5.1 |
| New York | - | 5.9 | 5.8 | - | 6.4 | 6.0 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 4.4 | - | - | 4.4 |
| North Dakota | - | 0.0 | 0.9 | - | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Ohio | - | 5.7 | 7.6 | - | 5.8 | 6.5 |
| Oklahoma | - | 3.9 | 3.1 | - | 4.4 | 3.0 |
| Oregon | - | 10.7 | 8.0 | - | 5.8 | 3.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 9.1 | 3.9 | 7.1 | 9.1 | 3.9 | 7.1 |
| Rhode Island | - | 2.2 | - | - | 2.2 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 5.5 | 5.3 | - | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| South Dakota | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | - | 7.2 | 6.2 | - | 6.0 | 6.4 |
| Texas | 0.4 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 |
| Utah | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Vermont | - | 0.0 | 0.6 | - | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| Virginia | - | - | 6.7 | - | - | 6.5 |
| Washington | - | 5.4 | 15.1 | - | 0.0 | 15.1 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 0.2 | - | - | 0.1 |
| Wisconsin | 0.0 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 3.7 |
| Wyoming | - | - | 1.0 | - | - | 0.2 |

Table B.3.3 Percentage of Public School Districts Considering Various Criteria in the Teacher Hiring Process, by the District's Service Area Relative to a Metropolitan Statistical Area, by State: 1993-94 (continued)

Notes: District's service area relative to an MSA: (1) city-the district primarily serves a central city of an MSA, (2) MSA - serves an MSA but not primarily its central city. or (3) not MSA-it does not serve an MSA

These test criteria are: (1) passage of the National Teachers Examination (either the core battery or the professional specialty area), and (2) passage of a local district test of basic skills or subject knowledge.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate $\dagger$ not applicable

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts)

| i | National Teachers ExaminationCity MSA not MSA Lity District TestMSA not MSA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\therefore$ : | : * \% | \% | + |  | * ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | + ${ }_{\text {\% }}$ |
| United States | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Alabama | - | - | 2.5 | - | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Alaska | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Arizona | - | 3.1 | 4.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | - | 1.8 | 3.6 | - | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| California | 10.8 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | - | - | 0.6 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 5.8 | 1.2 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - |
| Delaware | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | t | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | + |
| Florida | - | 0.2 | 0.0 | - | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | - | 1.3 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | + | + | 0.0 | + | + |
| Idaho | - | - | 3.2 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Illinois | - | 1.2 | 6.7 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | 0.0 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 4.4 |
| lowa | - | 0.0 | 0.2 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | - | 9.8 | 4.3 | - | 0.0 | 2.6 |
| Kentucky | - | 8.8 | 4.9 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | - | 0.7 | 3.8 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | - | 2.8 | 6.2 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | - | 0.2 | - | - | 0.0 | - |
| Massachusetts | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | - | 1.3 | 21.9 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| Minnesota | - | 2.5 | 2.2 | - | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| Mississippi | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| Missouri | - | 6.5 | 3.9 | - | 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Montana | - | 8.4 | 5.9 | - | - | 1.6 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 6.2 | - | - | 4.8 |
| Nevada | - | - | 0.4 | - | - | 0.1 |
| New Hampshire | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | - | 7.0 | - | - | 0.7 | - |
| New Mexico | - | - | 7.9 | - | - | 2.7 |
| New York | - | 3.7 | 5.2 | - | 0.2 | 3.0 |
| North Carolina | - | 0.3 | 2.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | - | 0.0 | 0.9 | - | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | - | 6.1 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | - | 4.8 | 2.6 | - | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Oregon | - | 3.2 | 4.4 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 9.3 | 5.0 | 9.1 | 0.9 | 2.3 | - |
| Rhode Island | - | 1.9 | - | - | 0.6 | - |
| South Carolina | - | 5.4 | 1.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | - | - | 0.4 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | - | 13.2 | 7.4 | - | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Texas | 0.0 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Utah | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Vermont | - | 0.0 | 0.8 | - | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Virginia | 0.0 | 0.9 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 |
| Washington | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 0.1 | - | - | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Wyoming | - | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |

> Table B.3.4 Percentage of Public School Science Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table B.3.5 Percentage of Public School Mathematics Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | MainAssignment with Major Mres. | Second Assignment with Major | Ether Assignment with Major/Minor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Alabama | 2.5 | 4.1 | 3.9 |
| Alaska | 6.1 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| Arizona | 5.1 | 6.7 | 7.2 |
| Arkansas | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.2 |
| California | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Colorado | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| Connecticut | 4.2 | 4.3 | 2.9 |
| Delaware | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Florida | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.4 |
| Georgia | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Hawaii | 13.0 | 10.5 | 10.4 |
| Idaho | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
| Illinois | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Indiana | 3.3 | 2.9 | 1.8 |
| lowa | 6.0 | 5.4 | 3.2 |
| Kansas | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.0 |
| Kentucky | 4.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Louisiana | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.5 |
| Maine | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.0 |
| Maryland | 6.2 | 5.5 | 4.0 |
| Massachusetts | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Michigan | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.5 |
| Minnesota | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| Mississippi | 5.3 | 5.3 | 4.4 |
| Missouri | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.1 |
| Montana | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Nebraska | 4.9 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| Nevada3 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 6.2 |
| New Hampshire | 5.4 | 5.8 | 3.8 |
| New Jersey | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.5 |
| New Mexico | 5.3 | 5.1 | 3.2 |
| New York | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| North Carolina | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.5 |
| North Dakota | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| Ohio | 6.1 | 6.1 | 4.6 |
| Oklahoma | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.0 |
| Oregon | 6.5 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Rhode Island | 6.3 | 6.3 | 5.8 |
| South Carolina | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 |
| South Dakota | 4.1 | 3.9 | 2.6 |
| Tennessee | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.1 |
| Texas | 6.0 | 5.7 | 2.7 |
| Utah | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Vermont | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.6 |
| Virginia | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.9 |
| Washington | 5.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 |
| West Virginia | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.3 |
| Wisconsin | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
| Wyoming | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.4 |

## Table B.3.6 Percentage of Public School English Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table 3.7
Percentage of
Public School Social
Studies Teachers
(Grades $7-12$ Only)
with a Major in Field,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| United States | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 |
| Alaska | 5.6 | 5.3 | 3.7 |
| Arizona | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| Arkansas | 4.4 | 4.0 | 2.9 |
| California | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.2 |
| Colorado | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Connecticut | 2.4 | 4.2 | 1.6 |
| Delaware | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.8 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - |
| Florida | 3.9 | 4.1 . | 3.7 |
| Georgia | 3.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Hawaii | 6.0 | 5.5 | 6.2 |
| Idaho | 6.1 | 5.1 | 3.3 |
| Illinois | 5.6 | 5.1 | 3.3 |
| Indiana | 2.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| lowa | 7.6 | 7.6 | 6.4 |
| Kansas | 5.4 | 5.4 | 4.7 |
| Kentucky | 8.2 | 8.2 | 3.2 |
| Louisiana | 4.4 | 3.6 | 2.6 |
| Maine | 7.8 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Maryland | 4.5 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
| Massachusetts | 3.4 | 6.8 | 2.3 |
| Michigan | 4.1 | 4.5 | 2.4 |
| Minnesota | 2.8 | 3.1 | 1.7 |
| Mississippi | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| Missouri | 4.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| Montana | 4.0 | 4.1 | 2.7 |
| Nebraska | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.1 |
| Nevada | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| New Hampshire | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 |
| New Jersey | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.1 |
| New Mexico | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.2 |
| New York | 2.3 | 5.0 | 2.2 |
| North Carolina | 3.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 |
| North Dakota | 4.4 | 4.3 | 2.9 |
| Ohio | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.5 |
| Oklahoma | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.4 |
| Oregon | 5.0 | 4.5 | 3.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.5 |
| Rhode Island | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| South Carolina | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.6 |
| South Dakota | 4.9 | 4.4 | 3.2 |
| Tennessee | 6.3 | 7.0 | 4.6 |
| Texas | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.6 |
| Utah | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.0 |
| Vermont | 7.8 | 9.0 | 6.3 |
| Virginia | 8.0 | 9.2 | 8.5 |
| Washington | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| West Virginia | 5.2 | 5.2 | 2.9 |
| Wisconsin | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| Wyoming | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.1 |



- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Maln Asslgniment with Major | Second Assignment - with Major | Etther Assignment with Major/Minor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Alabama | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Alaska | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| Arizona | 4.8 | 5.9 | 5.7 |
| Arkansas | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.5 |
| California | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Colorado | 9.3 | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| Connecticut | 4.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Delaware | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | a | - | - |
| Florida | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| Georgia | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Hawaii | - | - | - |
| Idaho | - | - | - |
| Illinois | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Indiana | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| lowa. | - | - | - |
| Kansas | - | - | - |
| Kentucky | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| Louisiana | 8.9 | 8.3 | 7.1 |
| Maine | - | - | - |
| Maryland | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Massachusetts | 5.3 | 6.4 | 5.7 |
| Michigan | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Minnesota | 11.3 | 10.7 | 9.8 |
| Mississippi | 7.7 | 7.5 | 6.5 |
| Missouri | $\cdots$ | - | - |
| Montana | - | - | - |
| Nebraska | - | - | - |
| Nevada | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | 6.5 | 6.9 | 7.2 |
| New Mexico | 5.2 | 4.9 | . 4.8 |
| New York | 6.8 | 8.1 | 8.4 |
| North Carolina | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| North Dakota | - | - | . |
| Ohio | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| Oklahoma | 0.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Oregon | - | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 7.6 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | - |
| South Dakota | - | - | - |
| Tennessee | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.4 |
| Texas | - | 9.8 | 10.3 |
| Utah | 6.2 | 6.5 | 5.2 |
| Vermont | - | - | - |
| Virginia | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 |
| Washington | 9.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 |
| West Virginia | 7.5 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Wisconsin | 8.7 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Wyoming | . | , | 8.1 |




#### Abstract

Table B.3.9 Percentage of Public School Foreign Language Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) with a Major in Field, by State: 1993-94


- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


| United States | 1.2 |  | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 4.3 |  | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Alaska | 7.9 |  | 7.6 | 8.1 |
| Arizona | 4.9 |  | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Arkansas | 6.9 |  | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| California | 4.3 |  | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Colorado | 6.2 |  | 8.4 | 8.2 |
| Connecticut | 4.5 |  | 4.5 | 1.5 |
| Delaware | - |  | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - |  | - | - |
| Florida | 4.9 |  | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| Georgia | 9.6 |  | 9.1 | 8.7 |
| Hawaii | - |  | - | - |
| Idaho | 5.8 |  | 5.7 | 5.9 |
| Illinois | 4.7 |  | 6.1 | 4.4 |
| Indiana | 5.5 |  | 5.6 | 2.7 |
| lowa | 5.8 |  | 5.7 | 3.3 |
| Kansas | 4.3 |  | 4.8 | 2.1 |
| Kentucky | 10.0 |  | 8.3 | 7.2 |
| Louisiana | 6.3 |  | 6.7 | 5.8 |
| Maine | 6.1 |  | 6.1 | 7.0 |
| Maryland | 5.8 |  | 6.5 | 4.5 |
| Massachusetts | 1.6 |  | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Michigan | 11.3 |  | 11.2 | 0.6 |
| Minnesota | 3.6 |  | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| Mississippi | 8.6 |  | 8.6 | 9.1 |
| Missouri | 7.1 |  | 9.5 | 8.6 |
| Montana | 5.9 |  | 5.6 | 2.5 |
| Nebraska | 6.6 |  | 6.1 | 5.2 |
| Nevada | - |  | - | - |
| New Hampshire | 5.1 |  | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| New Jersey | 7.0 |  | 7.6 | 4.5 |
| New Mexico | 5.8 |  | 7.3 | 4.6 |
| New York | 1.4 |  | 1.9 | 1.3 |
| North Carolina | 8.7 |  | 8.7 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 12.1 |  | 10.8 | 2.8 |
| Ohio | 7.1 |  | 7.9 | 3.7 |
| Oklahoma | 4.8 |  | 4.6 | 5.2 |
| Oregon | 10.7 |  | 10.5 | 7.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 6.7 |  | 6.7 | 3.2 |
| Rhode Island | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 3.4 |  | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| South Dakota | 5.7 |  | 5.4 | 3.4 |
| Tennessee | 8.1 |  | 8.0 | 4.2 |
| Texas | 7.7 |  | 7.0 | 4.7 |
| Utah | 4.5 |  | 4.2 | 2.2 |
| Vermont | 10.2 |  | 10.7 | 6.0 |
| Virginia | 5.4 |  | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| Washington | 4.5 |  | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| West Virginia | 7.3 |  | 5.9 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 4.6 |  | 5.8 | . 5.0 |
| Wyoming | 3.6 |  | 3.5 | 0.0 |


Table B.3.10
Percentage of
Public School Voca-
tional Education Teach-
ers (Grades 7-12 Only)
with a Major in Field,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Main Assignment with Major | Second Assignment with Major | Ether Assignment with Major/Minor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Alabama | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Alaska | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Arizona | 4.4 | 4.2 | 2.9 |
| Arkansas | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| California | 7.2 | 6.4 | 6.7 |
| Colorado | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Connecticut | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Delaware | 11.8 | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| District of Columbia | ia - | - | - |
| Florida | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.5 |
| Georgia | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Hawaii | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Idaho | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Illinois | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Indiana | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| lowa | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Kansas | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Kentucky | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Louisiana | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Maine | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Maryland | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Massachusetts | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Michigan | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Minnesota | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Mississippi | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Missouri | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| Montana | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Nebraska | 1.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Nevada | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| New Hampshire | 2.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| New Jersey | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| New Mexico | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| New York | 2.7 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| North Carolina | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| North Dakota | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| Ohio | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Oklahoma | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Oregon | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Rhode Island | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| South Carolina | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| South Dakota | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Tennessee | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Texas | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| Utah | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Vermont | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Virginia | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Washington | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| West Virginia | 2.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Wisconsin | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Wyoming | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 |

Table B.3.11 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades 7-12 Only) Teaching at Least One Course in Mathematics or Science Without a Major or a Minor in Those Fields, by School Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Small | Math Medium | Large |  | Science Medium $\qquad$ | Large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 2.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| Alabama | - | - | 3.5 | - | - | 3.2 |
| Alaska | 5.1 | - | 6.1 | 5.4 | - | - |
| Arizona | - | - | 6.9 | - | - | 5.2 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 4.9 | - | - | 2.6 |
| California | 6.2 | 11.6 | 4.8 | - | - | 3.9 |
| Colorado | 10.5 | 9.3 | 4.3 | - | - | 2.7 |
| Connecticut | - | - | 3.8 | - | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| Delaware | - | - | 9.0 | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | - | - | 3.6 | - | - | 4.8 |
| Georgia | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | 6.2 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 6.7 | - | - | - |
| Idaho | 6.8 | 6.9 | 4.9 | - | - | 3.6 |
| Illinois | - | - | 5.7 | - | - | 4.7 |
| Indiana | - | - | 3.8 | - | - | 3.0 |
| lowa | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0 |
| Kansas | - | - | 7.1 | 6.1 | - | 3.9 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 4.4 | - | - | 7.7 |
| Louisiana | - | 7.1 | 4.9 | - | 7.8 | 5.0 |
| Maine | - | 8.7 | 4.8 | - | - | 5.8 |
| Maryland | - | - | 4.4 | - | - | 3.1 |
| Massachusetts | - | 8.1 | 4.7 | - | 6.6 | 1.6 |
| Michigan | - | 6.4 | 6.5 | - | 9.0 | 6.8 |
| Minnesota | - | - | 3.8 | - | - | 2.8 |
| Mississippi | - | - | 4.8 | - | - | 6.0 |
| Missouri | - | - | 3.4 | - | - | 4.9 |
| Montana | 3.3 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - |
| Nebraska | 4.4 | - | - | 6.6 | - | 0.0 |
| Nevada | - | - | 6.2 | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | 4.6 | - | - | 5.5 |
| New Mexico | - | - | 4.0 | - | - | 3.0 |
| New York | - | - | 4.0 | - | - | 3.0 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 5.5 | - | 10.9 | 5.1 |
| North Dakota | 4.5 | - | - | 2.8 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | 7.2 | 5.8 | - | - | 6.0 |
| Oklahoma | 3.8 | 7.9 | 3.8 | 7.7 | - | 3.4 |
| Oregon | - | 8.0 | 7.0 | - | - | 4.4 |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | 4.1 | - | - | 4.8 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | - | 5.0 | - | - | 5.7 |
| South Dakota | 3.6 | 5.3 | - | 6.5 | - | - |
| Tennessee | - | 8.2 | 5.5 | - | - | 7.2 |
| Texas | 10.5 | - | 3.6 | - | - | 4.0 |
| Utah | - | - | 3.8 | - | - | 3.9 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | - | - | 8.0 | - | - | 8.3 |
| Washington | - | 6.3 | 4.2 | - | - | 3.2 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 8.1 | - | - | 5.5 |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 10.5 | - | 9.0 | 3.9 |
| Wyoming | 6.2 | - | 2.9 | - | - | 3.7 |

Table B.3.12
Percentage of
Public School Teachers
(Grades $7-12$ Only)
Teaching at Least One
Course in
Social Studies or
English Without a
Major or a Minor in
Those Fields, by School
Enrollment Size,
by State: 1993-94
small: less than 300 students, medium: between 300 and 600 students, large: 600 or more students.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Small | studies dium $\qquad$ | Large | Small | English Medium | Large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 0.9 |
| Alabama | - | - | 2.6 | - | - | 4.0 |
| Alaska | - | - | - | 7.1 | - | - |
| Arizona | - | 7.8 | 4.1 | - | - | 3.5 |
| Arkansas | - | - | 4.9 | - | 6.1 | 6.4 |
| California | - | - | 3.0 | - | - | 2.3 |
| Colorado | - | - | 8.5 | - | - | 5.5 |
| Connecticut | - | - | 3.6 | - | - | 5.3 |
| Delaware | - | - | - | - | - | 6.7 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | - | - | 4.2 | - | 3.7 | 3.3 |
| Georgia | - | - | 5.6 | - | - | 5.0 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 7.7 | - | - | - |
| Idaho | - | - | 5.2 | - | 6.3 | 3.6 |
| Illinois | - | - | 6.4 | - | - | 4.3 |
| Indiana | - | - | 3.0 | - | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| lowa | - | - | - | - | - | 9.9 |
| Kansas | - | - | 6.9 | - | - | 5.4 |
| Kentucky | - | - | 5.2 | - | 12.6 | 4.9 |
| Louisiana | - | 5.1 | 4.0 | - | 5.4 | 3.6 |
| Maine | - | - | - | - | 5.2 | 5.7 |
| Maryland | - | - | 2.3 | - | - | 4.3 |
| Massachusetts | - | 4.8 | 2.2 | - | 3.5 | 2.1 |
| Michigan | - | 3.7 | 2.6 | - | 10.7 | 5.9 |
| Minnesota | - | - | 3.1 | - | - | 4.2 |
| Mississippi | - | 0.0 | 4.2 | - | - | 5.1 |
| Missouri | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | 4.4 |
| Montana | 4.0 | - | - | 2.9 | 7.8 | 5.2 |
| Nebraska | 4.1 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| Nevada | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Hampshire | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Jersey | - | - | 5.9 | - | - | 4.2 |
| New Mexico | - | - | 5.8 | - | - | 3.2 |
| New York | - | - | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| North Carolina | - | - | 5.8 | - | - | 4.1 |
| North Dakota | 5.9 | - | - | 4.2 | - | - |
| Ohio | - | - | 4.0 | - | - | 6.6 |
| Oklahoma | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 7.4 | 7.2 |
| Oregon | - | - | 4.1 | 10.3 | - | 7.1 |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | 8.8 | - | - | 7.4 |
| Rhode Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Carolina | - | 13.2 | 4.1 | - | - | 6.1 |
| South Dakota | 4.1 | - | - | 4.2 | - | 9.1 |
| Tennessee | - | - | 3.8 | - | 11.6 | 6.4 |
| Texas | - | - | 6.1 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 3.9 |
| Utah | - | - | 2.8 | - | - | 2.5 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | - | - | 8.8 | - | - | 8.1 |
| Washington | - | - | 4.5 | - | - | 4.6 |
| West Virginia | - | - | 5.3 | - | 5.3 | 6.3 |
| Wisconsin | - | - | 6.2 | - | - | 7.6 |
| Wyoming | - | - | - | - | - | 3.8 |

Table B.3.13 Percentage of Public School Teachers (Grades K-6 only) with Pre-elementary or Elementary Education Majors and with Education Beyond a Bachelor's Degree, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| United States | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| Alaska | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Arizona | 2.1 | 3.1 |
| Arkansas | 1.8 | 3.2 |
| California | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Colorado | 1.6 | 2.4 |
| Connecticut | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Delaware | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| District of Columbia | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Florida | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| Georgia | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Hawaii | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| Idaho | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| Illinois | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Indiana | 2.3 | 3.2 |
| lowa | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| Kansas | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| Kentucky | 3.1 | 4.2 |
| Louisiana | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| Maine | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Maryland | 2.5 | 3.3 |
| Massachusetts | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| Michigan | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| Minnesota | 2.3 | 3.4 |
| Mississippi | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Missouri | 2.4 | 3.8 |
| Montana | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Nebraska | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| Nevada | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| New Hampshire | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| New Jersey | 2.7 | 4.7 |
| New Mexico | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| New York | 2.7 | 3.5 |
| North Carolina | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| North Dakota | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Ohio | 2.2 | 4.0 |
| Oklahoma | 1.8 | 3.4 |
| Oregon | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.9 | 3.6 |
| Rhode Island | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| South Carolina | 2.7 | 4.7 |
| South Dakota | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| Tennessee | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| Texas | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Utah | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Vermont | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Virginia | 2.7 | 3.7 |
| Washington | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| West Virginia | 2.7 | 2.5 |
| Wisconsin | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Wyoming | 1.3 | 1.6 |

Table B.3.14
Average Years of Teaching Experience and Percentage of Public School Teachers by Years of Teaching Experience, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Average Years of Experience | 1 to 2 Years | $3109$ Years | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \text { to } 20 \\ \text { Years } \end{array}$ | Over 20 Years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Alabama | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Alaska | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Arizona | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Arkansas | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| California | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Colorado | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| Connecticut | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Delaware | 0.4 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| District of Columbia | 0.6 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| Florida | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Georgia | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Hawaii | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| Idaho | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Illinois | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Indiana | 0.3 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| lowa | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Kansas | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Kentucky | 0.5 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Louisiana | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Maine | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Maryland | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Massachusetts | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Michigan | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Minnesota | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Mississippi | 0.2 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.2 |
| Missouri | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Montana | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Nebraska | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Nevada | 0.4 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.7 |
| New Hampshire | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| New Jersey | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| New Mexico | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| New York | 0.4 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| North Carolina | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| North Dakota | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Ohio | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Oklahoma | 0.2 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 |
| Oregon | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Rhode Island | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| South Carolina | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| South Dakota | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Tennessee | 0.4 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Texas | 0.3 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Utah | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 |
| Vermont | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Virginia | 0.4 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Washington | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| West Virginia | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Wisconsin | 0.4 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Wyoming | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |

> Table B.4. 1 Grades K-6 Average Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with 30 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

| $\because$ | Number of Students | \% above 29 students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.3 | 1.6 |
| Alabama | 0.8 | 3.4 |
| Alaska | 1.3 | 6.0 |
| Arizona | 2.1 | 18.9 |
| Arkansas | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| California | 1.0 | 7.5 |
| Colorado | 0.9 | 6.3 |
| Connecticut | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 0.8 | 6.3 |
| District of Columbia | 1.4 | 2.5 |
| Florida | 0.8 | 5.2 |
| Georgia | 1.8 | 5.1 |
| Hawaii | 0.7 | 6.1 |
| Idaho | 4.2 | 6.0 |
| Illinois | 1.2 | 4.8 |
| Indiana | 1.6 | 9.7 |
| lowa | 0.6 | 3.8 |
| Kansas | 1.3 | 4.9 |
| Kentucky | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Louisiana | 0.8 | 3.5 |
| Maine | 1.6 | 3.7 |
| Maryland | 2.7 | 7.7 |
| Massachusetts | 1.5 | 3.8 |
| Michigan | 2.2 | 13.5 |
| Minnesota | 0.9 | 8.2 |
| Mississippi | 1.3 | 5.7 |
| Missouri | 1.0 | 4.1 |
| Montana | 0.8 | 3.9 |
| Nebraska | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Nevada | 0.9 | 8.3 |
| New Hampshire | 0.6 | 4.3 |
| New Jersey | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| New York | 2.0 | 14.1 |
| North Carolina | 1.5 | 5.9 |
| North Dakota | .1.7 | 3.0 |
| Ohio | 0.8 | 7.9 |
| Oklahoma | 1.8 | 5.3 |
| Oregon | 2.2 | 9.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 0.7 | 7.1 |
| Rhode Island | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| South Carolina | 1.1 | 5.1 |
| South Dakota | 0.4 | 1.6 |
| Tennessee | 1.4 | 7.2 |
| Texas | 0.7 | 2.7 |
| Utah | 0.6 | 11.6 |
| Vermont | 3.8 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 1.0 | 6.2 |
| Washington | 1.5 | 6.5 |
| West Virginia | 4.3 | 6.9 |
| Wisconsin | 0.8 | 3.5 |
| Wyoming | 1.3 | 3.1 |

Table B.4.2 Grades 7-12 Science
and Biology Class Size,
and Percentage of
Classes with 30 or
More Students,
by State: 1993-94

Note: Science classes include general science, chemistry, physics, geology/earth science/space science, and other physical sciences.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 1.2 |
| Alabama | 0.6 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 3.8 |
| Alaska | 1.0 | 4.0 | 1.1 | - |
| Arizona | 0.6 | 5.2 | 0.7 | 6.7 |
| Arkansas | 0.6 | 2.5 | 0.7 | 2.9 |
| California | 0.7 | 4.4 | 0.6 | 6.0 |
| Colorado | 0.6 | 3.1 | 0.8 | 7.0 |
| Connecticut | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 | - |
| Delaware | 2.2 | - | - | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | 0.9 | 8.6 | 1.3 | 7.3 |
| Georgia | 0.5 | 3.5 | 0.6 | 5.9 |
| Hawaii | 0.8 | - | 2.7 | - |
| Idaho | 0.5 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 4.4 |
| Illinois | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.6 | 4.4 |
| Indiana | 0.5 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 4.9 |
| lowa | 0.8 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 9.0 |
| Kansas | 0.7 | 4.6 | 0.7 | 2.7 |
| Kentucky | 1.1 | 5.6 | 0.9 | 11.5 |
| Louisiana | 0.4 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 5.1 |
| Maine | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | - |
| Maryland | 0.9 | 4.1 | 0.5 | 2.8 |
| Massachusetts | 0.4 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 2.6 |
| Michigan | 0.5 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 4.6 |
| Minnesota | 0.5 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 6.7 |
| Mississippi | 0.9 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 2.7 |
| Missouri | 0.6 | 4.6 | 0.7 | - |
| Montana | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 3.2 |
| Nebraska | 0.8 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| Nevada | 1.4 | - | 2.4 | - |
| New Hampshire | 1.0 | - | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.9 | - |
| New Mexico | 0.7 | 6.1 | 0.9 | 6.8 |
| New York | 0.5 | 3.1 | 0.7 | 3.6 |
| North Carolina | 0.5 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 5.9 |
| North Dakota | 0.6 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Ohio | 0.6 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 7.0 |
| Oklahoma | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 2.9 |
| Oregon | 0.6 | 3.9 | 0.6 | 5.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 0.6 | 4.6 | 0.8 | - |
| Rhode Island | 1.1 | - | 1.0 | - |
| South Carolina | 0.9 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 8.6 |
| South Dakota | 0.5 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 7.2 |
| Tennessee | 0.6 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 5.4 |
| Texas | 1.0 | 9.6 | 1.0 | 4.1 |
| Utah | 0.7 | 4.4 | 0.3 | 3.6 |
| Vermont | 0.8 | - | 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 3.7 |
| Washington | 0.5 | 5.4 | 0.5 | 5.5 |
| West Virginia | 0.7 | 4.0 | 0.7 | 3.7 |
| Wisconsin | 1.1 | 6.7 | 0.5 | 4.0 |
| Wyoming | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 | - |

Table B.4.3
Grades 7-12 Mathematics Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with 30 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Note: Mathematics classes includes courses in general and business math, elementary and intermediate algebra, and geometry. Advanced Mathematics is any course beyond Geometry, e.g., advanced algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry. probability/statistics, or calculus.

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Advanced | \%above |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



> Table B.4.4 Grades 7-12 Vocational Education and English Class Size, and Percentage of Classes with 30 or More Students, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)



Table B.4.5 Average Hours Per Week that Grades 1-3 Public School Teachers in Self-Contained Classes Spent Teaching Core Subjects, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

|  | Reading Language | Math | Social 5tudles $\qquad$ | Science | All Four Subjects |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Alabama | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Alaska | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Arizona | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Arkansas | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| California | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Colorado | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Connecticut | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Delaware | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| District of Columbia | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.6 |
| Florida | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 |
| Georgia | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Hawaii | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Idaho | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Illinois | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Indiana | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| lowa | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Kansas | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Kentucky | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Louisiana | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Maine | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Maryland | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Massachusetts | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Michigan | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Minnesota | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Mississippi | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Missouri | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| Montana | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Nebraska | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Nevada | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| New Hampshire | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| New Jersey | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 1.1 |
| New Mexico | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| New York | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| North Carolina | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.9 |
| North Dakota | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Ohio | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Oklahoma | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Oregon | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 |
| Rhode Island | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| South Carolina | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.9 |
| South Dakota | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Tennessee | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Texas | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Utah | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Vermont | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 |
| Virginia | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Washington | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 1.6 |
| West Virginia | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| Wisconsin | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Wyoming | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 |

Table B.4.6
Average Hours Per
Week that Grades 4-6
Public School Teachers
in Self-Contained
Classes Spent Teach-
ing Core Subjects,
by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate \# less than 0.05\%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Table B.4.7 Percentage of Public Schools Principals who Thought Various Groups Had a Great Deal of Influence on Establishing the School Curriculum, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,
Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)



Table B.4.9 Percentage of Principals in Public Schools With 300 to 600 Students Who Thought Various Groups Had a Great Deal of Influence on Establishing the School Curriculum, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)


| United States | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3.4 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 2.8 |
| Alaska | 3.7 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3.6 |
| Arizona | 7.9 | 5.9 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 2.7 |
| Arkansas | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 2.4 |
| California | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 3.1 |
| Colorado | 4.5 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 2.8 |
| Connecticut | 5.4 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.0 |
| Delaware | 4.7 | - | 5.3 | 7.9 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 3.7 |
| Florida | 7.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 4.8 |
| Georgia | 3.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 3.6 |
| Hawaii | 6.2 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 6.6 | - |
| Idaho | 4.7 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.1 |
| Illinois | 5.0 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| Indiana | 4.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 2.8 |
| lowa | 5.9 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| Kansas | 5.6 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 1.7 |
| Kentucky | 6.5 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 5.4 |
| Louisiana | 2.5 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 3.2 |
| Maine | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 3.9 |
| Maryland | 5.3 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 |
| Massachusetts | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 2.4 |
| Michigan | 5.8 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 2.9 |
| Minnesota | 7.4 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 4.7 |
| Mississippi | 4.8 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 3.8 |
| Missouri | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 2.8 |
| Montana | 5.2 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 |
| Nebraska | - | 8.8 | 9.4 | 6.1 | - |
| Nevada | 6.3 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 4.1 |
| New Hampshire | 5.3 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| New Jersey | 7.1 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.8 |
| New Mexico | 5.6 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 4.7 |
| New York | 7.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 3.3 |
| North Carolina | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 2.9 |
| North Dakota | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 4.7 |
| Ohio | 4.2 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 3.4 |
| Oklahoma | 4.9 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Oregon | 6.0 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 3.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 8.2 |
| Rhode Island | 6.5 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 3.2 |
| South Carolina | 6.4 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 8.2 | 5.4 |
| South Dakota | 6.6 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Tennessee | 2.6 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| Texas | 4.9 | 6.3 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 3.9 |
| Utah | 5.1 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 4.6 |
| Vermont | 4.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 2.9 |
| Virginia | 8.8 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 6.5 |
| Washington | 6.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 2.4 |
| West Virginia | 3.5 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 4.5 |
| Wisconsin | 5.6 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 2.6 |
| Wyoming | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.1 |

## Standard Errors

Table B.4.10
Percentage of Princi-
pals in Public Schools
With 600 or More Stu-
dents Who Thought
Various Groups Had a
Great Deal of Influence
on Establishing the
School Curriculum,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Alabama | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 1.9 |
| Alaska | - | 6.7 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 4.8 |
| Arizona | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 3.9 |
| Arkansas | 5.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 |
| California | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 3.3 |
| Colorado | 3.2 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| Connecticut | 5.1 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 3.2 |
| Delaware | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 2.9 |
| District of Columbia | - | - | - | - | - |
| Florida | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| Georgia | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| Hawaii | 4.6 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| Idaho | 6.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 3.6 |
| Illinois | 5.5 | 5.6 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 1.9 |
| Indiana | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 1.6 |
| lowa | 8.1 | - | 8.8 | 9.9 | - |
| Kansas | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| Kentucky | 6.5 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 5.4 |
| Louisiana | 3.2 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 1.1 |
| Maine | - | 7.7 | 8.5 | 7.8 | - |
| Maryland | 4.2 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 3.3 |
| Massachusetts | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 2.4 |
| Michigan | 7.0 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 1.3 |
| Minnesota | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 2.8 | 6.2 |
| Mississippi | 4.0 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 2.9 |
| Missouri | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 7.8 | 3.1 |
| Montana | - | - | 8.1 | 6.5 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | - | - | 9.5 | 11.0 | - |
| Nevada | 4.1 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 3.2 |
| New Hampshire | 6.1 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 4.2 |
| New Jersey | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 3.3 |
| New Mexico | 5.8 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| New York | 5.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 4.4 |
| North Carolina | 4.0 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 2.6 |
| North Dakota | - | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 5.4 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 3.6 |
| Oklahoma | 5.1 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 3.2 |
| Oregon | 8.1 | 6.9 | 9.2 | 5.6 | 1.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 5.9 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 4.8 |
| Rhode Island | 6.9 | 5.8 | 8.1 | 7.3 | - |
| South Carolina | 5.9 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 4.2 |
| South Dakota | 5.2 | - | 7.3 | 4.1 | - |
| Tennessee | 3.7 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 3.0 |
| Texas | 3.1 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 3.2 |
| Utah | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1.6 |
| Vermont | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia | 6.5 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 3.5 |
| Washington | 5.2 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 3.4 |
| West Virginia | 4.3 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 3.0 |
| Wisconsin | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 1.9 |
| Wyoming | 6.2 | 7.7 | 5.0 | 2.9 | - |

> Table B.4.11 Percentage of Public Schools Principals Who Thought Various Groups Had a Great Deal of Influence on Hiring Full-Time Teachers, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)



| United States | 0.7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alabama | 3.7 |
| Alaska | 2.3 |
| Arizona | 4.0 |
| Arkansas | 4. |
| California | 3.8 |
| Colorado | 2.7 |
| Connecticut | 3.3 |
| Delaware | 3.7 |
| District of Columbia | 4.6 |
| Florida | 2.5 |
|  | 3.2 |

Georgia 3.2
Hawaii . 1.7
Idaho 3.3
Illinois
Indiana
lowa
Kansas
Kentucky
0.7
3.7
2.3
4.0
4.1
3.8
2.7
3.3
3.7
4.6
.5
2
1.7
2.9
4.1
4.0
3.6

Louisiana
Maine
Maryland
Massachusetts
Michigan
Minnesota
Mississippi
Missouri
Montana
Nebraska
Nevada
New Hampshire $\quad 3.8$
New Jersey
New Mexico
New York
North Carolina
North Dakota
Ohio
Oklahoma
Oregon
Pennsylvania
Rhode Island
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee
Texas
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wisconsin
Wyoming

| 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.0 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| 2.3 | 4.4 | 2.8 |
| 3.5 | 2.6 | 1.0 |
| 3.2 | 4.3 | 1.6 |
| 1.5 | 2.9 | 3.8 |
| 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| 2.9 | 4.4 | 2.0 |
| 4.3 | 3.0 | 2.6 |
| 2.0 | 2.7 | 0.9 |
| 2.3 | 2.7 | 0.5 |
| 1.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| 1.4 | 3.7 | 1.1 |
| 1.9 | 2.4 | 0.8 |
| 3.1 | 3.4 | 1.0 |
| 1.9 | 4.6 | 1.9 |
| 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.0 |
| 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 |
| 1.9 | 1.7 | 0.9 |
| 2.1 | 4.8 | 2.2 |
| 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.5 |
| 2.3 | 3.1 | 1.6 |
| 3.7 | 3.9 | 0.8 |
| 2.4 | 4.5 | 2.0 |
| 1.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 |
| 2.7 | 3.0 | 0.8 |
| 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 3.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| 1.3 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| 2.0 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| 3.9 | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| 1.8 | 4.1 | 2.7 |
| 3.4 | 4.0 | 1.9 |
| 2.6 | 3.1 | 1.1 |
| 3.8 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| 3.7 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| 1.8 | 2.7 | 0.9 |
| 3.5 | 5.4 | 2.5 |
| 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.4 |
| 5.6 | 3.2 | 2.5 |
| 2.2 | 3.3 | 0.7 |
| 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.4 |
| 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| 1.5 | 3.4 | 1.9 |
| 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 |
| 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| 1.7 | 3.9 | 1.1 |
| 2.4 | 3.5 | 1.6 |
| 3.8 | 2.3 | 0.6 |
| 3.3 | 3.8 | 1.6 |
| 2.0 | 6 |  |

Table B.4.12 Percentage of Public Schools Principals Who Thought Various Groups Had a Great Deal of Influence on Setting Discipline Policy, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Principal Questionnaire)


Table B.4.13 Percentage of Public School Teachers Who Thought They Had a Great Deal of Influence on Certain Issues, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)
Curiculum

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Table B.5. 1
Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers, by School Level, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Nätional Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table B.5.2 Percentage of Public Schools with Library/Media Centers, by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| E: | than dents | Between 300 and 600 Students | 600 or More Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.9 | $0: 3$ | 0.3 |
| Alabama | 11.4 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 2.9 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| Arizona | 3.1 | 2.7 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 6.7 | 2.5 | 1.3 |
| Colorado | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Connecticut | 9.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 7.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Georgia | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 4.3 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Indiana | 1.6 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| lowa | 2.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | 5.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 5.3 | 1.6 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 3.9 | 1.5 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 6.5 | 1.8 | $0.0{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Michigan | 15.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 4.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 7.2 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| Missouri | 2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 4.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| New Hampshire | 7.6 | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 4.7 | 4.5 | 3.1 |
| New Mexico | 6.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| New York | 4.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| North Carolina | 3.6 | 1.5 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 3.4 | 4.5 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 0.7 | 2.5 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 2.2 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 7.2 | 4.6 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 7.8 | 3.3 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 2.7 | 1.4 | 0.7 |
| South Dakota | 0.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Tennessee | 9.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 7.7 | 1.9 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 7.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 0.0 | 0.0 | - |
| Virginia | 3.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Washington | 9.4 | 0.2 | 0:0 |
| West Virginia | 6.4 | 4.8 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Wyoming | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |


Table B.5.3
Percentage of Public
Schools with Libraries/
Media Centers,
by Percentage of Free/
Reduced-Price Lunch
Recipients,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate \# less than 0.05\%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

|  | Less than $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ Recipients | Between 20 and $50 \%$ Reciplents | 50\% or More Reciplents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| Alabama | 0.0 | 2.5 | 3.6 |
| Alaska | 2.6 | 5.0 | 4.1 |
| Arizona | 3.7 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Connecticut | 0.9 | 6.0 | 3.3 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 3.0 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 0.0 |
| Florida | 3.1 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Georgia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 6.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 2.8 | 2.5 | 10.4 |
| Illinois | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Indiana | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| lowa | 1.8 | 2.1 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 0.0 | 2.3 | 7.0 |
| Kentucky | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.3 |
| Louisiana | 3.2 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Maine | 4.6 | 4.1 | 2.2 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 2.6 | 8.2 | 3.8 |
| Michigan | 0.5 | 8.5 | 5.6 |
| Minnesota | 3.6 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Mississippi | 7.9 | 3.3 | 2.0 |
| Missouri | 1.9 | 2.5 | 0.9 |
| Montana | 2.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 |
| Nebraska | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Nevada | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| New Hampshire | 2.5 | 8.7 | - |
| New Jersey | 0.5 | 1.5 | 11.8 |
| New Mexico | 11.5 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| New York | 0.4 | 3.3 | 4.8 |
| North Carolina | 2.9 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| North Dakota | 5.7 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Ohio | 2.0 | 0.0 | 6.5 |
| Oklahoma | 0.0 | 0.9 | 2.8 |
| Oregon | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 3.7 | 5.9 | 0.6 |
| Rhode Island | 2.4 | 0.0 | - |
| South Carolina | 3.7 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
| Tennessee | 3.6 | 0.0 | 5.9 |
| Texas | 0.6 | 1.7 | 4.8 |
| Utah | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| Vermont | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 2.1 | 2.0 | 3.5 |
| Washington | 5.6 | \# | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 5.9 | 4.7 | 6.5 |
| Wisconsin | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| Wyoming | 4.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |



Table B.5.4 Percentage of Public School Library/Media Centers Without Fullor Part-time Librarians/ Media Specialists, by School Level, by State: 1993-94
— too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


| United States | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2.3 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| Alaska | 3.6 | 3.8 | - |
| Arizona | 4.2 | 5.6 | 1.9 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 4.5 | 5.7 | 5.2 |
| Colorado | 2.4 | 2.7 | 5.3 |
| Connecticut | 2.7 | 3.4 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 2.0 | 2.3 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| Georgia | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Hawaii | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 3.3 | 5.3 | 2.4 |
| Illinois | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | 3.1 | 4.1 | 0.0 |
| lowa | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| Kansas | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Kentucky | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2.9 |
| Louisiana | 1.7 | 2.4 | 1.1 |
| Maine | 5.3 | 6.7 | 6.9 |
| Maryland | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 3.2 | 4.1 | 0.8 |
| Michigan | 3.2 | 4.5 | 2.3 |
| Minnesota | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.7 |
| Mississippi | 3.1 | 4.5 | 2.6 |
| Missouri | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.2 |
| Montana | 2.5 | 4.1 | 1.7 |
| Nebraska | 4.4 | 6.1 | 1.6 |
| Nevada | 2.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | 5.0 | 6.7 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 |
| New Mexico | 3.3 | 4.3 | 2.3 |
| New York | 2.9 | 3.9 | 0.9 |
| North Carolina | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 3.3 | 5.4 | 3.0 |
| Ohio | 3.8 | 5.1 | 1.2 |
| Oklahoma | 2.6 | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| Oregon | 4.1 | 5.7 | 4.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 2.2 | 3.0 | 1.7 |
| Rhode Island | 2.3 | 2.8 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 1.1 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| South Dakota | 2.4 | 3.9 | 1.1 |
| Tennessee | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| Texas | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Utah | 2.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Vermont | 4.9 | 6.1 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 1.2 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| Washington | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.8 |
| West Virginia | 3.9 | 5.3 | 2.9 |
| Wisconsin | 2.4 | 3.3 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.4 |

Table B.5.5
Percentage of Public
School Libraries/
Media Centers Without
Full- or Part-time
Librarians/Media Spe-
cialists,
by Enrollment Size,
by State: $1993-94$

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table B.5.6
Percentage of Public
School Libraries/
Media Centers Without
Full- or Part-time
Librarians/Media Spe-
cialists,
by Percentage of Free/
Reduced-Price Lunch
Recipients,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

|  | Less than 20\% Reciplents $\qquad$ | Between 20 and 50\% Recipients | 50\% or More Recipients |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Alabama | 0.0 | 2.7 | 4.3 |
| Alaska | 4.9 | 2.7 | 7.3 |
| Arizona | 7.5 | 4.8 | 7.8 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 5.3 | 7.4 | 7.2 |
| Colorado | 2.4 | 5.7 | - |
| Connecticut | 3.9 | - | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 2.9 | - |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 2.5 |
| Florida | 3.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| Georgia | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 5.7 | 5.1 | - |
| Illinois | 3.6 | 5.9 | 5.3 |
| Indiana | 3.2 | 6.4 | - |
| lowa | 3.4 | 1.8 | - |
| Kansas | 0.0 | 1.2 | - |
| Kentucky | 3.2 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| Louisiana | 0.8 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| Maine | 8.0 | 7.5 | - |
| Maryland | 1.9 | 0.0 | - |
| Massachusetts | 3.6 | 6.7 | - |
| Michigan | 4.3 | 6.2 | 8.3 |
| Minnesota | 2.2 | 4.2 | - |
| Mississippi | - | 3.0 | 4.1 |
| Missouri | 2.2 | 3.5 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 5.8 | 4.1 | 7.3 |
| Nebraska | 6.5 | 4.5 | - |
| Nevada | 1.5 | 4.4 | - |
| New Hampshire | 3.7 | 9.4 | - |
| New Jersey | 0.7 | - | - |
| New Mexico | 6.8 | 5.5 | 5.6 |
| New York | 4.4 | 4.8 | 6.4 |
| North Carolina | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 7.0 | 4.8 | - |
| Ohio | 4.8 | 9.5 | - |
| Oklahoma | 2.0 | 2.9 | 4.8 |
| Oregon | 7.6 | 6.3 | - |
| Pennsylvania | 3.2 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| Rhode Island | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 5.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 3.6 | 2.3 | 7.6 |
| Tennessee | 3.5 | 2.5 | 5.7 |
| Texas | 0.6 | 3.0 | 4.0 |
| Utah | 4.5 | 3.5 | 7.3 |
| Vermont | 8.8 | 4.4 | - |
| Virginia | 2.1 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 2.4 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| West Virginia | - | 4.5 | 6.9 |
| Wisconsin | 3.0 | 0.0 | - |
| Wyoming | 6.0 | 4.8 | - |

Table B.5.7
Percentage of Public
Schools with Libraries/
Media Centers that Do
Not Meet AASL and
AECT Recommended
Staffing Levels,
by School Level,
by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)


Table B.5.8 Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by Enrollment Size, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)

| : $\quad$ a | Less than 300 Students | Between 300 and 600 Students | 600 or More Students 2 x 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Alabama | - | 2.1 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 3.3 | 1.9 | - |
| Arizona | - | 5.9 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 7.6 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| California | 11.8 | 6.0 | 4.7 |
| Colorado | 9.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Connecticut | - | 3.8 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | - | - | 2.9 |
| District of Columbia | - | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 10.3 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | - | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | - | - | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 6.2 | 4.1 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 4.8 | 3.8 | 2.7 |
| Indiana | - | 3.8 | 4.7 |
| lowa | 5.8 | 7.1 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 4.2 | 3.9 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | - | 5.5 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | - | 4.8 | 3.5 |
| Maine | 6.6 | 4.8 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | - | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Massachusetts | 7.5 | 4.5 | 5.2 |
| Michigan | - | 5.0 | 4.0 |
| Minnesota | 7.9 | 6.6 | 3.8 |
| Mississippi | - | 2.3 | 0.0 |
| Missouri | 7.3 | 6.7 | 5.3 |
| Montana | 2.9 | 3.4 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 3.1 | - | 0.0 |
| Nevada | - | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| New Hampshire | 7.5 | 5.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 12.7 | 6.9 | 5.2 |
| New Mexico | 6.6 | 4.0 | 0.0 |
| New York | - | 5.8 | 2.2 |
| North Carolina | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 3.0 | 7.1 | - |
| Ohio | - | 5.0 | 6.6 |
| Oklahoma | 4.4 | 4.3 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 8.0 | 5.6 | 4.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 10.1 | 7.6 | 4.1 |
| Rhode Island | 4.5 | 6.7 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 3.7 | 5.6 | - |
| Tennessee | 11.1 | 5.7 | 1.2 |
| Texas | 6.9 | 4.8 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 5.4 | 3.7 | 2.5 |
| Vermont | 6.6 | 4.3 | - |
| Virginia | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 12.3 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
| West Virginia | 5.3 | 6.0 | 0.1 |
| Wisconsin | 9.1 | 4.3 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 4.1 | 4.5 | 0.0 |

Table B.5.9
Percentage of Public Schools with Libraries/ Media Centers that Do Not Meet AASL and AECT Recommended Staffing Levels, by Percentage of Free/ Reduced-Price Lunch Recipients, by State: 1993-94

- too few cases for a reliable estimate

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey. 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)



> Table B.5. 10 Percentage of Public School Teachers and Principals in Schools with Libraries/Media Centers who Report Librarian/Media Specialist Involvement in the Instructional Process, by State: 1993-94

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Library Media Center Questionnaire)



Several of the items presented in this report have specialized definitions that may differ from common usage. The following survey terms are defined as they apply to SASS and to the scope of this report.

## Community Type

Category assigned to public schools based on the population characteristics of the geographic area in which the school is located. For this report, one or more aggregations of the following community types have been used.
Central City A city with a population of 50,000 or more that is a central city of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).

Urban fringe An area within an MSA of a central city and defined as urban by the Bureau of the Census but which does not qualify as a city.

Large town A town not within an MSA, having a population of 25,000 or more.
Small town A town not within an MSA, having a population between 2,500 and 24,999.
Rural Not in any of the above categories.

## Elementary School <br> Secondary School Combined School

## Public School

A public school is defined as an institution that provides educational services for at least one of grades 1-12 (or comparable ungraded levels), has one or more teachers to give instruction, is located in one or more buildings, receives public funds as primary support, and is operated by an education agency. Schools in juvenile detention centers and schools located on military bases and operated by the Department of Defense are included.

A school that has 6th grade or lower, or ungraded and no grade higher than 8th. A school that has 7th grade or higher, or ungraded and no grade lower than 7th.

A school that has no grades higher than 8th and lower than 7th.

## Teacher

A teacher is defined as a full-time or part-time teacher who teaches any regularly scheduled classes in any of grades K-12. This includes administrators, librarians, and other professional or support staff who teach regularly scheduled classes on a
part-time basis. ${ }^{1}$ Itinerant teachers are included, as well as long-term substitutes who are filling the role of a regular teacher on a long-term basis. An itinerant teacher is defined as a teacher who teaches at more than one school (for example, a music teacher who teaches three days per week at one school and two days per week at another). Short-term substitute teachers and student teachers are not included.
Teachers are classified as elementary or secondary on the basis of the grades they the teach rather than the schools in which they teach.
Elementary Teacher An elementary school teacher is one who, when asked for the grades they taught, checked

- only ungraded and is designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; or
- 6th grade or lower, or ungraded an no grade higher the 6 th; or
- 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and reported a primary assignment of prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; or
- 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; or
- 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and reported a primary assignment of special education and is designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; or
- 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of special education and is designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provide by the school.

Secondary Teacher
An secondary school teacher is one who, when asked for the grades they taught, checked

- ungraded and is designated as a secondary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; or
- 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and reported a primary assignment of other than prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; or

1. This represents a change in the definition of teacher from previous administrations of SASS. In 1987-88 and 1990-91, a teacher was defined as any full-time or part-time teacher whose primary assignment was teaching in any of grades K-12. The prior definition excluded administrators and other staff who taught regularly scheduled classes, but whose primary assignment was not teaching.

- 9th grade or higher, or 9th grade or higher and ungraded; or
- 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment other than prekindergarten, kindergarten, general elementary, or special education; or
- 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of special education and is designated as a secondary teacher on the list of teachers provide by the school; or
- 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, or 7th and 8th grades only, and is not categorized above as either elementary or secondary.

Newly Hired Teachers
Newly hired teachers are teachers who were newly hired by the school district for the 1993-94 school year. It includes teachers returning from unpaid leave of absence of one school year or more, but does not include substitute teachers.
First-Time Teachers Are newly hired teachers who taught for the first time in 1993-94.

## Description of Special Populations Used in Tables

Most tables reporting teacher statistics are based on the entire population of public school teachers or on subsets of this population according to the definitions above. However, because of the characteristics of the survey and the statistics to be reported, a few tables had to be built upon more restricted subsets of the teacher population.
Section 2 Table 2.9 is restricted to public school teachers who teach at least one class in grades K through 6 and no other class beyond grade 6 .

Tables 2.10 and 2.11 are restricted to public school teachers in departmentalized instruction who teach at least one class in grades 7 through 12 and no other class below grade 7 .

Section 3 Tables 3.4 through 3.12 are restricted to public school teachers in departmentalized instruction who teach at least one class in grades 7 through 12 and no other class below grade 7. See Tables C. 1 and C. 2 for the teaching assignment and major/minor field of study coding used.

Table 3.13 is restricted to public school teachers who teach at least one class in grades K through 6 and no other class beyond grade 6 .

Section 4 Tables 4.1 is restricted to the classes taught by public school teachers teaching at least one class in grades K through 6 and no other class beyond grade 6 .

Tables 4.2 through 4.4 are restricted to the classes taught by public school teachers in departmentalized instruction who teach at least one class in grades 7 through 12 and no other class below grade 7 .
Table 4.5 is restricted to public school teachers who teach self-contained classes in grades 1 through 3 only.
Table 4.6 is restricted to public school teachers who teach self-contained classes in grades 4 through 6 only.

## Other Terms

Chapter I Services Services from grants for the disadvantaged under Chapter I, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981.

Free-Lunch Recipients The proportion of a school's student population that is receiving the federal free or reduced-price lunch program, sponsored by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service. Free-lunch recipients is a standard measure of poverty level in school populations because almost all public schools participate in the program. However, it must be interpreted with caution. The number of children reported to be recipients may be underestimated, because not all children who are eligible may choose to receive these lunch, especially at the secondary level.
Minority A person is considered a member of a racial/ethnic minority if they are American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian or Pacific Islander, Hispanic (regardless of race), or black (not of Hispanic origin).
United States Refers to data representing the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Table C. 1 Teaching Assignment Coding Used in Tables 3.4-3.12

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)


Special Areas
21 English/Language arts
28 Home economics
16 Journalism $\checkmark$
33 Mathematics
43 Reading
44 Religion
47 Social studies/Soc. science (and history) $\downarrow$
Foreign Languages
51 French $V$
52 German
53 Latin
Russian
55 Spanish
56 Other foreign language $\sqrt{ }$
Science
57 Biology/Life science $\checkmark$
58 Chemistry $\checkmark$
59 Geology/Earth/Space science $\sqrt{ }$
60 Physics $\downarrow$
61 General and all other science $\downarrow$
Vocational-technical education
05 Accounting
06 Agriculture
14 Business, marketing
27 Health occupations
30 Industrial arts
49 Trade and industry
50 Technical
83 Other vocational/technical education
Special education
67 Special education, general $V$
68 Emotionally disturbed
69 Mentally retarded $\checkmark$
70 Speech/Language impaired $\checkmark$
71 Deaf and hard-of-hearing $\sqrt{ }$
72 Visually handicapped $\checkmark$
73 Orthopedically impaired $\checkmark$

74 Mildly handicapped $\checkmark$
75 Severely handicapped
76 Specific learning disabilities
77 Other special education

Table C. 2
Major and Minor Field of Study Coding Used in Tables 3.4-3.13

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Public School Teacher Questionnaire)

Table C. 2 Major and Minor Field of Study Coding Used in Tables 3.4-3.13 (continued)



## Survey Content

The Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS) consists of four main component surveys administered to districts, schools, principals, and teachers. These surveys are the Teacher Demand and Shortage Survey, the School Principal Survey, the School Survey, and the Teacher Survey.

The Teacher Demand and Shortage questionnaire has two sections, enrollment and teaching positions and district policies. The first section, on enrollment and teaching positions, obtains information on the number of students, the number of teachers and librarians, position vacancies, and new hires and certification status. The second section, on district policies, obtains information on teacher salary schedules and benefits, incentives, hiring and retirement policies, and high school graduation requirements. Race-ethnicity data on the student population and the teacher work force are also collected. The corresponding sections for private schools are incorporated into the Private School questionnaire. The data derived from this survey permit an assessment of teacher demand and shortage, the estimation of the number of teachers who hold certification in their field of assignment, and the affect of various policies on teacher supply and demand balances.

The School Principal questionnaire obtains information about the age, sex, raceethnicity, training, experience, salary, benefits, and opinions and attitudes of school principals/headmasters. Questions required both objective responses (e.g., number of years of teaching experience) and judgmental responses (e.g., ranking the seriousness of school problems). The data derived from this survey provide insight into qualifications of school principals, which school problems principals view as serious, and how principals perceive their influence on school policies.

School questionnaires were sent to public and private schools. The private school version of the questionnaire included items for identifying the religious or other affiliation of the school. This survey obtained information about schools such as student characteristics, staffing patterns, student/teacher ratios, types of programs and services offered, length of school day and school year, graduation and college application rates, and teacher turnover rates. These data provide information about the teaching experience of the staff, the sources of newly hired teachers, and the destinations of teachers who left the school the previous year.

Teacher questionnaires were sent to teachers in public and private schools. The two versions of the questionnaire were virtually identical. The survey collected data from teachers regarding their education and training, teaching assignment,


teaching experience, certification, teaching workload, perceptions and attitudes about teaching, job mobility, and workplace conditions. This information permits analyses of how these factors affect movement into and out of the teaching profession.

In addition to these four main components, the 1993-94 SASS featured: (1) similar principal, school, and teacher components specific to federally-funded Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribally -run Indian schools, (2) new components focusing on Library Media Specialists/Librarians and Libraries/Media Centers, and (3) a new student records component. Future reports will feature data from these new components.

Copies of the questionnaires used in the SASS can be obtained by writing to
Schools and Staffing Survey
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Ave., N. W., Room 422
Washington, DC 20208-5651

## Target Populations and Estimates for SASS

## Target Populations The target populations for 1993-94 SASS were:

- Local Education Agencies (LEAs) that employ elementary and/or secondary level teachers (for example: public school districts, state agencies that operate schools for special student populations, such as inmates of juvenile correctional facilities, and cooperative agencies that provide special services to more than one school district).
- Public and private schools with students in any of grades 1-12.
- Principals of those schools.
- Teachers in public and private schools who teach students in grades K-12.

Estimates The SASS was designed to support estimates at both the state and national levels for the public sector, and at the national and association levels for the private sector. The association groups for private schools were determined by the school's association or affiliation group listed on the 1991-92 Private Schools Survey (the frame) and updated with 1992-93 association lists.
Comparisons between public and private schools are only possible at the national and regional levels, because private schools are selected for sampling by association group and not by geographic location, such as state.


The teacher survey was designed to support comparisons between new and experienced teachers. Comparisons between bilingual and nonbilingual teachers are possible at the national level.

## Sample Design and Implementation ${ }^{1}$

Sampling Frames The public school sampling frame was based on the 1991-92 school year Common Core of Data -CCD, which is a file of information collected annually by NCES from all state education agencies and which is believed to be the most complete public school listing available. The frame includes regular public schools, Department of Defense operated military base schools, and special purpose schools such as special education, vocational, and alternative schools. After the deletion of duplicate schools, schools outside of the United States, and schools that only teach prekindergarten, kindergarten, or postsecondary students, there were a total of 82,746 schools on the public school frame.

The private schools sampling frame was the 1991-92 Private School Survey, updated with 1992-93 association lists. ${ }^{2}$ This data collection uses two components to develop estimates of the number of private schools in the United States. A list frame was the primary private school frame, and an area frame was used to identify schools not included on the list frame and thereby compensate for the undercoverage of the list frame.

## Sample Selection Procedures

Schools are the primary sampling unit in SASS. Public schools were selected to be representative at the national and state elementary and secondary levels; private schools were selected to be representative at the national and association levels. More detail is available in Abramson, et al. ${ }^{3}$

Once schools were selected, LEAs associated with these schools were in the sample as well. Hence, the LEA sample consisted of the set of LEAs that were associated with the SASS public school sample. This provided the linkage between the LEA and the school.

1. For a detailed description of the sample design, see Abramson, R., Cole, C., Jackson, B., and Kaufman, S. 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 96-089.
2. Broughman, S., Gerald, E., Bynum, L., and Stoner, K. Private School Universe, 1991-92, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 94-350.
3. Abramson, R., Cole, C., Jackson, B., and Kaufman, S. 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 96-089.


Each selected school was asked to provide a list of their teachers and selected characteristics. Nine percent of the private schools and four percent of the public schools did not provide teacher lists. A factor in the teacher weighting system was used to adjust for these nonparticipant schools.
Sample Sizes Tables D.1, D.2, and D. 3 show the sample sizes and number of interview cases for each questionnaire, by state and private school typology, respectively.
The number in sample is the number of in-scope, or eligible cases. This number excludes the out-of-scope cases, which are drawn for the sample but are not eligible for interview. For example, a school which has closed or a teacher who has left the country would be considered out-of-scope.
The number of interviews is the number of in-scope (eligible) cases minus the noninterview cases. The noninterview cases include refusals or sample questionnaires with too little valid data to be considered complete interviews for the survey. The number of interviews is the actual unweighted number of cases upon which estimates in this report are based. A nonresponse adjustment is included in the weights to reduce the bias due to nonresponse.

## Data Collection Procedures

Data collection operations for the 1993-94 SASS took place during the 1993-94 school year. The list below depicts both the specific data collection activity and the time frame in which it occurred.
Activity ..... Date
Introductory letters mailed to school districts ..... $09 / 93$
Introductory letters and teacher listing sheets mailed to schools ..... 10/93
Census field representatives called school districts to obtain the name of ..... 10/93a contact person to whom the Teacher Demand and Shortage questionnaireshould be addressedLists of teachers provided by schools10-12/93
First mailing of questionnaires to school districts and school principals ..... 12/93
First mailing of questionnaires to schools and to teachers ..... 01-02/94
Second mailing of questionnaires to districts and school principals ..... 01/94
Second mailing of questionnaires to schools and teachers ..... 02-03/94
Telephone follow-up of mail nonrespondents ..... 03-06/94


## Table D. 1 Number of In-Scope Sample Cases and Number of Interviews, Public School Districts and Principals, by State

Note: The number of in-scope cases in sample is the actual sample size achieved, less out-of-scope cases. Out-of-scope cases are drawn for the sample but not eligible for interview. For example, districts may have merged, schools closed, or there may not have been a permanent principal assigned at the time of interview, for example. There are still other reasons for a case to be considered out-of-scope.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage, Public School Principal, Public School Teacher, and Public School Questionnaires)




Note: The number of in-scope cases in sample is the actual sample size achieved, less out-of-scope cases. Out-of-scope cases are drawn for the sample but not eligible for interview. For example, districts may have merged, schools closed, or there may not have been a permanent principal assigned at the time of interview, for example. There are still other reasons for a case to be considered out-of-scope.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage, Public School Principal, Public School Teacher, and Public School Questionnaires)

> Table D. 2 Number of In-Scope Sample Cases and Number of Interviews, Public Schools and Teachers, by State


Ncte: The number of in-scope cases in sample excludes out-of-scope, or ineligible, cases. Reasons for a school, principal, or teacher to be out-of-scope include school closure, and principal or teacher leaving the school.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94
(Private School Principal, Private School Teacher, and Private School Questionnaires)

|  | Privat n Sampl | hool tervie | Private In Samp | ncipal tervie | Privat In samp | acher merviev |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All private schools | 3,074 | 2,585 | 3,143 | 2,722 | 10,386 | 8,372 |
| Catholic | 921 | 818 | 1,023 | 831 | 3,680 | 3,061 |
| Parochial | 465 | 408 | 462 | 427 | 1,776 | 1,474 |
| Diocesan | 290 | 263 | 290 | 244 | 1,192 | 988 |
| Private Order | 166 | 147 | 271 | 160 | 712 | 599 |
| Other Religious | 1,419 | 1,151 | 1,394 | 1.236 | 4,404 | 3.483 |
| Conservative Christian | - 325 | 248 | 322 | 274 | 929 | 667 |
| Affiliated | 708 | 574 | 702 | 631 | 2,239 | 1,790 |
| Unaffiliated | 386 | 329 | 370 | 331 | 1,236 | 1,026 |
| Nonsectarian | 734 | 616 | 726 | 655 | 2,302 | 1,828 |
| Regular program | 366 | 297 | 364 | 321 | 1,279 | 1.036 |
| Special emphasis | 182 | 150 | 176 | 160 | 582 | 436 |
| Special education | 186 | 169 | 186 | 174 | 441 | 356 |

## Survey Response Rates

## Response Rates

The weighted response rates for each component of SASS are detailed in tables D. 4 and D.5. Table D. 4 provides public response rates by state for districts, schools, administrators, and teachers. Table D. 5 lists private response rates by private school typology for administrators, schools, and teachers. The response rate tables are useful as an indication of possible nonresponse bias.

The weighted response rates were derived by dividing the sum of the basic weights for the interview cases by the sum of the basic weights for the eligible cases. The basic weight for each sample case was assigned at the time of sampling and is the inverse of the probability of selection.

Teacher response rates refer to the percentage of teachers responding in schools that provided teacher lists for sampling. Nine percent of private schools and four percent of public schools did not send in teacher lists. The effective response rate is calculated by multiplying together the teacher list rate and the response rate:
Public teachers: $.96 \times .882=.8467 \times 100=84.7 \%$ effective response rate
Private teachers: $.91 \times .801=.7289 \times 100=72.9 \%$ effective response rate

## Item Response Rates

The unweighted item response rates (i.e., the number of sample units responding to an item divided by the number of sample units that participated in the survey) for the SASS and the Library Survey ranged from 50 percent to 100 percent. Tables D. 6 and D. 7 provide a brief summary of the item response rates. The item response rates in these tables are unweighted, and do not reflect additional response loss due to respondents' refusal to participate in the survey.

## Imputation Procedures

For questionnaire items that should have been answered but were not, values were imputed by (1) using data from other items on the questionnaire, (2) extracting data from a related component of the Schools and Staffing Survey (for example, using data from a school record to impute missing values on that school's LEA questionnaire), (3) extracting data from the sample file (information about the sample case from other sources-for example, the Private School Survey or the Common Core of Data, collected in the $1991-92$ school year), and (4) extracting data from a respondent with similar characteristics.

For some incomplete items, the entry from another part of the questionnaire or information from the sample file was directly imputed to complete the item; for
Table D. 4
Final Weighted
Response Rates for
Districts, Public School
Administrators,
Schools, and Teachers,
by State

Note: For the public school teachers these rates do not include the 5 percent of public schools nationally that did not provide teacher lists

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher Demand and Shortage, Public School Principal, Public School Teacher, and Public School Questionnaires)


Table D. 5 Final Weighted
Response Rates for
Private School Admin-
istrators, Schools, and
Teachers,
by Private School Type

| Prinćpals <br> Schools <br> Teachers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All private schools | 87.6\% | 83.2\% | 80.2\% |
| Catholic | 92.4 | 88.8 | 83.2 |
| Parochial | 92.4 | 88.0 | 83.2 |
| Diocesan | 93.3 | 90.9 | 82.7 |
| Private order | 89.4 | 87.9 | 84.2 |
| Other religious | 82.7 | 77.5 | 75.0 |
| Conservative Christian | 82.6 | 76.5 | 70.1 |
| Affiliated | 81.9 | 76.5 | 75.4 |
| Unaffiliated | 83.6 | 79.5 | 80.5 |
| Nonsectarian | 89.7 | 86.1 | 81.6 |
| Regular | 90.6 | 86.4 | 82.7 |
| Special emphasis | 89.0 | 81.4 | 78.0 |
| Special education | 88.5 | 93.2 | 81.1 |

Note: For the private school teachers these rates do not include the 9 percent of private schools nationally that did not provide teacher lists

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Private School Principal، Private School Teacher, and Private School Questionnaires)


Table D. 7

## Items with Response Rates of Less than 75 <br> Percent, by Questionnaire

|  | ltems |
| :---: | :---: |
| LEA Survey | 26c(2) |
| Principal Survey |  |
| Public | 14b( 1,1$), 14 b(2,1), 14 b(4,1), 14 B(5,1), 14 b(7,1), 14 b(8,1)$ |
| Private | $14 b(1,1), 14 b(2,1), 14 b(4,1), 14 B(5,1), 14 b(8,1), 21 a, 21 c, 28 b$ |
| School Survey |  |
| Public | none |
| Private | $31 \mathrm{c}(2), 31 \mathrm{c}(5), 31 \mathrm{c}(6), 31 \mathrm{c}(7), 31 \mathrm{c}(8), 31 \mathrm{c}(9)$ |
| Teacher Survey |  |
| Public | 41c |
| Private | 39, 51c, 55 |

others the entry was used as part of an adjustment factor with other data on the incomplete record. For example, if a respondent did not report whether a school offered remedial reading in item $22 a$ of the public school questionnaire, the response ( $1=$ Yes or $2=N o$ ) for a similar school was imputed to item $22 a$ of the incomplete record. However, if a respondent had answered Yes to item $22 a$ but had not reported the number of students in the program, the ratio of number of students in remedial reading to the total enrollment for a similar school was used with the enrollment at the school for which item $22 a$ was incomplete to impute an entry to item $22 a$ (i.e., SCHOOL A item $22 a=$ SCHOOL A ENROLLMENT multiplied by the ratio of SCHOOL B item $22 a$ to SCHOOL B ENROLLMENT).

Values were imputed to items with missing data for records that had been classified as interviews (ISR=1). Noninterview adjustment factors were used during the data weighting process to compensate for data that were missing because the sample case was a noninterview (ISR=2). For more information about imputation procedures see Abramson, et al. ${ }^{1}$

## Weighting

Weighting of the sample units from the public sector was carried out to produce national and state estimates for public schools, teachers, principals, and LEAs. The private sector was weighted to produce national and association group estimates. ${ }^{2}$

## Standard Errors

Estimates found in the tables of this report are based on samples and are subject to sampling variability. Standard errors were estimated using a bootstrap methodology that incorporates the design features of the stratified, clustered sample. The standard errors provide indications of the accuracy of each estimate. If all possible

1. Abramson, R., Cole, C., Jackson, B., and Kaufman, S. 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 96-089.
2. For a detailed description of the weighting processes, see Abramson, R., Cole, C., Jackson, B., and Kaufman, S. 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, NCES 96-089.
samples of the same size were surveyed under the same conditions, an interval of 1.96 standard errors below to 1.96 standard errors above a particular statistic would include the universe value in approximately 95 percent of the cases. Note, however, that the standard errors do not take into account the effects of biases due to item nonresponse, measurement error, data processing error, or other systematic error. Estimates with large standard errors (coefficient of variation greater than 30 percent) should be interpreted with caution.

## Cautions Concerning Change Estimates

Care must be taken in estimating change over time in a SASS data element, because some of the measured change (e.g., an $8 \%$ increase in the number of students receiving Chapter 1 services) may not be completely attributable to a change in the education system. Some of the change may be due to changes in the sampling frame, to a questionnaire item wording, or other changes as detailed in Abramson, et al. ${ }^{3}$


## SASS Data Availability

## SASS Data Sets

SASS data sets are available in data-tape and CD-ROM formats. The data sets may be purchased from:.
U.S. Department of Education

OERI/EIRD/Data Systems Branch
555 New Jersey Avenue NW, Room, 214
Washington, DC 20208-5651
(202) 219-1522 or 219-1847

1993-94 SASS on CD-ROM
The CD-ROM version of the 1993-94 SASS data can be accessed using SAS or SPSS- PC software or any program that uses ASCII files. The 1993-94 CD is available for purchase from:

Superintendent of Documents
U.S. Government Printing Office
P.O. Box 371954

Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954

## Other SASS Data Products

The following SASS data products may be obtained free of charge while supplies last from:
U.S. Department of Education

National Center for Education Statistics
SASS Data Products
555 New Jersey Avenue, NW, Room. 422
Washington, DC 20208-5651

## SASS Information Booklet

Reports

An overview of the Schools and Staffing Survey is available.

- Schools and Staffing in the United States: Selected Data for Public and Private Schools, 1993-94 (E.D. Tab, NCES 95-191)
- Schools and Staffing in the United States: A Statistical Profile, 1987-88 (NCES 92-120)
- Schools and Staffing in the United States: A Statistical Profile, 1990-91 (NCES 93-146)
- Schools and Staffing in the United States: Selected Data for Public and Private Schools, 1990-91 (E.D. Tab, NCES 93-453)
- America's Teachers: Profile of a Profession (NCES 93-025)
- Schools and Staffing Survey by State (NCES 94-343)
- Private School Universe Survey, 1989-90 (NCES 93-122)
- Private School Universe Survey, 1991-92 (NCES 94-350)
- Private School Universe Survey, 1993-94 (NCES 96-143)
- Selected Tables on Teacher Supply and Demand (E.D. Tab, NCES 93-141)
- Characteristics of Stayers, Movers, and Leavers: Results from the Teacher Fol-low-up Survey, 1988-89 (E.D. Tab, NCES 91-128)
- Characteristics of Stayers, Movers, and Leavers: Results from the Teacher Fol-low-up Survey, 1991-92 (E.D. Tab, NCES 94-337)
- Qualifications of the Public School Teacher Workforce: 1988 and 1991 (NCES 94-665)
- Private Schools in the United States: A Statistical Profile, 1990-91 SASS (NCES 95-330)
- Characteristics of American Indian and Alaska Native Education, Results from the 1990-91 SASS (NCES 95-735)
- Teacher Supply in the U.S.: Sources of Newly Hired Teachers in Public and Private Schools, 1988-1991 (NCES 95-348)
- Teacher Supply, Teacher Qualifications, and Teacher Turnover, Aspects of Teacher Supply and Demand in the U.S., 1990-91 (NCES 95-744)
- The Patterns of Teacher Compensation (NCES 95-829)
- Schools and Staffing in the United States: A Statistical Profile: 1993-94 (NCES 96-124)


## Forthcoming Reports

- Teacher Qualifications and Equity
- Characteristics of American Indian and Alaska Native Education, Results from the 1993-94 SASS
- America's Teachers: Profile of a Profession, 1993-94
- The State of Teaching as a Profession, 1990-91
- The Effects of Professionalization on Teachers: A Multi-Level Analysis, 1990-91
- Core Academic Subjects: A Closer Look at Elementary Schools
- Job Satisfaction Among America's Teachers: Effects of Workplace, Conditions, Background Screening Methods, Teacher Compensation, 1993-94
- A Profile of Administration Policies and Practices for Limited English Proficiency Students: Screening Methods, Teacher Training, and Program Support, 1993-94
- Comparing Key Organizational Qualities of American Public and Private Secondary Schools
- Private Schools in the U.S.: A Statistical Profile, 1993-94
- Sources of Newly Hired Teachers in Public and Private Schools, 1988-94
- A Profile of Administration Policies and Practices for Limited English Proficiency Students: Screening Methods, Teacher Training, and Program Support, 1993-94
- Characteristics of Students' Programs: Results from Their Student Records, 1994-94
- Characteristics of Stayers, Movers, and Leavers: Results from the Teacher Fol-low-up Survey, 1994-95
- Characteristics of Public School Districts, 1993-94
- School Principals in the U.S, 1993-94

Issue Briefs - Teacher Attrition and Migration (Issue Brief, NCES 92-148)

- What are the Most Serious Problems in Schools? (Issue Brief, NCES 93-149)
- Teacher Salaries-Are They Competitive? (Issue Brief, NCES 93-450)
- Teaching and Administrative Work Experience of Public School Principals (Issue Brief, NCES 93-452)
- Public and Private School Principals: Are There Too Few Women? (Issue Brief, NCES 94-192)
- Sources of Newly Hired Teachers in Public and Private Schools, 1988-91 (Issue Brief, NCES 94-481)
- How Much Time Do Public and Private School Teachers Spend in Their Work? (Issue Brief, NCES 95-709)
- Private School Graduation Requirements (Issue Brief, NCES 95-145)
- Migration and Attrition of Public and Private Schools Teachers: 1990-92 (Issue Brief, NCES 95-770)
- Which Types of Schools Have the Highest Teacher Turnover? (Issue Brief, NCES 95-778)
- Libraries/Media Centers in Schools: Are There Sufficient Resources? (Issue Brief, NCES 95-779)
- Who Influences Decisionmaking About School Curriculum: What Do Principals Say? (Issue Brief, NCES 95-780)
- Where Do Minority Principals Work? (NCES 96-840)
- Are High School Teachers Teaching Core Subjects Withour College Majors or Minors in Those Subjects? (NCES 96-839)
- How Safe Are the Public Schools: What Do Teachers Say? (NCES 96-842)
- Which Criteria Are Used in Considering Teacher Applicants? (NCES 96844)
- Which Academic Programs Are Offered Most Frequently in Schools Serving American Indian and Alaska Native Students? (NCES 96-841)
- Extended Day Programs in Elementary and Combined Schools (NCES 96. 843)

Video
Methods

Forthcoming Methods

- America's Teachers: Profile of a Profession
- A Quality Profile For SASS: Aspects of the Quality of Data in the Schools and Staffing Surveys (Methodological Report, NCES 94-340)
- 1987-88 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation (Technical Report, NCES 91-127)
- 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation (Technical Report, NCES 93-449)
- Modeling Teacher Supply and Demand, with Commentary (Research and Development Report, NCES 93-461)
- Design Effects and Generalized Variance Functions for the Schools and Staffing Surveys (SASS) Volume I-Technical Report \& Volume II—User's Manual (NCES 95-340)
- 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation (Technical Report, NCES 96-089)
- Characteristics of Nonrespondents, Schools and Staffing Survey 1990-91


## Additional Resources



## Forthcoming CD-ROMs

Questionnaires

- Schools and Staffing Survey Compendium: 1987-88, 1990-91, 1993-94 and TFS 1988-89, 1991-92, 1994-95 (1997)
- SASS and TFS Questionnaires 1987-88
- SASS and TFS Questionnaires 1990-91
- SASS and PSS Questionnaires 1993-1994 (NCES 94-674)

User's Manuals

Forthcoming User's Manuals

- 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Data File User's Manual Volume I: Survey Documentation (NCES 94-144-I)
- 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Data File User's Manual Volume II: Restricted-Use Codebook (NCES 93-144-II)
- 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Data File User's Manual Volume III: Public-Use Codebook (NCES 93-144-III)
- 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Data File User's Manual Volume IV: Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Restricted-Use Codebooks: Administrator, Schools, and Teacher (NCES 93-144-IV)
- 1988-89 Teacher Follow-up Survey Data File User's Manual-Public-Use Version (NCES 92-058)
- 1991-92 Teacher Follow-up Survey Data File User's Manual-Restricted-Use Version (NCES 94-478)
- 1991-92 Teacher Follow-up Survey Data File User's Manual-Public-Use Version (NCES 94-331)
- 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey, Data File User's Manual Volume I; Survey Documentation
- 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey, Data File User's Manual Volume II: Restricted-Use Codebook
- 1993-94 Schools and Schools and Staffing Survey, Data File User's Manual Volume III: Public-Use Codebook
- 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey, Data File User's Manual Volume IV: Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Restricted-Use Codebooks: Administrator, Schools, and Teachers
- 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey, Data File User's Manual Volume V: Restricted-Use Codebook Students' Records


## Conference Papers - Heaven or Hell? The Teaching Environment of Beginning Teachers

- Using Opportunity to Learn Items in Elementary and Secondary National Surveys
- Characteristics of Public and Private School Teachers
- Characteristics of Mathematics and Science Teachers
- Teacher Training, Certification and Assignment
- Teacher Turnover: Patterns of Entry To and Exit from Teaching
- Moonlighting among Public and Private School Teachers
- Characteristics of Bilingual Education and English as a Second Language Teachers
- Highlights of Minority Data from the Schools and Staffing Survey
- Teacher Incentive Research with SASS
- Teacher Salaries: Comparing States After Adjusting for Teacher Experience and Education
- What are the Characteristics of Principals Identified as Effective by Teachers?
- School at Risk: Results of the 1987-88 Schools and Staffing Survey
- Destinations of Movers and Leavers: Where Do They Go?
- Teacher Salaries: Comparing States After Adjusting for Teacher Experience and Education
- Classroom Environment and Support of Beginning Teachers: A Test of the "Crucible versus Cradle" Theory of Teacher Induction
- Why Do Teachers Leave Teaching? Reasons for Teacher Attrition from the Teacher Follow-up Survey

NCES Working Papers
WP 94-01 Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS). Papers Presented at the Meetings of the American Statistical Association
WP 94-02 Generalized Variance Estimates for School and Staffing Survey (SASS)

## Additional Resources

## WP 94-03 1991 Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS) Reinterview Response Variance Report

WP 94-04 The Accuracy of Teachers' Self-report on Their Postsecondary Education: Teacher Transcript Study, Schools and Staffing Survey
WP 94-06 Six Papers on Teachers from the 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey and Other Related Surveys
WP 95-01 Schools and Staffing Survey: 1994, Papers Presented at the 1994 Meeting of the American Statistical Association (95-01)
WP 95-02 OED Estimates of the 1990-91 Schools and Staffing Survey: Deriving and Comparing QED School Estimates with CCD Estimates
WP 95-03 Schools and Staffing Survey: 1990-91 SASS Cross-Questionnaire Analysis
WP 95-08 CCD Adjustment to the 1990-91 SASS: A Comparison of Estimates WP 95-09The Results of the 1993 Teacher List Validation Study (TLVS)
WP 95-10 The Results of the 1991-92 Teacher Follow-up Survey (TFS) Reinterview and Extensive
WP 95-11 Measuring Instruction, Curriculum Content, and Instruction Resources: The Status of Recent Work
WP 95-15 Classroom Instruction Processes: A Review of Existing Measurement Approaches and Their Applicability for the Teacher Follow-up Survey
WP 95-16 Intersurvey Consistency in NCES Private School Surveys
WP 95-17 Estimates of Expenditures for Private K-12 Schools
WP 95-18 An Agenda for Research on Teacher and Schools: Revisiting NCES "Schools and Staffing Survey"
WP 96-01 Methodological Issues in the Study of Teachers' Careers: Critical Features of a Truly Longitudinal Study
WP 96-02 Selected papers presented at the meeting of the 1995 American Statistical Association
WP 96-05 Cognitive Research on the Teacher Listing Form for the Schools and Staffing Survey
WP 96-06 The Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS) for 1998-99; Design Recommendations to Inform Broad Education Policy

WP 96-07 Should SASS Measure Instructional Processes and Teacher Effectiveness?
WP 96-09 Making Data Relevant for Policy Discussions: Redesigning the School Administrator Questionnaire for the 1998-99 SASS
WP 96-10 1998-99 Schools and Staffing Survey: Issues Related to Survey Depth
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WP 96-12 Predictors of Retention, Transfer, and Attrition of Special and General Education Teachers: Data from the 1989 Teacher Follow-up Survey
WP 96-15 Nested Structures: District Level Data in SASS
WP 96-16 Strategies for Collecting Finance Data from Private Schools

## Forthcoming Working Papers

- Optimizing the Periodicity of the Schools and Staffing Survey
- Improving Generalized Least Squares Estimation in the National Center for Education Statistics Survey
- National Assessments of Teacher Quality


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